INSURANCE.

Every country had to face difficulties in the beginning.

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE.

But patriotism of the people has vanished such competition.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH MEHTA IN 1913.

VOL XVI NO 42— BOMBAY SATURDAY FEBRUARY 18 1928 ONE ANNA

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

WELLINGTON CINEMA DHOBI TALAO. **TO-NIGHT—THIS WEEK!**

THE WORLD'S GREATEST EMOTION ACTRESS AS A REAL LOVABLE WOMAN.

"LILY OF THE DUST"

A mighty, magnificent Paramount Picture featuring

POLA NEGRI

As a Puppet of Fate in a Dynamic story of a young girl's struggle against the world

A RAPID—FIRE DRAMA OF LIFE—OF LOVE, HATE AND REVENGE.

TO-NIGHT : 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

SHIPPING

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

O.S.K. LINE

REGULAR SERVICE TO JAPAN via SINGAPORE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer	Arrival	Departure.
Taizan Maru ..	14th Feb.	21st Feb.
Sumatra Maru ..	14th ,,	24th ,,
Ichiyo Maru ..	9th ,,	29th ,,
Tsurushima M ..	17th ,,	4th Mar.
Honolulu Maru ..	24th ,,	8th ,,
Shingo Maru ..	27th ,,	12th ,,
Indo Maru ..	1st March	15th ,,
Shinnoh Maru ..	13th ,,	25th ,,
Celebes Maru ..	26th ,,	10th Apr.

For Particulars apply to:—
CH. MURASE, Manager.
Phone Nos. 22150 and 25473.
Telegrams: "SHOSEN."
Box No. 355.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to: Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO. Agents.
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

COTTON TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATION SERVICE.

(Established under the guidance of Sheth Virjlal Ranchhordas.)

NEW YORK FUTURES.

NEW YORK FUTURES and LIVERPOOL quotations from the opening market to closing with time to time fluctuations and our Agent's opinion (Dharna) and other informations, are being daily received at this Bureau and furnished to the clientele at the earliest by express telegrams to any part of India.

NEW YORK CLOSING FUTURES CAN BE WIRED AFTER 2-15 A.M., after mid-night on RECEIPT OF OUR SPECIAL CABLE.

We can also furnish promptly all important information about local cotton market as per our clients instructions or commission.

We can execute forward transactions and sell ready cotton in Bombay Market.

For commission rates, deposit terms, and other particulars, please write to:—
THE MANAGER,
Cot. Tel. Inf. Service.
Opp. Central Telegraph Office,
375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.
Tel. Add.: "COMEALONG."
Tel. Nos: 22044-24241.

When You Spend so much for Your Clothes why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailor
ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.,
MERCHANT TAILORS,
PRINCESS STREET BOMBAY

BANKING

Punjab National Bank, Limited.

ESTABLISHED 1895.

Authorised Capital	Rs. 1,00,00,000
Issued Capital	Rs. 50,00,000
Subscribed Capital	Rs. 50,00,000
Paid Up Capital	Rs. 31,07,401
Reserve Funds	Rs. 23,00,000

LOCAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE.
1. Raja Govind Lal (Chairman).
2. Hon'ble Sir Manmohandass Ramji.
3. Lala Kishen Prasad.

HEAD OFFICE: 47, THE MALL, LAHORE.

BRANCHES:

Abohar	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montegomery Montgomery)
Allahabad	Jullunder	Okara (dist.)
Amritsar	Jaranwalla	Peshawar Can
Ambalia City	Jamma	Peshawar City
Ambalia Cant	Jhelum City	Patiala
Bombay	Jhaag	Quetta
Cawnpore	(Maghiana)	Rawalpindi
Culcutta	Karachi	Sangla Hill
Delhi	Kasur	Sargodha
D. I. Khan	Lahore City	Sialkot City
Ferozepore	Lyallapur	Simla
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Gojra	Meerut City	
Hafizabad	Multan City	
Hoshiarpur		

LONDON AGENTS:
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD.
AMERICAN AGENTS:
AMERICAN EXCHANGE IRVING TRUST COMPANY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent. from January to June and 2-1|2 per cent. from July. to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS:—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4 per cent per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.

CHEQUES, HUNDIES, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.

For other particulars and rules of business apply to:—
S. DATTA,
Manager.
Sassoon House,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

SAVE EYES

of all troubles, even **Cataract, Glaucoma,** Granular lids, etc., cured **Without Knife,** by our nature's remedy **Cocoanut Brand "LOTUS HONEY"**—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. **Dram Rs.** 2-3, 2 drams **Rs. 4. Postage extra. Ask** particulars.

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.
Tel.—Ulcer, Kandi.
Agents:—KEMP & CO., Charni Road, Bombay.
J. TIRTH & CO., Bunder Road, Karachi.

BANKING

SHILOTRI BANK, LTD.

Shilotri Bank Buildings, Tamarind Lane .. .. .. FORT, BOMBAY.
Branches :—GIRGAUM, JAVERY BAZAR & POONA CITY
Assets exceed Rs 50,00,000/-

SAVINGS BANK 5 per cent p. a.
ON MONTHLY MINIMUM BALANCE:

INVESTMENTS mainly in or against Gold & Government of India Securities.
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA SECURITIES Bought and Sold promptly
ADVANCES GRANTED against Gold & Government of India Securities
TEN TOLA GOLD CHIPS of superior touch and correct weight ready for sale

DR. PRABHAKAR B. SHILOTRI, M. A., PH. D.
Managing Director.

Yokohama Specie Bank, Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital	Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	,, 100,000,000
Reserved Fund	,, 96,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Seattle
Batavia	Kobe	San Francisco
Bombay	London	Samarang
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Shanghai
Calcutta	Lyons	Singapore
Canton	Manila	Shimonosaki
Changchun	Nagasaki	Sourabaya
Darien	Newchwang	Sydney
Fengtien	New York	Tientsin
Hamburg	Nagoya	Tokyo
Hankow	Osaka	Tsinan
Harbin	Peking	Tsingtan
Hongkong	Rangoon	Vladivostock
Honolulu	Rio de Janeiro	
Kai Yuan	Saigon	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
WASHIO.
Manager.

Bank of India, Ld.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
BRANCHES: Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL SUSCRIBED	As. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVED FUND	Rs. 82,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

Imperial Bank of India

BOMBAY LOCAL HEAD OFFICE,
APOLLO STREET,
BRANCHES
Byculla—Opposite Parsi Statue.
Mandvi—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road—Junction of Sandhurst & Charni Roads.
SAVINGS BANK.
DEPOSITS. Sums not exceeding Rs. 5,000 in the aggregate may be deposited in any one year from 1st January to 31st December. Accounts may be opened in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable one or more of them. or to the survivor or survivors.
WITHDRAWALS may be made at any time. but not oftener than once in a week. Deposits and withdrawals may be made by post by depositors not residing in the town where the account is kept. Accounts may be transferred to any other Office of the Bank free of charge.
SPECIAL DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
When the balance of an account reaches Rs. 10,000, the depositor may transfer the whole or any portion in multiples of Rs. 2,000 to a Special Savings Banks Deposit Account, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal.
INTEREST is allowed at the rate of three per cent per annum on the minimum monthly balances not exceeding Rs. 10,000 of ordinary Savings Bank accounts and at the rate of three and a half per cent. per annum on the daily balances of the Special Savings Bank Deposit Accounts
Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

INSURANCE

ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
ESTABLISHED 1874.

1926 Another Year of Record Progress

NEW ASSURANCES.	1924 Rs. 2,37,34,000	
	1925 Rs. 2,96,42,000	Increase Rs. 59,08,000
	1926 Rs. 3,91,39,000	Increase Rs. 94,97,000

THE FUNDS increased by Rs. 42 LAKHS to Rs. 7,33,80,000.
THE PREMIUM INCOME now exceeds Rs. 1,05,30,000 per annum.

Prospective Policyholders are urged to communicate without delay with:—
Mr. H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A., Manager, Oriental Buildings, Bombay or to any of the Company's Offices.

? Do you wish to save yourself from the loss likely to be incurred on account of Riot?
Do you wish to save your Property and Land?
THEN
INSURE it with "BIRLA"

Insurances for ESTATE, SHOP, GODOWN, MONEY, ORNAMENTS, CLOTHES, LAND, MOTOR, etc. are accepted at very CHEAP RATIO.
Not only in Calcutta, but throughout India.
BIRLA BROTHERS LTD.,
Agents for various big Insurance Companies,
137, Canning Street, CALCUTTA. Phone No. 56

INSURANCE

THE
EAST & WEST
INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.
Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.
Purely Indian Concern-Offers everything best in Life Insurance.
Several New attractive plans
Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions.
For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the :—
SECRETARIES, Bombay

HINDUSTHAN
Co-operative Insurance Society, Ltd.
Head Office :—CALCUTTA.
(A PURELY INDIAN LIFE OFFICE.)

ASSETS Exceed Rs. 85,00,000	LAST BONUS (1922)
NEW BUSINESS (1925-27) Over Rs. 72,00,000.	Rs. 75 per thousand for five years. NEXT BONUS (1927) is expected to be very substantial.

Liberal Conditions as to Automatic Extension of Assurance, Loan and Surrender Values, Revival of Lapsed Policies, etc.
Premium Rates (with profit) are sufficiently low and without Profit Rates are, perhaps, the lowest.
Insure with "HINDUSTHAN" and have the satisfaction of making provision for self and family.
Applications for Agencies are invited.
For particulars please write to :—
N. DATTA,
Manager,
Bombay Branch.
Commissariat Building, Hornby Road, Fort. BOMBAY.

CLASSIFIELD ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of
Rupee ONE
for First Twenty Words
AND
ONE ANNA
For each additional word.

Terms:—CASH with order.
INSTRUCTIONS:

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No.——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED.—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS for the sale of "Bombay Chronicle", Daily and Sunday Editions. Apply for the Revised Terms of Agency to the MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle", "Hari" Building, Old Custom House Road, Fort, Bombay.

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET

TO LET—FIRST FLOOR, opposite Excelsior Theatre and third Floor, facing Hornby Road and 2 rooms on ground floor MAHOMED BUILDING, Hornby Road,, Fort. HAJI MAHOMED ABBA & Co., Jakaria Musjid, Bombay.
C 720

QUETTA PICTURE PALACE TO LET—Offers invited to lease out the above now known as the OPERA HOUSE of Quetta available from 15th May, 1928. Theatre centrally situated midway cantonment and civil limits. Well furnished suitable both for Cinema and Theatrical performances. For further particulars apply to the owner. KHAN BAHADUR ABDUL SATTAR, QUETTA.
C R688

PROFESSION

FOR ALL PROBLEMS.—regarding Fortune, consult Prof. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune Teller & Evil Counteracter, Empire Building, Hornby Road, Bombay. Trial Form free on application.

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS.

11 lb. FRESH THIN SKIN WALNUTS, choicest dessert apples, pears, hazelnuts Rs. 5-8 each., 11 lb. Fresh thin skin almonds, stoneless sweet apricots, currants, raisins, Sultana figs apple rings Rs. 13 each Prices Postage included. DAR BROS. Srinagar, Kashmir.
F B2930

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle" Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
"Bombay Chronicle,"
Old Custom House Road, Bombay.

WANTED

WANTED—Secondhand DYEING JIGS and a HYDROEXTRACTOR. Send full particulars including lowest prices expected to Box No. 2100, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
N 29942

EDUCATIONAL.

LEARN HUNDREDS A MONTH by learning the best and highest class tailoring under the ablest cutter in India, who assures you LIVE SCIENTIFIC instructions to make you a master cutter in a few months. RAO'S COLLEGE OF SCIENTIFIC TAILORS' CUTTING, Bazar Road, Santa Cruz, Bombay
M R 724

INDIAN ART.—Special Art Classes open to public under guidance of a well-known artist from Bengal School of Painting. Time twice a week from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. Fees Rs. 10 monthly. Apply ART MASTER, personally with specimens of original work. PRINCIPAL, Fellowship School, Chowpatty.
M R722

FOR SALE.

KAKOMI DURRIES.

Infinitely superior to the Bazaar made article. Will last for years. In shades to suit your furnishing scheme. From Rs. 2|3|- per square yard. Particulars on request.

KAKOMI SERVANTS CLOTHING.

Make your Servants Clothing of Kakomi Drill, or let us make them for you. You get better service from Kakomi Materials. Coloured Drills from As. 10|- per yard. Ready made clothing. Achkans from Rs. 4|2|- each. Pyjamas from Rs. 1|12|- per pair, made from White Drill.

KAKOMI BED LINEN.

Our bed linen is noted for its remarkable wearing qualities. We specialize in Sheets, Pillow Cases, Counterpanes, and Mattress Cloths and shall be pleased to send samples and prices on request.

KAKOMI TABLE LINEN.

Can be depended on for many years reliable service. Table Cloths in four patterns. Size from 2 yards by 2 yards. Prices from Rs. 3|6|- Serviettes to match. Size 24" x 24" Rs. 4|8|- per doz. The best value in India. Send for samples.

KAKOMI STRIPED SHIRTINGS.

Will give every satisfaction in wash and wear. In mauve blue and black stripes. 31" wide As. 9|6 per yard. Patterns on request.

KAKOMI PYJAMAS.

For service and comfort. White Twill Rs. 4|12|- per Suit, Rs. 28|- per half dozen. Striped Twill Rs. 5|12|- per Suit; Rs. 34|- per half dozen. Send for prices and samples of the full range of materials.

KAKOMI KHAKI SHORTS.

Extraordinary value. Made to measure with side pockets and belt loops (brace buttons if required). Waist up to 36" — from Rs. 3|6|- per pair.

For full particulars and prices of all Kakomi Manufactures write to:—
THE CAWNPORE COTTON MILLS CO.,
CAWNPORE.
K. 1.

FOR SALE—'LIONS FAT, absolutely guaranteed PURE and FRESH, Price Rupees Twenty two per pound delivered immediately Thomas Cook, Bombay. Apply ABDUL WAHID, Dealer in Wild Animals, Nairobi, Kenya Colony.
N 29946

BOOKS AND STAMPS.

"TEMPESTUOUS PETTICOATS"—Their sayings and doings—Are vividly described in Pope's "RAPE OF THE LOCK". which has been acclaimed to be "the most brilliant mock-heroic poem in the world." If you desire to enjoy Popes's master-piece by being transported in imagination to the social background against which the fops and flirts displayed their craze for elegant trifles, send for the exhaustive edition of the poem by Professor Keshavlal L. Oza, Bahauddin College Junagad. who will supply it for Rs 3/7/0—by no means a high price for a daintily bound volume of 440 pages, which has been praised by Professors of English in the Oxford, Harvard. Yale. and Columbia Universities.
L 29767

PUBLIC NOTICES.

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertion	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

MATUNGA, BOMBAY.

A SPECIAL COURSE OF LECTURES FOR PLUMBERS.

THE BOARD of this Institute contemplate starting a Special Course of Lectures to candidates desirous of appearing for the City and Guilds of London Institute Examination in Plumbing held in April-May annually.

There will be fifty lectures, delivered at the Institute on MONDAY evenings from 4-15 to 5-30 p.m. The fee for the Course is Rs. 50.

This Course of Lectures is OPEN TO ALL CANDIDATES.

Apply to the PRINCIPAL and SECRETARY, V. J. Technical Institute, Matunga Bombay.
29959

NOTICE

THE NAWANAGAR STATE has decided to hold an AGRICULTURAL and INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION and CATTLE SHOW in Jamnagar on the 9th, 10th, and 11th March, 1928.

Those intending to send their exhibits are requested to communicate with the undersigned before the end of this month so that blocks may be reserved for them. Articles of Indian manufacture will be given preference.

G. B. DESAI,
Revenue Secretary,
Nawanagar State.
Jamnagar, 15th February, 1928.
29960

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of one HORTICULTURAL ASSISTANT pay upto Rs. 500 P.M.

The salary will be according to qualifications and previous practical experience on field scale. Applications must be accompanied by testimonials in original (which will be returned), stating qualifications, previous experience and must reach the undersigned before 15th March, 1928.

The selected candidate will be on probation for one year in the first instance.

ABDUL MAJID KHAN,
Directol General of
Agriculture and Co-operation,
Jammu and Kashmir Government,
Jammu.
29963

TENDERS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

STORES DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of 8,000 Gallons of Oil KEROSINE 125 deg., superior quality, flash, in bulk, for delivery during the year 1928-29.

Tenders shall be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on 27th February, 1928. All tenders must be enclosed in a sealed envelope, which must be endorsed Tenders for "Oil Kerosine 125 deg., superior quality."

The names of all the partners of the contracting firm must be specified in the tender.

Forms of contract, specification, etc., will be issued by the undersigned on payment of Rs. 1-4-0 in cash.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
D. E. MAVJI,
Storekeeper.
566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay, No. 11.
29961

LEGAL NOTICES.

PROCLAMATION-

PROCLAMATION.—BOMBAY TO WIT.—By virtue of a Precept to me directed, I hereby proclaim and give notice, that the SECOND SESSIONS of 1928 of Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden before the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, at the Court House, on MONDAY, the 12th day of March, 1928, at 11 O'clock in the forenoon, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders and other Felonies, Perjury, Trespasses and other Crimes, Misdemeanors and Offences had, done, or committed within the Town and Island of Bombay,, and the Limits thereof, and the Factories subordinate thereto; and also to inquire, hear and determine, in the like manner, all Treasons, Murders, Felonies, Forgeries, Perjuries, Crimes, Extortions, Misdemeanors, Offences, Wrongs and Oppressions, had, done or committed by any of His Majesty's British Subjects in any of the Territories which now are subject to or dependent upon the Government of Bombay, or within any of the Dominions of the Native Princes of India in alliance with the said Government.

And also, that at the same time and place will be holden a Session of Admiralty, for the trial of all Treasons, Murders, Piracies, Robberies, Felonies, Misdemeanors, Offences and other Maritime Crimes whatsoever, done or committed on the High Seas and all murders, crimes or offences had, done or committed by any of our native Indian subjects within the dominions and territories of the Shah of Persia to which the provisions of the Persian Order in Council, 1889, are applicable.

And I hereby give notice to all persons bound to prosecute and give evidence at the above Sessions, or in any way concerned therein, that they are to attend at the time and place abovementioned, and not to depart without leave of the Court.

And I hereby give notice to all Justices of the Peace, Coroners, Escheators and also all Chief Constables and Bailiffs of the Town and Island of Bombay and the limits thereof, that they be then and there in their own persons, with their Rolls, Records, Indictments and other Remembrances to do those things which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done.

Dated this 14th day of February, 1928.
N. V. MANDLIK,
Sheriff of Bombay.
29950

IN THE COURT OF THE KADI DISTRICT JUDGE, MEHSANA.

IN THE MATTER OF THE BARODA STATE COMPANY ACT OF SAMVAT YEAR 1975, AND THE KALOL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, KALOL, IN LIQUIDATION.

THE CREDITORS of the above-named Company are required on or before the twenty-sixth day of March, 1928, to send their names and addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims and the names and addresses of their Vakils (if any), to the undersigned, the Official Liquidators of the said Company; and if so required by notice in writing from the Official Liquidators, to come in and prove their said debts or claims at such time as shall be specified in such notice; or in default thereof, they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

The first day of May, 1928, at 7 o'clock in the morning at the said District Court, Mehsana, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the debts and claims.

Dated this seventh day of February, 1928.

BHAGWANDAS KASHIDAS,
NATVERLAL C. PARIKH,
PASHABHAI B. PATEL,
Official Liquidators.
The Kalol Cotton Mills Co., Ltd.,
In Liquidation.
Mehsana.
29962

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

NEW AGENCY

AT MIRAJ

PRICE ONE ANNA.

Copies can be had from:—
S. A. KULKARNI,
News Agent,
MIRAJ.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO,

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY AT GIRGAUM ROAD.

Under instructions of Mr. Lalubhai Narsilal, Rangildas Gopaldas Tolat and Narottamdas Chabildas, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Mr. Moreshwar Narayen Kirtikar and his son Narayenrao Moreshwar Kirtikar the mortgagors in exercise of the power of sale reserved to the said Mortgagees under an indenture of mortgage dated the 21st day of February, 1922, Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 18th inst. sell by Public Auction at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the following property:—

All that piece of land together with the tenement or dwelling houses standing thereon situate at Girgaum or Breach Candy Road and at Dady Seth Agiary Street, admeasuring about 287 square yards bearing Collector's Old No. 40, New No. 244, Old Survey No. 391, New Survey No. 248, Cadastral Survey No. 1959, Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 4204 and 4206 Street Nos. 369, 371, 1 and bounded on the North by the property of the late Moroba Sadashiv, on the South partly by the Dady Sheth Agiary Lane and partly by the property of late Vithoba Vasudeoji, on East by the property of Nagindas Vizbhukhandas and on the West by the said Girgaum or Breach Candy Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Malvi Mody Ranchoddas and Co., Mortgagees' Attorneys, or to the undersigned.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 18th inst. at 3-30 p.m. (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

By order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, Bombay:—

A lot of unclaimed articles such as wearing apparels, copper utensils, brass scraps, etc., etc.

AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.).

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred vis-a vis.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred Brougham.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred office Shigram.
1 Bay Arab horse in harness.
1 Waler horse in harness.

By order of the Assessor and Collector, Municipal Taxes:
1 two-wheeled cart.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE FURNITURE, PIANO, PHONOGRAPH, CHESTERFIELDS, ALMYRAHS, CABINETS, GLASS, CROCKERY AND PLATEDWARE, ETC., ETC.,

On SUNDAY, the 19th day of February, 1928, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Mission" House, 53, Proctor Road, via Girgaum Back Road, or from the side of Grant Road Bridge, near the Mission Church valuable household furniture, dining table and chairs, sideboards, drawing room suites, Chesterfields, cabinets, ornaments, bedsteads, almyrahs, dressing chest of drawers, dressing and wash-hand table, one cottage piano by Joseph Hollis and Son Ltd., London, sweet tone Gramophone, ice box, one "Wolsely" motor car, six cylinder, 35 H. P., seven seater with electric fittings and in excellent condition, etc., etc.

The property of I. J. Sopher, Esq., Pleader, High Court.

Catalogues wil be published and the property on view from the 16th instant.

GRAND FURNITURE SALE AT WODEHOUSE ROAD, "RAFIA" MANZIL, NEAR HOTEL MAJESTIC AND NEXT TO THE ADMIRALTY HOUSE

On SUNDAY, the 19th February 1928 at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the above address very valuable and made after the owner's special design, teak wood, carved blackwood and Jacobean furniture, complete suite of dining drawing, and five bed-rooms furniture, rich glass porcelain and silver ware, large size teakwood refrigerator, made-to-order dressers, sideboard and dinner waggons, Chesterfields by Roberts, Jacobean by Army and Navy, and drawing room suites by Dewji Canji, roll-top writing table, artistic made writing desks, phonograph, open carved chiffoniers, mirror back cabinets, brass ornaments, Jacobean bedsteads with patent box mattresses, almyrahs, dressing table and chest of drawers with 3 mirrors, reclining sofas, wardrobes, linen and other cupboards, almyrahs, hatstand, pictures, etc., etc.

The property of a European gentleman. Catalogues are published and the property now on view.

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SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA.

(Incorporated in England.)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.
P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH and LONDON CALLING at MARSEILLES.
All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1928			
18 Feb.	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,986
25 ,,	RAJPUTANA ..		16,568
3 Mar.	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA ..	16,302
10 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,518
17 ,,	RAZMAK@† ..		10,602
24 ,,	CHINA$ ..		7,952
31 ,,	RANPURA ..		16 601
7 Apr.	MOOLTAN‡ ..		20,847
14 ,,	RANCHI ..		16,650
21 ,,	RAZMAK@ ..		10,602
28 ,,	RAWALPINDI		16,619
5 May.	MALOJA‡ ..		20,837
12 ,,	MOREA* ..		16,568
19 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		10,963
26 ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERA* ..	11,518
2 June	MACEDONIA ..		16,088
9 ,,	MALWA* ..		11,120
16 ,,	CHINA ..		10 986
23 ,,	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDA x	7,952
30 ,,	MANTUA ..		16,572
7 July	RANPURA* ..		10,946
14 ,,	MOREA ..		16,601
21 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MOOLTAN ..	10,953
28 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		20,847
			11,518

@ To Marseilles only.
x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
† 1st Saloon only.

$EXTRA SAILING OF S.S. CHINA AT THE FOLLOWING REDUCED RATES:—
1st Saloon to London A. £80, B. £70, C. £60
1st Saloon to Marseilles A. £72, B. £62, C. £56.
2nd Saloon to London A. £54, B. £52.
2nd Saloon to Marseilles A. £50, B. £48.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.
First Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S.S. "MACEDONIA," on the 2nd of June, 1928, and terminating with the "KAISER-I-HIND" due in Bombay on the 21st September. The fares will be as follows:—
To London and back by Sea £105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France in both directions ... £120
To Marseilles and back £100

P. & O. SPECIAL TRAIN MARSEILLES—LONDON.
During the months of June, July and August the fare by this train will be reduced to £10.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.
There will be no extra charge for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 1st January.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers.	Tons
1928		
23rd Feb.	MANORA ..	7,888
15th March	DUMANA ..	8,427
5th April	MANELA ..	8,303
3rd May	DOMALA ..	8,441
14th June	MANORA ..	7,583

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

1928		
29th March	NALDERA ..	Colombo and Australia
24th April.	DELTA ..	Colombo, Straits, China & Japan
26th April.	NARKUNDA ..	Colombo, and Australia.
24th May	MOOLTAN ..	Colombo and Australia
7th June Connecting	RAWALPINDI at Colombo with COMORIN ..	Colombo Straits, China & Japan for Australia
5th July Connecting	RAJPUTANA .. at Colombo with MONGOLIA ..	Colombo Straits, China & Japan for Australia

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1928			
18th Feb.	CHAKLA ..		Karachi via Porebunder Dwarka & Cutch Mandvie.
20th ,,	VITA ..		Karachi via Port Okha & Cutch Mandvie.
22nd ,,	xELLORA ..		Mombasa.
22nd ,,	BARJORA ..		Busreh via Karachi & Persian Gulf Ports
24th ,,	VARSOVA ..		Busreh via Karachi.
29th ,,	KHANDALA ..		East & South Africa.

xExtra sailing to Mombasa only.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamer or through Passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

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AMUSEMENTS.

EMPIRE THEATRE

TO-DAY and TO-MORROW
3, 6 and 9-30 P. M.
3, 6 and 9-30 P. M.
3, 6 and 9-30 P. M.

The Picture that no language can do justice to

THE BIG PARADE

Story of a Soldier boy on Active service, and of a Girl who made him forget the Grim reality of war.

Featuring the GREAT STARS

JOHN GILBERT

and

RENEE ADOREE

Augmented Orchestra and Stage effects.

Booking at the Theatre
FREE LIST SUSPENDED.

BIG RUSH! BIG RUSH!

OWING TO PUBLIC DEMAND

CINE A MAJESTIC

GIRGAUM

CONTINUES FOR THE 2ND WEEK
Kohinoor's Ciassic of the Screen

The Shepherd King
The Shepherd King
The Shepherd King

Featuring
Messrs. RAJA SANDOW, THOMAS
Miss YAKBAL including an all Star Cast.

Story by Mr. MOHANLAL DAVE.
Directed by Mr. N. G. DEWARE.
A Picture of High Class entertainment. Over the top for love—and a touch down for drama and romance!
The Life Romance of 'An Ideal Indian Youth—his sacrifices—for the achievement of national Aspirations.

DON'T MISS IT.

TO-NIGHT & THIS WEEK
Daily at 5, 7, 9 & 11 P.M.
Sat., Sun., and Tues. Extra Show at 3 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE Capitol

TO-NIGHT at 6-30 and 10 P. M.

The sensational photoplay that was the topic of comment in the newspapers of Calcutta

THE TRIUMPH OF THE RAT

The Might Self-contained Sequel to "The Rat"

featuring

IVOR NOVELLO

Also: Astounding Novelty

DREAM FANTESTIQUE

presented by

EL RADIANTS

A VAUDEVILLE ACT
GROTESQUE—AMAZING—WONDERFUL
Direct from Palladium, London.

MATINEE at 4 P.M.
on SATURDAY and SUNDAY
ONLY PICTURE PROGRAMME

IMPERIAL CINEMA

Lamington Road

PRESENTS

TO-NIGHT and during THIS WEEK

SHARDA FILM COMPANY'S
Extraordinary Production

HIRA SUNDRI

Featuring

Indian Douglas Fairbanks, Mr. Vithal and Janibaboo and other known stars.

REMEMBER

This production will surely please people of all tastes, because, it is written by the famous Gujarati Author Mr. Thakur.

DAILY FOUR SHOWS at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.
EXTRA SHOWS on Saturday, Sunday, and Bank Holidays at 3 p.m.

GLOBE CINEMA

Sandhurst Road.

5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 Daily.
Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 P. M.

"DOUBLE FISTED"

with

JACK PERRIN

He went away to a swanky Eastern College but he didn't forget the girl who stayed behind for any pert new flapper.

Also 2 two-reeler FOX COMICS
Commencing from Next Saturday.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS
IN
"THE BLACK PIRATE."

AMUSEMENTS.

6 Reels
"FELIX MISSES HIS SWISS." Pathe Super Gazette.
Time: 6-15, 8-15 & 10 p.m. Matinee to-day & to-morrow at 4 p.m.
PATHE CINEMA Royal Opera House.

You Know WHO THE MURDERER IS

But you want him to go free!

For years Henry Desmond had been turning wretches with blood on their hands loose upon Society. But this time he was defending an innocent man—his best friend; and Desmond himself was the criminal. But you will want Desmond to be saved

What a Situation! What intense drama! What an emotional turmoil!

SEE
The THIRTEENTH JUROR
A UNIVERSAL JEWEL featuring
Anna Q. Nilsson and Francis X. Bushman
It Commences at the
UNIVERSAL PICTURE HOUSE
(CINEMA PRECIOUS—Lamington Road)
DAILY at 5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 P. M.
EXTRA SHOW TO-DAY and TO-MORROW at 3-30

New Drama "SONEKI CHIDIYA" (In Hindi & Urdu) will be SHORTLY STAGED
Under Public Patronage for the last 33 years!

NATYAKALA PRAVARTAK SANGIT MANDALI

SATURDAY, 18th Feb. 1928 at 9 p.m. and SUNDAY, 19th Feb. 1928 at 3-30 p.m

(In Hindi-Urdu) SHADIKI PEHELI RAAT (First Night of Marriage.)

at the ELPHINSTONE THEATRE Grant Road.

Reserve your Seats at the Theatre from 8 to 11 a.m. & 3 to 6 p.m. Daily

Prop. G. B. BHATE.

EXTRAORDINARY WONDERS

PRACTICAL DEMONSTRATION OF THE EXTENT TO WHICH MEMORY CAN BE TRAINED.

Astonishing Feats of Memory by Prof. TIMOTHY D. AVDHANI who has trained his Memory to such an extraordinary extent that he has given complete and astounding demonstrations of his powers under all kinds of tests before educated men, Rajas, Maharajas, Heads of Educational deparments, Schools and Colleges, gaining innumerable testimonials and several gold medals from them.

AT

MARWADI VIDHIAYLAYA,

SANDHURST ROAD, BOMBAY

On SUNDAY 19th February from 4-30 to 6-30 (S.T.)

This Demonstration is Open to the Public.

ADMISSION FREE.

TEACHERS & STUDENTS are SPECIALLY invited to see this extraordinary demonstration

INDIAN MUSIC

GRAND MUSICAL CONCERT

A BENEFIT PERFORMANCE

Ganavisharada Bidaram Krishnappa of Mysore Palace will lead suite of artistes in the performances on the Harmonium, Jalatarang, Violins and Mridangam etc., etc.

On SUNDAY, the 19th February 1928 at 5 P.M.

SIR COWASJI JEHANGIR HALL

FORT, BOMBAY.

Rates of Admission including tax:—Rs. 5-12-0. 3-6-0, 2-4-0 & 1-2-0

Separate accommodation for Ladies.

M. KRISHNASWAMY ROW, Organiser.

FOUND WITHOUT SEASON TICKET

CLAIM AGAINST PASSENGER DISMISSED

An interesting case arising out of a claim by the G. I. P. Railway authorities against a passenger who could not produce his season ticket when asked by the ticket collector, was decided by two honorary magistrates, at the Esplanade Police Court, on the 3rd instant.

The facts of the case are that one G. R. Mehta who resides at Ghatkoper travelled by the G. I. P. suburban railway on the 2nd instant. When arked by a ticket collector to produce his ticket, he found that he had left his season ticket at home, and promised to satisfy the railway official that he did possess one. But the ticket collector refused to hear any explanation and asked for the railway fare to be paid down which of course the passenger refused to do.

The Honorary Magistrates after hearing the case decided in favour of the accused and remarked that the ticket collector should have ascertained the truth of the passenger's statement before proceeding further.

HOW TO MANUFACTURE EAU DE COLOGNE

(By R. N. BAPASOLA.)

The cologne water can be manufactured by various processes and such skill and proper method of manufacturing can be acquired by regular practice and experiments and making necessary changes from time to time until one is satisfied with the results obtained from his own experience and experiment: I therefore advise any such manufacturers to make regular experiments according to the under mentioned formulae.

If a very good class of cologne water is required to be made, it can be done from treble distilled GLrain spirit or better still treble distilled Grape spirit although this class of spirit is very difficult to obtain. Further the cologne water is to be kept for 6 to 8 months before it is to be packed and sold, as the goods improve in quality by Age

Formula No. 1	Oil Bergamot	2-1/2 Drams
	Oil Lemonis	1 Dram
	Oil Neroli	21 Minims
	Oil Origani	5 Drops
	Oil Rosmarini	21 Drops
	Rectified spirit	20 Ounces
	Ac. Flor. Aurant treble	1 Oz.

All above ingredients shoud be carefully mixed in above order.

Formula No. 2	Oil Berbamot	35 Minims
	Oil Citrone	34 Minims
	Oil Neroli Petal	21 Minims
	Oil Neroli Begarle	6 Minims
	Oil Rosmarini	15 Minims
	Rectified spirit	13 Ounces.

These two above formulae will produce a very good class of cologne water and must fulfil the exact requirements of the Public and in case of Grain spirit or grape spirit is not available, pure rectified spirit be used, and the stuff be distilled three times and must be kept for at least 6 to 8 months, so that various oils may be saturated and thus the quality be improved.

LOYALIST ELEVEN WELCOMES SIMON SEVEN

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The Anglo-Indian papers keep on saying, that Sir John Simon and his friends have been receiving messages of welcome from hundreds of persons in India! People wonder, who these Johnnies could be? The following is a typical list:—

(1) 'Baron' Bar Soap.
(2) 'Sir' Soft Soap.
(3) 'Sirdar' Namaskar Rao.
(4) 'Jagirdar' Johookum Bhav.
(5) 'Hon'ble' Haji Ha.
(6) 'Khan Bahadur' Khatta Mitha.
(7) 'Khan Saheb' Satta Pata.
(8) 'Rao Bahadur' Ramta Ram.
(9) 'Rao Saheb' Chana Dam.
(10) 'Shams-ul-Ulma' Sharbati.
(11) 'Mahmopadhya' Mulmuli.

Evidently these Notables' names are reserved for the next Honours' List, and hence they are not disclosed by the bureaucracy. Let it be said to the credit of many of our title holders, that on the present occasion they have stood by us, despite official persuasion and pressure. But, as to the rest, just as you cannot get juice from a reed, so you cannot expect self-assertion from weaklings and Johookumis.—Yours, etc.

B. F. BHARUCHA.

ADMINISTRATION OF SALT DEPT. IN BURMA.

TRANSFER OF CONTROL TO CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16.

The only business transacted in the Council of State, to-day, was the consideration and passage of the Bill amending the Burma Salt Act, 1917.

Mr. E. Burdon, Finance Secretary, explained that it was proposed to relieve the Burma Government of administering their Salt Department and place it under the control of the Central Board of Revenue. The Central Government had now to spend about a lakh and a half as their direct expenditure, but under the new system, it would be increased to a lakh and seventy thousand. It was, however, confidently hoped that the excess would be met by better administration.

Sir Mahomed Habibullah announced that the Council would next meet on the 20th when the Railway Budget would be presented.—A. P.

STANDING COMMITTEE ATTENDANCE FEES

LAW PROCEDURE AND ELECTI COMMITTEE'S REPORT

The Law, Procedure and Elections Committee have submitted the following report regarding a Bill relating to the fees payable to members of the Standing Committee. Mr. Mohanlal M. Desai as Chairman of the Committee has signed the report which was considered in reference to the Bill further to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, proposed to be introduced by Mr. S. K. Bole at the next session of the Legislative Council.

COMMITTEE'S REPORT.

The Committee in their report state:—

The Committee have given their anxious and careful consideration to the present Bill that has been forwarded to the Corporation by Government and discussed the subject in all its aspects. They are not able to find any substantial reason for the abolition of the fees to the members of the Standing Committee in the Sateement of Objects and Reasons given by the mover of the Bill. The only reason advanced therein in support of the Bill is to bring that Committee on a line with the Improvements Committee, members of which have ceased to receive payment of fees since the recent amendment of the City of Bombay Improvement Trust Transfer Act in that behalf. Though the analogy of the Improvements Committee may partially hold good, yet a brief experience of the working of that Committee since the discontinuance of the payment of fees does not justify the step proposed as on several occasions the regular work of that Committee has suffered for want of quorum.

WHY FEES ARE NECESSARY.

The framers of the Municipal Act while deliberately providing for the payment of fees only to the members of the Standing Committee must have done so for very cogent reasons. The Act provides that there shall be a meeting of the Standing Committee once a week and such other times as shall be found necessary. The Committee have not only to deal within a limited time the financial questions, such as investment of funds, raising of loans, framing of Budget and signing of cheques but also to consider tenders called for by the Commissioner for various large works and give their approval or disapproval for the acceptance of the same on their merits, the delay in the consideration of which for want of quorum at a meeting is likely to cause heavy loss to the Municipality besides hampering the work. The importance and urgency of this kind of work, which the members of the Standing Committee are called upon to do, requires them to sacrifice their valuable time and to give it always a preference over any of their private or other public calls. The Act provides that only one fee for full attendance from the beginning till the end of a meeting in a week is to be allowed and it is common knowledge that there are various occasions—specially at the time of the Budget when meetings have to be held from day to day and for a number of hours for which no special remuneration is given to members. All important work must be placed by the Commissioner at least once a week before the Standing Committee and to ensure that the work is expedited by the full attendance of the members this provision for payment of fees has been made in the Act. Looking to the nature and importance of the work to be done by the members of the Standing Committee the amount of fees paid to them, though infinitely small, is still necessary to enforce attendance. In theory it would be a high sense of civic duty to render voluntary service even in such cases, yet the Committee believe that time is not yet ripe for the same if efficient service has to be performed in the Standing Committee. Any saving that might be effected by stopping the payment of fees from the point of view of economy or retrenchment will not be commensurate with the loss that would be sustained by the Municipality by the delay in the transaction of business.

The Committee, therefore, recommend that Government be informed that for the reasons detailed above the Corporation are strongly opposed to the passing of the Bill under reference.

MADRAS, Feb. 16.

Writing in "New India, Dr. Arundale supports Major Graham Pole and declares from "personal knowledge" that before the Commission left for India, it was definitely settled to constitute the Indian Wing of the Statutory Commission with powers similar to those of the White branch including power to report to Parliament.—A. P.

Yeast is life!

IRVING'S YEAST-VITE TONIC TABLETS

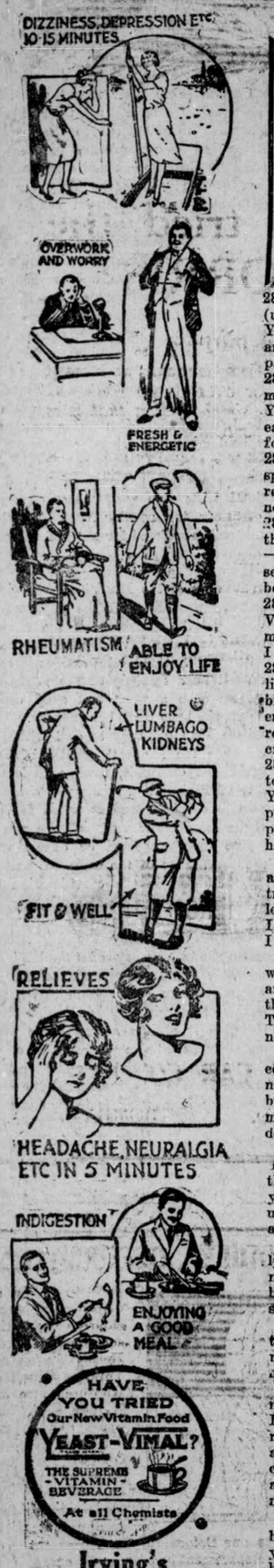
The Lightning Pick-Me-Up.

The greatest medical discovery of the century. Pure Yeast and Vitamins. No harmful drugs. The gentle fermentation of Yeast-Vite when in contact with the gastric juices of the stomach causes a stimulating, buoyant feeling of extreme vigour.

Take a tablet or two and feel fresh and frisky in a few minutes.

In his articles on Health, Sir W. Arbuthnot Lane has emphasised the importance of Vitamin B as a tonic which causes the nerves to function properly. And in his list of essential foods he mentions YEAST as rich in VITAMIN B.

YEAST-VITE IS RICH IN VITAMIN B.


DIZZINESS, DEPRESSION ETC. 10-15 MINUTES
OVERWORK AND WORRY
FRESH & ENERGETIC
RHEUMATISM
ABLE TO ENJOY LIFE
LIVER LUMBAGO KIDNEYS
FIT & WELL
RELIEVES
HEADACHE, NEURALGIA ETC IN 5 MINUTES
INDIGESTION
ENJOYING A GOOD MEAL
HAVE YOU TRIED Our New Vitamin Food YEAST-VIMAL? THE SUPREME VITAMIN BEVERAGE At all Chemists

OUR GUARANTEE.

Obtain a Rs. 1-4 bottle from your chemist If your health does not improve perceptibly post us the empty bottle together with the chemist's receipt and we will refund your money immediately.

£100 Cash will be paid to anyone proving that the following extracts from unsolicited testimonials are not genuine. We have received nearly 45,000 letters from satisfied users in less than five years, which are open to inspection.

28,000—M. C. Bristowe; Please post me (urgent) another 24 bottles of Irving's Yeast-Vite. They are wonderful, and I am anxious to continue them for three patients without a break.

28,001—H. S. of Canton: Kindly mail me via Siberia, two bottles of Irving's Yeast-Vite (containing 700 tablets in each.) I have found them very beneficial for my complaint—neuritis.

28,014—Mrs. E. A. F., Reading: I am speaking the truth when I say they have really put new life into me and I would not be without them.

28,013—Mrs. F. Hangleton: Allow me to thank you for your wonderful Yeast-Vite—they are a blessing to my husband and self—and you may be sure we shall never be without them.

28,002— E. K. L. Singapore: Your Yeast-Vite has done wonders to my family and myself—It has not failed in any case that I have tried.

28,028—G. A., West Ealing: I am delighted with the effect of Yeast-Vite Tablets, as I have been very run down, anaemic, and depressed for some time and already so much better, activity being increased.

28,026—M. N. T., Bristol: I am writing to say how perfectly marvellous are your Yeast-Vite Tablets. They are indeed a pure "Health Restorer" apart from stopping neuralgia within five minutes after having pain for weeks.

28,012—A. D. Sandiacre: I have been a sufferer from headaches and stomach troubles until I tried your Yeast-Vite Tablets, and I am glad to say after two doses I have received great benefit from them. I shall always recommend them.

28,023—Nurse L.: I suffer a great deal with headaches, which make me irritable and very miserable, but whenever I feel them coming I just take two Yeast-Vite Tablets and feel a different woman. I shall never be without them now.

28,039—Mrs. E., Surrey: When I started taking Yeast-Vite I was quite ill and not able to do my work or take any food but milk. Now I can do both, and advise my friends to sample them as they have done me so much good.

28019—Miss A. B.; It is with great pleasure that I write to inform you of the benefit I have received through using your Yeast-Vite Tablets. I have been using them for about two months now, and have had wonderful results.

28,034—E. M. C., Harrogate: I certainly think your Yeast-Vite are splendid, my neuralgia is quite gone, and I feel heaps better. In future I shall always keep some by me.

28,021—Nurse E. A. D.: I have found them splendid for nerve cases and in all rectal troubles. They are unequalled in my experience of 20 years' nursing.

28,047—A. J. G., New Cross: I feel I must write in appreciation of the benefit I have received from Yeast-Vite. For many years I have been subject to colds at the least change of temperature and a continual sufferer of headaches, but now I am glad to say I have never felt better in my life.

28,025—N. Mc. D., Worcester: I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism for years, and get very little sleep with pain but I find if I take two Yeast-Vite Tablets at night they soothe my nerves and I get a better night.

28,044—E. R. F., Kensington: As a sufferer of over twenty years from severe morning sickness and nerve trouble it may interest you to know that your Yeast-Vite Tablets have cured me. I have tried every advertised cure with no result until I saw years. I was better after the first few doses and have continued ever since.

28,022—Nurse, S. F., Gloucester: A wide experience of your celebrated Yeast-Vite Tablets enables me to speak in the very highest terms of their efficacy.

28,020—E. C., Maidenhead: I am writing to tell you how beneficial I have proved Yeast-Vite Tablets to be. I was thoroughly run-down and my nerves were a perfect wreck, but after taking a bottle of Yeast-Vite I felt myself again. I shall recommend them wherever I can.

Sole Wholesale Agents :—

MARTIN & HARRIS.
GRAHAM'S BUILDINGS,
Parsi Bazar Street, ... BOMBAY.

Irving's Yeast - Vite Tablets

will relieve

Headache, Neuralgia, etc., in 5 minutes

Indigestion, Flatulence, in 5 to 10 minutes

Biliousness, Dizziness, Depression, in 10 to 15 minutes

Disordered Stomach, Liver, etc., in 10 to 15 minutes

Influenza, Colds, Fever, in 24 hours

Send Postcard for free treatise on Anaemia, Nerves, Skin Blemishes, Constipation, Colds, Insomnia, Rheumatism, Pains, etc.

IRVING'S YEAST - VITE LABORATORIES.
"CECIL HOUSE," HOLBORN VIADUCT LONDON E. C.1.

ANTICS OF PARLIAMENTARY PARTY

CHANCES OF BOYCOTT MOTION IN COUNCIL OF STATE

MR. RAMDAS PANTULU'S STATEMENT

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16.

Recent activities of the Parliamentary Party of the Council of State have provoked a spirited statement by the Hon. Mr. V. Ramdas Pantulu, leader of the Congress Party who discloses certain facts, and indicates the probable attitude of the non-Officials in the Upper Chamber on the 22nd instant, when Sir Maneckjee Dadabhoy will move a resolution welcoming the Simon Commission.

Mr. Pantulu says:—"The activities of the Parliamentary Party of the Council of State in relation to the Simon Commission are no doubt very unfortunate. but do not come as a surprise, nor should they be taken too seriously. It should be remembered that the Party itself came to public notice, if not into existence, in connection with the famous ratio controversies of last year. It was then disclosed by means of a manifesto of the Party that every one of its members retained freedom of action, in the matter of voting on any measure. unfettered by party decisions. Actual vote on the Ratio Bill amply testified to the reality of this reservation. Therefore, parliamentary discipline of the Party vote is not luckily a feature of the Parliamentary Party of the Council of State, and members like Sir Manmohandas Ramji will still be free to non-co-operate with the Commission, notwithstanding the decision of a majority of the party to the contrary.

UNREPRESENTATIVE CHARACTER.

Moreover those members of the party who are anxious to co-operate with the Simon Seven, whatever representative character they may lay claim to, they certainly do not belong to any one of the numerous leading political or communal organisations in the country like the National Congress the Hindu Mahasabha, the Moslem League the Sikh League, the Liberal League and the like which have unequivocally declared the boycott of the Commission. So the co-operating Elders speak for themselves and do not represent any one else.

Coming to the actual position of the Parliamentary Party and its precise attitude towards the Commission. I have still some hope that it may not ultimately co-operate with the Commission. The party is said to consist of ten members. At a meeting in which decision to open negotiations with Sir John Simon was taken, only eight were present, and two of them are said to have disagreed with the other six. I understand that only two of the remaining six, namely Sir Sankaran Nair and Mr. P. C. D. Chari are actively engaged in, and busying themselves with interviewing members and officials of the Commission

THE SNUB AND AFTER

I am reliably informed that although Sir John's offer to take all members of the Indian wing of the Lee Conference with him to various provinces to permit them to put some questions to the provincial witnesses at his pleasure, and to call such additional witnesses as they may desire to cite for examination are considered to be fairly satisfactory by the co-operating portion of the party. Yet there still remain some difficulties about taking portions of the evidence in camera after excluding the Indian Committee from sittings and on like other matters. The enthusiasm of the promoters of these negotiations seems to have been chilled to a certain extent by Sir John, not encouraging them in their attempts to take immediate steps for the appointment of the Indian Committee during the current session of the Central Legislature. So the Party is not likely to come to any final conclusions regarding the acceptability, or otherwise of Sir John's so called additional guarantees of equality of status of the Indian Committee as detailed in his reply to Sir Sankaran Nair, although those guarantees are being considered by the Party, at present. If elections to the Indian Committee are to come off only in the Simla Session, there is obviously no hurry to rush in for co-operation with the Commission, just at this moment. In the meantime the Party, I learn, contemplate making further attempts to clear up doubtful points and secure more unambiguous pronouncements about, the in camera evidence, right of the Central Indian Committee to call for documents and evidence for the Government of India and connected matters. If the Legislative Assembly turns down the proposals to appoint a committee to assist the Commission, then the Council of State and with it the Parliamentary Party will lose a chance of strengthening the Commission by the accession of the Elders to its ranks; for it is unconceivable that the Upper Chamber alone will be accorded privilege of electing the entire Indian Committee. Only signal service which the members of the Parliamentary Party can render to the country in that contingency will be to appear as witnesses before the "White" Commission and place before it their profound knowledge and experience, in theory and practice of the Indian Constitutional problems. The Parliamentary Party has in any event rendered one service to the country. Although we learn from the Anglo-Indian Press that hundreds of organisations all over India are extending their welcome to the Commission and offering them co-operation, no organisation other than the Parliamentary Party has so far made any attempt to get the most that can be got out of the Commission by way of concessions of equality of status and privileges to the Indian Committee whatever doubts may have been created in the minds of some wavering politicians by Sir John Simon's letter to the Viceroy, they have been cleared up by his letter to Sir Sankaran Nair and made it abundantly plain that equality of status was unthinkable under any circumstances.

ACCESSIONS TO THE RANKS OF BOYCOTTERS.

This has brought valuable fresh accessions to the ranks of the Boycotters. The Chamber of Elders will soon have an opportunity to manifest its enthusiasm for the Commission when Sir M. Dadabhoy's resolution expresses unqualified gratification at the appointment of the Commission and unreserved confidence in its composition also comes up for the discussion on the 22nd instant. Whatever may be the attitude of the other section of the House, I am confident that the Parliamentary Party will not and cannot be a party to that resolution which is calculated to outrage the feelings of every self-respecting Indian. The Party does no stand committed to any such extravagant position. I am hopeful that a majority of the Indian section of the elected members of the Council of State attending and participating in the debate, will unequivocally declare their dissatisfaction with the Constitution of the Commission on that occasion, and that is what really matters in the Council of the State from the public standpoint."

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MADRAS.

EQUALITY OF STATUS FUNDAMENTAL

SIMON STATEMENT DOES NOT CHANGE POSITION

MADRAS, Feb. 16.

Sir Sivaswami Iyer interviewed by "New India", expresses the opinion that the proposal for the Joint Free Conference, does not change the status of the Legislative Committees from that of assessors, whatever latitude might be allowed in practice to assessors, either in examination of witnesses or in exchange of views with the Commissioners. Sir Sivaswami Iyer adds that the equality of status between the Legislative Committee and the Commission is fundamental and can by no form of works or procedure be removed.

APPEAL AGAINST HARTAL.

Sir Sivaswami Iyer concludes with a powerful appeal against hartal. He says that while willing to non co-operate with the Commission, he has always set his face against hartal. To his mind "outburst of lawlessness which followed hartals in Madras and Calcutta, is the result of hartal and not of refusal to co-operate with the Commission."—A. P.

A MISLEADING REPORT

HOW THE "TIMES OF INDIA" CARRIES ON ITS PROPAGANDA

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—There appears a misleading report of a debate on Simon Commission arranged by the Deccan Students' Union, in the "Times of India," issue of the 14th instant. Mr. S K. Naique who presided, was given an opportunity to set forth his views and arguments. It is said in the report that Mr. S K. Naique expressed satisfaction that the Union did not take any active part in the Boycott. This is wrong. The Union's office was closed on the "Hartal" day. I cannot say whether it is active or passive participation to close the office, but Mr. S. K. Naique may rest assured that the Union does not share his pet views and is in sympathy with the boycott. In fact, the proceedings of the debate were conducted privately and were not intended to be given publicity. The Union has not set itself to the purpose of expressing publicly its views on political matters but this disclaimer arises because of the misconception that is likely to be caused by the report "Times of India." Yours, etc.

A. M. NADKARNI

Bombay, Feb. 16.

PRAGUE INTERNATIONAL FAIR.

The next Spring Fair will be held in Prague from 18th till 25th March 1928. Special facilities are granted to foreign exhibitors. They are allowed a 50 per cent. reduction on all Czechoslovak Railway lines for their goods transported to the Fair which are admitted to Czechoslovakia free of duty. A benevolent treatment is granted by the Czechoslovak authorities as to the obtaining of Import license of the goods sold at the fair.

All these and many other products will be fully represented at the Prague Spring Fair 1928 and according to their nature will be found exhibited in the following 20 groups :

Building Industry.	Chemicals.
Engineering.	Foodstuffs.
Electrotechnics, Mechanics and Optics.	Musical Instruments.
Wood Industry.	Toys and Dolls.
Textile Industry.	Paper, Graphics, and Stationery
Clothing Inustry.	Jewellery, Gold and Silver articles.
Fancy Goods.	Miscellaneous.
Leather Industry.	Sports Exhibition.
Glass, China, and Fine Ceramics.	Forestry Exhibition and Timber.
Art Industries.	Market.
	Radio Fair (Wireless Exhibition.)

Those who cannot visit the next Fair, are recommended to apply to the Commercial Department of the Prague Fair which will be pleased to put its services at the disposal of all inquirers who want :

1. Agencies of Czechoslovak Manufacturers.
2. Agents in Czechoslovakia.
3. Names and addresses of producing firms in Czechoslovakia.
4. Information with reference to Czechoslovak Trade.

For further information apply to the Representatives of Prague Fai for India, Messrs. H. S. Mahomed, P. O. Box 3083, Bombay, or to the Czechoslovak Consulate at Bombay, 18, Rampart Row, Fort, or directly to the Office of the Prague Fair.

Veletrzni trida, Prague VII
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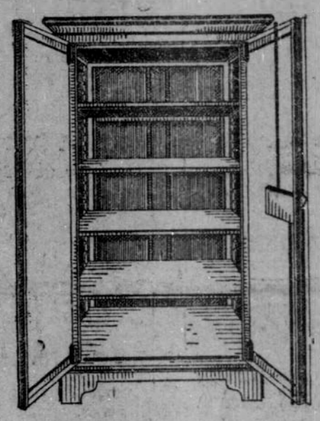

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The Calcutta Astrological Syndicate,
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World Cotton Situation

NEW YORK, LIVERPOOL & BOMBAY MARKETS.

NEW YORK.

IMPROVED 22 POINTS ON TRADE BUYING—DECLINED 33 POINTS ON RAINS IN TEXAS—RENEWAL OF BUYING—CLOSED IRREGULAR FUTURES 3 POINTS HIGHER TO 2 POINTS LOWER.

New York, Feb. 16.

The New York futures market opened at a rise of 2 points and improved further on considerable trade buying and favourable Liverpool cables. When prices recorded a rise of 22 points over previous close, reports of rains in West Texas, induced extensive selling causing a break of 33 points in values. Later on there was steady renewal of buying and after fluctuating widely on both sides the market closed irregular at a rise of 3 points to a decline of 2 points. Spot remained unchanged.

The New Orleans futures market ruled very steady and closed at a rise of 1 point. Spot prices closed unchanged at 18 cent.

N. Y. JULY—FLUCTUATIONS.

New York, Feb. 16.

Previous Close:—18.13.
10 a.m.:—18.15 plus .02 Opening.
11 a.m.:—18.32 plus .19.
11-12 a.m.:—18.35 plus .22 Highest.
12 Noon:—18.26 plus .13.
1-55 p.m.:—18.02 — .11 Lowest.
3 p.m.:—18.11 — .02 Close.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from New York dated 16th Feb.:—

"After advancing early New York market declined owing to selling on reports of rain in West Texas.

Messrs. Langley & Co. have received the following cable from American correspondent dated 16th Feb.:—

"Trade buying offset by reports of rains.

Reuter:—"The market to-day was steady, favourable weather being counter-balanced by favourable Liverpool cables, and trade buying."

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugar's New York friends Messrs. A. Norden & Co. cable under date 16th instant as under:—

"Do not think market is likely to give way much at present."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Feb. 16.

March	17.93—
May	18.08+.02
July	18.11—.02
October	17.97—.03
December	17.99+.02
Middling Spot	18.45 —

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Feb. 16.

March	17.80—
May	17.78+.01
Middling Spot	18.09—

NEW YORK

New York, Feb. 16.

New York. 11 a.m. (As known in Liverpool at closing time.)

March	18.12
May	18.25
July	18.32
New York. Noon Call.	
March	18.06
May	18.20
July	18.26
New Orleans. 9-30 a.m.	
March	17.98
May	17.96
July	18.01

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Feb. 16.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	14,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	12,000

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Feb. 16.

Demand Bills	486.93

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Feb. 16.

Coffee Fair Rio, (No. 7, quality)	
Spot	15-1/2

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1927-28	1926-27
Receipts to date 16-2-28	6380000	10486000
,, Yesterday do.	14000	27000
Exports to date do.	4708000	7087000
Stock at Ports 10-2-28	2274000	2879000
,, Interior Town do.	1088000	1350000
,, Liverpool 10-2-28	834000	1321000
Visible Supply 10-2-28	5400000	7041000
Quantity in Sight do.	11409000	15045000

WHEAT—LONDON MARKET.

London, Feb. 16.

Rosario Santa Fe, per 64 lb.—
Shipment sellers February 47/6
Barletta Russo, per 64 lb.—
Continent paid Afloat to 47/
Wheat, South Australian.—
Paid & sellers Afloat 49/
Wheat, Choice White, Karachi.—
Shipment buyers May/June 49/6

LIVERPOOL.

TRADE FIXING CALL SALES—STRADDLE BUYING—LESS FOR SALE—FUTURES 12 TO 8 POINTS HIGHER—SALES 6,000 BALES.

Liverpool, Feb. 16.

The Liverpool futures market opened quiet at a decline of 5 points. Considerable fixing of call sales hardened prices, Later on further support was received on straddle buying and in the absence of selling pressure prices recorded a rise of 12 points for near months and 8 points for distant deliveries. Spot prices declined 4 points to 10-20d. per lb. and sales amounted 6,000 Bales.

Empire cotton futures improved 11 points and Egyptians hardened 9 to 8 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from Liverpool dated the 16th instant:—

"Liverpool market advanced owing to trade fixing call sales and straddle buying. Little cotton for sale."

Hornby Hemelryk & Co.:—"Further reports of rain in Western Texas."

Messrs. Thomas Smith & Co. have received the following cable D| 16th instant (9 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends:—

"Cause of decline reports of rain in West Texas."

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable D| 16th instant (4-55 p.m.) from their Liverpool friends Mossrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Steady undertone. Tendency seems likely to be upwards for time being."

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 16.

Scinde, Fully Good	7.50—.05
Scinde, Fine	7.70—.05
Scinde, Superfine	7.90—.05
Bengal, Good	7.30—.05
Bengal, Fully Good	7.50—.05
Bengal, Fine	7.70—.05
Oomra, Good	7.95—.05
Oomra, Fully Good	8.20—.05
Oomra, Fine	8.45—.05
Broach, Fully Good	8.95—.05
Broach, Fine	9.20—.05
Broach, Superfine	9.45—.05

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 16.

February	16.61+.00
March	16.71+.00
April	16.71+.00
May	16.88+.00
June	16.88+.00
July	17.01+.00
August	17.01+.00
September	17.00+.00
October	17.14+.08
November	17.16+.08
December	17.14+.08
January	17.11+.08
February	17.11+.00
Sakellaridis, F.G.F., Spot	17.40 —

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Feb. 16.

	Opening	Closing
February		9.75+.72
March	9.58	9.71+.72
April		9.70+.72
May	9.55	9.70+.71
June		9.66+.70
July	9.52	9.66+.70
August		9.58+.70
September		9.56+.70
October	9.38	9.54+.70
November		9.48+.09
December		9.49+.09
January	9.35	9.48+.09
February		9.48+.09
Middling Spot		10.20+.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool, Feb. 16.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	6,000
Sales on Speculation	200
Sales of East Indian Cotton	100

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, Feb. 16.

Chartered Bank o fIndia A. & C.	£21-7/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register)	£131-1/2
P. & O. Banking Corporation	£9-1/2
National Bank	£53
Eastern Bank	£7
Funding Loan 4 p. c.	£88-7/8
Conversion Loan	£76-7/8
Indian Loan 5-1/2 p. c.	£101-5/8
Rupee Paper 3-1/2 p. c.	£56
Indian Stock 3 p. c. Sterling Loan	£61
Indian Stock 3-1/2 p. c. Sterling Loan	£71-1/8
Consols	£55
War Loan 5 p. c.	£101.3/4
Victory Bonds 4 p. c.	£93-7/8

LONDON SILVER.

London, Feb. 16.

Spot	26-3/16
Forward	26-3/16

LONDON GOLD.

London, Feb. 16.

Bar Gold, Fine, per oz.	£4-4-11-1/14

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Feb. 16.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed. lb. Spot	1/3-1/2
	Sellers

BOMBAY.

IMPRESSIVE BUYING—LESS FOR SALE CLOSED FIRM—

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Following a small decline of 2 points in the New York futures, the local market opened at Rs. 357/8 and after declining about As. 12/ pries steadily improved on short covering and buying by local operators. Later on better Liverpool Advices further hardened prices to Rs. 361/ and quotations at 1-30 p.m. were as under:—

F.G. M.G. Broach A./M.	360/8
F.G. M.G. Broach J./A.	363/8
F.G. M.G. Bengal Mar.	300
F.G. M.G. Bengal May	302/8
Fine M.G. Oomra Mar.	330
Fine M.G. Oomra May	330/8

SEWRI MARKET.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

The forward market opened at Rs. 361/- for Broach April/May delivery and improved to Rs. 361/8. At this level jobbers sold and quotations at 6-30 p.m. were as under with a firm tone.

F.G.M.G. Broach Apl/May	360/8
,, ,, July/Aug	363/8
,, Bengal March	300
,, ,, May	302/8
Fine M. G. Oomra Mar	330/8
Fine M.G. Oomra May	331/4

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS.

Bombay Feb. 17

February	208.20+0.50
May	212.40+0.80
August	216.70+0.80

DAILY ROOM RATE

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Bengal March	299
Bengal May	302
Broach A./M.	360
Broach J./A.	362
Oomra March	330
Oomra May	330

SPOT RATES.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Bengal	322	315	308	301	293
S. P.	320	313	306	299	291
Rajputana	322	315	308	301	293
Punjab/American	..	416	409	402	..
Oomra No. 3	346	339	332	322	..
C. P. No. 1	376	369	362	352	..
C. P. No. 2	361	364	347	337	..
Khandesh	..	334	324	314	304
Muthia	..	..	319	309	295

EAST INDIAN COTTON

BREUL AND CO'S REPORT

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

in-full-pressed Bales	Since 1st September		
	Yesterday	This year.	Last year.
Khandesh	1,132	202,075	281,583
Central India	425	183,025	193,554
Barsi and Nagar	646	199,168	152,858
Hyderabad-Gaorani	986	81,869	50,476
Berar	1,617	412,620	428,038
Central Provinces	607	176,546	156,161
Total Oomras	5,413	1,255,303	1,263,110
Dholera	358	63,287	57,703
N.-W. Provinces		60,559	51,248
Rajputana	240	26,883	23,977
Sind-Punjab	1,463	112,692	78,401
Broach		2,615	777
Coompta and Dharwar		3,976	20,628
Westerns-Northerns		3,808	9,329
Cocoanada			335
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		8,018	4,093
Persian		3,294	2,874
American		22,093	85,608
Egyptian and African	850	11,055	22,242
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		64	50
Total	8,224	1,573,557	1,621,028

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

in-full-pressed Bales	1st Sept. to 9th Feb.		
	Yesterday	This year.	Last year.
Europe	4,794	2,78,327	12,7.118
Japan and China	5,500	4,16,749	5,76,529
Coast Ports		12,569	5,669
Up-country Rail		41,033	46,091
Afloat for Europe and Japan		31,625	76,115
Total		7,70,303	8,31,522

RE... QUOTATIONS

...mbay, Feb. 17.

	Delivery. Contract
...March	
Beng...	6
Beng...	

BULLION MARKET

(The Bombay Bullion Brokers' Association Limited.)

GOLD.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Ready	21 7 0
Falguna	21 7 6
Chaitra	21 8 3
Narandas Motilal Native gold bars touch 96-97,-98, 99	21 7 0
National City	21 9 6

SILVER.

Ready	59 7 0
Londin Ready	26-3/16
Forward	26-3/16
London—Shanghai.—	
Opening	2 7-1/8
Closing	2 7-1/8
New York Cent	57-3/8

	Op.	Hi.	Lo	Cl.
Falguna	59/9	59/9	59/8	59/8
Chaitra	59/11	59/11	59/10	59/10

BOMBAY STATISTICS.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Receipts for week ending 16th Feb.

	1928 Bales	1927 Bales
Bengals	7617	7589
Oomras	52554	105107
Dholleras	4977	7497
Broach	—	1200
Southerns	586	849
Pondians	14	—
Americans	—	5877
Egyptians	142	—
E. Africans	767	75
Other sorts	—	—
Total	65951	128929

Exports for week ending 16th Feb.

	Bales
United Kingdom	
Continent	23791
China	301
Japan	12750
Coast Ports	1293
Total	38145

AFLOAT IN HARBOUR.

Europe	3752
China, Japan and Coast Ports	10000
Total	13752

	Bales.
Total exports by rail, 1st Sept. to 16th Feb.	44,011
Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept. to 13th Feb	386,864
Same period last year	446,142
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 16th Feb.	818,337
Same time last year	712,220
AMERICAN COTTON IMPORTS.	
Purchases of American cotton to arrive in India, 1st Sept 27 to 31st Aug. 28	35,192
American cotton arrived in India 1st, Sept. 27 to 16th Feb. 28	6,572
American cotton at Sea for India	3,920

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Feb. 16.

Interest, Day to Day Loans	3-1/4 p.c.
Interest, 7 Days' Market Loans	3-1/2 p.c.
Bank Bills, 3 months	4-3/16 p.c.
Bank Bills, 6 months	4-3/16 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills, 3 months	4-3/4 p.c.
Fine Trade Bills 6 months	5-1/4 p.c.

Bengal F.G.	290	
Sind-Punjab Fine	360	
Sind-Punjab F.G.	290	
Wardha-Hing. Fine	350/52	
Nagpur Fine	350/52	+29
Yeotmal Fine	340/40	
Arvi Fine	340	+14/5
Amraoti Fine	330	
Khamgaon/Akola Fine	325/27	+ 1
Mulkapur Fine	320/22	
Khandesh Fine	310/12	—10
Muthia Fine	—	
Muthia F.G.		—28/9
Nanded/Purna F.G. G.S.	365	
Purna F.G.G.S.	335	
Parbhani/Sailu F.G. G.S.	—	
Indore/Ujjain Fine	350	
Burwah Sanavad Fine	330	
Broach F.G.		April
Broach Fine		+18 +15
Wetserns M.G.	—	
Westerns H.G.	—	
Cambodia	465	
Mirai/Sangli	295	
Compta Good	400	+32 +29
Dholera	—	
Kadi/Viramgam	—	

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

100	Currimbhai Mills	Nanded	380
100	H. M. Mabeta & Co.	Jaora	329
100	Forbes & Co.	Arvi	340
100	Forbes & Co.	Khandwa	324
200	Japan T. & Co.	Jalna	315
200	Japan T. & Co.	Khamgaon	334
100	Japan T. & Co.	Indore	340
100	Japan T. & Co.	C.P. No. 2	345
200	Patel & Co.	Jalgaon	321
100	B. Karsandas	Akola	323
100	B. Karshandas	Darwah	345
100	B. Karshandas	Veraval	297
100	N. Rajaram & Co.	C.P. No. 2	348
100	Volkart Bros.	Malkapur	300
100	L.K. Vashanjee	Mahuva	303
100	L.K. Vashanjee	Kuradwadi	318

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The Genuine Brandy

Bottled in Cognac

Sole Agents:

HERBERT, SON & Co., Ltd., 11-13, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

PRODUCE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Linseed May 10-3-3.
Wheat May 7-3-9.
Wheat Ready 7-6-0.
Wheat Delhi Feb 7-5-0.
Wheat April May 7-4-3.
Wheat Karachi Ready 7-6-0.
Castor Seed May Rs. 50-2-0.
Cotton Seed May 4-11-9.
Groundnuts Feb 58-0-0.

The produce market shows very little changes during the week and prices fluctuated within a narrow limit. There is good room for a rise in Castorseed as this year the crop is regarded inadequate to meet the demand.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Receipts of various raw produce into Bombay up to noon, the 16th instant:—

	Cwts
Wheat	1,927
Linseed	2,152
Rape Rai and Mustardseeds	564
Gingelly seeds	2,575
Poppyseed	38
Groundnuts	12,071
Castorseed	2,325
Rice	1,972
Myrabollams	2,416
Cottonseed	5,217
Gram	1,799
Jowar	754
Barley	66
Bajree	1,505
	Tons
Coal	3,334

SHRI MAHAJAN ASSOCIATION LTD.

Bombay Feb. 17

The following are the fluctuations of Broach fully good cotton April May delivery rates of the bazar.

Last night, 8-0 Rs. 358/12.
Closing 10-0 Rs. 359/10.

To-day's Opening	Apl/May
B.T.	Rs. 358/0.
8-0 Rs. 358/0	Tajee Mandi
10-0 Rs. 358/4.	
12-0 Rs. 359/8.	
2-0 Rs. 360/0.	
4-0 Rs. 360/12.	
6-0 Rs. 360/0.	

To-days' highest rate Apl/May Rs. 361/6; lowest rate Rs. 358/0.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET.

London, Feb. 16.

Java Sugar, Fine White, Dutch Standard, No. 25, c. & f. Calcutta	
Feb/Mar. per cwt	14/1-1/2
July/Sept. per cwt	14/4-1/2
c. & f. Bombay.—	
July/Sept. per cwt	13/5-1/2
c. & f. Karachi.—	
July/Sept. per cwt.	14/6-1/4

FREIGHT QUOTATIONS

(PITAMBER & CO.)

Bombay, Feb. 17

Steamer & or month of shipment	seeds cwts.	seeds cwts.	seeds cwts.	seed cwts. measurt.
PORTS—				
HULL—				
February	17/	18/	19/	20/
March	16/6	17/6	18/6	19/6
Apl/June	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
LONDON—				
February	16/	17/	18	19/
March	16/	17/	18/	19/
Apl/June	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
LIVERPOOL—				
February	16/	17/	18/	19/
March	16/	17/	18/	19/
Apl/June	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
MARSEILLES—				
Feb./March	16/	17/	18/	19/
Apl/June	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
ANTWERP—				
February	17/	18/	19/	20/
March	16/	17/	18/	19/
ROTTERDAM—				
Apl/June	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
HAMBURG—)				
BREMEN—				
HAVRE—				
DUNKIRK—				
February	16/6	17/6	18/6	19/6
March	16/6	17/6	18/6	19/6
Apl/June	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
BARCELONA—				
Apl/June	19/	20/	21/	22/
GENOA—)				
March	16/	17/	18/	19/
Apl/June	15/6	16/6	17/6	18/6
NAPLES—)				
LEGHORN—)				
TRIESTE—)				
VENICE—)				
March	16/6	17/6	18/6	19/6
Apl/June	16/	17/	18/	19/
NEW YORK—				
June	18/	19/		20/

Market is quiet but steady.

Open ports:—about 2000 tons have been booked for March at 16/- for light seeds and 19/- for seeds/cotton and April at 6d. less.

Genoa/Naples about 700 tons booked for March at 16/- and 19/-.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Feb. 17

3 months 4-3/16 per cent.
6 months 4-3/16 per cent.
Money Call 6-1/4 per cent.
One Month 5-1/2 per cent.
Three Months 5 per cent.
Six Months 4-1/2 per cent.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 4-1/2 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Steady.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Feb. 16

Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt.—
Delivery sellers Mar/Apl. 27/6
Linseed Oil, naked, London, cwt.—
Delivery sellers May/Aug. 28/6

TRADE AND FINANCE.

MARKED ADVANCE IN TATA IRONS

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

During the week, monetary conditions remained quiet but steady, and the Bank Rate now stands at 7 per cent. After uncertain and dull conditions in Exchange, confidence was restored with some rise in the rate. The gold market hardened during the early part of the week, but eased somewhat following the amelioration in Exchange. Erratic fluctuations occurred in silver, and some steadiness is maintained.

Shares displayed a healthy undertone both for textile and industrial scrips. Tata Irons showed a marked advance.

The yarn market continues steady, with a slightly better turnover. Cotton prices are well maintained. There is a limited demand for cloth.

The sugar market ruled quiet but steady. Produce rates fluctuated within narrow limits, and castorseed prices are anticipated to rise.

(From Our Correspondent).

MONEY:

Monetary conditions continue to be quite steady and the call rate stands at 6-1|4 per cent. There has been a further improvement in the trade demand this week amounting to about Rs. 45 lacs. A true indication of the condition of the trade demand and its effect upon the money market is seen in the fact that although Government during the past several weeks have made payments of large amounts upon the maturing of Treasurinv Bills, the cash balance of the Imperial Bank is only approximately Rs. 10.67 crores. The following are the fixed deposits rates: one month 6 per cent; two to three months 5-1|2 per cent and six months 5 per cent.

The Statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of 10th February 1928 shows a further decrease of Rs. 77.60 lacs in the cash balance of the bank now standing at Rs. 10,67,44,000 as compared with Rs. 13.33 crores at the corresponding time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 12.71, a decrease of 0.83 per cent. under last week. The bank rate stands at 7 per cent. Loans have declined by Rs. 23.27 lacs, while Cash credits and Inland bills discounted are up by Rs. 29.61 lacs, and Rs. 10.76 lacs respectively. Government deposits have declined by Rs. 49.80 lacs to Rs. 5.26 crores, due in some measure to payment for treasuries.

In the gilt-edged market price improvement has taken place and the general conditions are healthy. 3-1|2 per cent Paper and 1945-55 Loans kept steady at Rs. 76 and Rs. 106-9 respectively. 5 per cent 1933 and 1935 Loans were quoted Rs. 102-6 and Rs. 101-4. 5-1|2 per cent 1928 Bonds were unchanged at Rs. 105-5. 6 per cent. 1930 and 1931 Bonds changed hands at Rs. 103-4 and Rs. 104-12 and 1932 at Rs. 106-1. 6-1|2 per cent Bombay Development Loan closed at Rs. 111-9. 4 per cent. 1960-70 Loan is quoted at Rs. 87-14 and 1934-37 at Rs. 93-8.

The Currency return of the 7th February 1928, indicates a decline of Rs. 56.54 lacs in note circulation now amounting to Rs. 185.45 crores. Silver coins similarly declined by Rs. 56.86 lacs to Rs. 97.89 crores, while gold bullion and silver under coinage remain almost unchanged at Rs. 29.76 crores and Rs. 7.47 crores respectively. The metallic reserve ratio to circulation is 72.86 as against 72.94 a week ago.

EXCHANGE:

Pending the outcome of sterling tenders, exchange passed through dull and uncertain stages. However, following the announcement on Thursday of Government's action in rejecting all tenders of sterling confidence was restored with resultant improved conditions and a rise in the rate from 1s. 5-15|16d. to 1s. 5-31|32d. The recent lull in import and export trade is still manifest. The following are the forward rates:—February 1s. 5-15|16d; March-April 1s. 5-29|32d; May|June 1s. 5-7|8d. and July 1s. 5-27-32d.

The dollar sterling quotation was steady during the week at Dol. 4.87-13|32. French francs, the Belga and the Italian lira were all unchanged at 124.01, 35.00 and 92.05 respectively.

GOLD.

Exchange conditions have influenced the gold market throughout the week and in the earlier part the price of ready rose from Rs. 21-6-6 to Rs. 21-7-6 per tola. Following the amelioration in exchange yesterday, the market eased somewhat with a price decline of 3 pies per tola. Transactions have been on a fair scale and the daily average offtake has been maintained at 20,000 tolas. Smaller arrivals have brought about a decline in stocks on hand to about 4-1|2 lacs tolas. Sovereigns have been dealt in at Rs. 13-9-6 for ready and Rs. 13-7-6 to Rs. 13-7-9 for forward. The price of gold in London after declining from 84s. 11-1|2d. to 84s. 10-1|2d. closed at 84s. 11-1|4d. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 21-7-6 and Rs. 21-6-6 for ready, Rs. 21-7-9 and Rs. 21-6-6 for 7th March settlement and Rs. 21-8-6 and Rs. 21-7-6 for 10th April settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring in £45,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £170,,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 10,95,058 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £58,000 and from Durban £225,000 shipped on the 13th instant.

SILVER:

Erratic price fluctuations have occurred in silver this week, but it may be said that, in the main, some steadiness has prevailed. After opening at Rs. 59-5 ready silver rose to Rs. 59-12 per 100 tolas chiefly due to China advices and covering by banks. Towards the close however, operations by American banks were mostly concerned with sales and this depressed the price of ready to Rs. 59-7. This being the week for settlement, the daily average offtake has been augmented to approximately 220 bars. There have ben no arrivals of silver this week and hence stocks on hand have fallen to some 4500 bars. The rate for T.T. on London in Shanghai after improving from 2s. 7-1|8d. to 2s. 7-5|16., Decline at the close to 2s. 7-1|16d. In London the highest and lowest rates during the week were 26-3|8d. and 26-3|16d. for both ready and forward. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 59-12 and Rs. 59-5 for ready and 10th February settlement, Rs. 59-13 and Rs. 59-8 for 12th March settlement and Rs. 59-14 and Rs. 59-10 for 10th April settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £259,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £309,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 275,679 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £36,000.

SHARES:

A generally healthy tone, particularly in the miscellaneous section, has been in evidence this week. Cotton mill shares evoked a greater amount of interest, having maintained their previous improvements. This was due partly to the expectations about forthcoming dividends and partly to the steadiness in the prices of raw material.

In the miscellaneous division Tata Iron and Steel shares were steady though there was at the close a minor recession due presumably to profit-taking. Ordinarys after a slight decline improved from Rs. 81-12 to Rs. 84-8, while deferreds showed a marked advance from Rs. 286-4 to Rs. 305, but closed at Rs. 298|12. Cement shares fell to a lower level, Bundis being quoted at the close at Rs. 23-10, while Indian Cements lost about 12 rupees during the week. Tata Hydros declined from Rs. 1132-8 to Rs. 1120 and Alcocks after advancing from Rs. 387-8 to Rs. 400 receded to Rs. 397|8. Bombay Burma Trading shares were almost steady at Rs. 857-8. Katni Ordys. with narrow fluctuations closed at Rs. 253|12, while Defds. suffered a decline of Rs. 840 to Rs. 820. There was little change of note in railway shares except the rise in Tapti Valleys from Rs. 717-8 to Rs. 720.

The improvement noticed last week in the Imperial Bank shares proved of short duration. The sharp rise to Rs. 1490 consequent on the withdrawal of the Reserve Bank Bill, had its reaction in the closing price of Rs. 1467|8. Bank of India shares advanced to Rs. 92|8, while those of the Central Banks remained steady at Rs. 25|14.

CLOTH MARKET.

February 17.

During the week under review the local cloth market ruled steady with a little improved demand from up-country markets. Steadiness in the prices of cotton is strengthening hopes of better business in view of approach of Holi Holidays. On the whole conditions are believed rather optimistic. Ahmedabad cloth market shows favourable conditions with a fair volume of business.

WEEKLY COTTON REVIEW.

Friday noon.

During the week under review cotton market exhibited good strength with a small rise in prices. The market opened for Broach A.|M. at Rs. 360-8 on Saturday but closed easy at Rs. 358 on profit-taking. Further weakness was noticeable on Monday when prices declined to Rs. 354 on further long liquidation. Tuesday witnessed a steady feeling and the market closed at Rs. 356|8. Prices were pushed higher to Rs. 362 on Wednesday on better American advices on bullish ginnings but higher prices induced scattered selling. Thursday fluctuated between Rs. 359 and Rs. 355|8. To-day a distinctly better feeling was noticeable as the market is well liquidated. The highest price during the week was Rs. 362|8 and lowest Rs. 354, showing a range of Rs. 8|8 and an average of Rs. 358|4.

YARN MARKET.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

The yarn market has continued to remain steady in sympathy with steady cotton prices during the past week and turnover has been slightly better than during the last several weeks whereas prices have fluctuated within a very narrow range. There has been some further advance in prices of Japanese varns in particular whereas in the case of English and Indian yarns the undertone has remained steady and prices have not shown any improvement on account of limited buying. There is however some confidence amongst the dealers and if cotton prices continue to remain steady at or about this level or show some improvement more confidence will certainly be restored, and several inquiries from up country markets received at the moment will develop into satisfactory buying orders in course of time.

English Yarns. Some further business has been arranged in twofold Egyptian in well-known tickets and also there has been little more inquiry in single Egyptians but owing to high prices business is difficult to arrange. So is the case with American yarns in which prices are very high on the other side and no business has been possible. Dealers have been selling their stocks their old purchases at a less and naturally are unwilling to take further risks.

Japanese yarns. There has been more interest taken in this class of yarns during the week particularly in 2/42s. on account of decreasing stocks and also in Mercerised yarns and the turnover has been comparatively better. There have been various inquiries from up-country markets of course at lower prices but dealers report good sales in the local market at slightly higher prices. Import Houses do not show much eagerness to sell at the present low prices and only a few lines have been arranged in Grey Mercerised and various other qualities. Sampin do not show any big fluctuations whereas exchange remains unchanged.

Artificial silk yarns. Improvement reported in our last has continued further, although very slowly, but the undertone remains sound and more confidence is now found amongst the dealers and consumers. Some more interest has been taken by the local dealers in these yarns particularly in 150 Deniers where they are afraid some scarcity will be in evidence in course of time and dealers have been naturally inquiring for several cheap lots, if they are available. Manufacturers however have been generally quoting higher prices and business at reasonable level is difficult to arrange. Stocks are going into consumption slowly and slowly and if the position of the market continues healthy as it is, we believe further forward business will be possible during the next few months.

Indian Yarns. The undertone is indeed very steady but owing to bitter experience in the past dealers are very cautious and careful before operating freely at the current prices whereas demand from up country centers here does not show much improvement. In the Punjab markets in particular reports are not very encouraging and the sales are very limited at poor prices. Reports from South as well as from Calcutta are yet very poor and looking to all these discouraging reports dealers do not show much inclination to operate freely at the moment. Fresh business therefore with the Mills is limited and some of the Mills do not show much eagerness to dispose of their stocks at such poor prices demanded by the dealers. Small business has therefore been arranged between the Mills and the dealers Stocks with the Mills have been increasing but stocks in the local market have been decreasing on account of slightly better offtake during the week.

On the whole the position seems to be sound and if cotton remains steady we expect gradual improvement in demand and in prices in course of time.

WEEKLY COAL REPORT.

(CESSRS. PITAMBER & CO.)

Bombay, Feb. 17.

During the week under report, a small quantity of Deshargarh Coal Ex S. S. "Ichiyo Maru" and S. S. "Portfield" changed hands at Rs. 16/4 per ton c.i.f. Otherwise the market is dull, and there is no inquiry.

ARRIVALS OF THE STEAMERS DURING THE WEEK.

8-2-28 S. S. "Blairatholl", Witbank Coal, Turner Morrison & Co.

10-2-28 S. S. "Tamatsu Mari", Bengal Coal, S. D. Cumbata and Co.

10-2-28 S. S. "Ishiyo Maru" Desh/Seeb./Poniati. Andrew Yule and Co.

15-2-28 S. S. Portfield" Desh./Seeb./Poniati Andrew Yule and Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED TO ARRIVE WITH COAL CARGO.

25-2-28 S. S. "Gogovale", Standard Coal, Ohoonilal Girdharlal & Co.

2-3-28 S. S. "Khoshrou,', Lodna, Steam Coal, Choonilal Girdharlal & Co.

3-3-28 S. S. "Balgown, Noonoodih and Jamaboda Kallianji Mawji and Co. (Part Cargo).

6-3-28 S. S. A Steamer, Victoria Baarabani, Choonilal Harilal and Co.

7-3.28 S. S "Gothland, Northern Navigation, Choonilal Girdharlal Co.

8-3-28 S.S. "Magna," Durban Navigation, Choonilal Harilal and Ci.

QUOTATIONS.

Quality	C.I.F.	Ex-Scales Dakhana
Northern Navigation	26/- Sh.	Rs. 19/8
Durban Navigation	25/6 Sh.	Rs. 19/4
Deshargarh	Rs. 16/4	Rs. 18/-
Desh./Seeb/Poniati	Rs. 16/-	Rs. 17/12
Lodna Steam Coal		
Feb. shipment	Rs. 16/8	
Standard Quality	Rs. 16/8	
Victoria Baraboni	Rs. 15/12	
Noonoodih)	Feb.	
shipment	Rs. 15/4	
Jamaboda)	Rs. 15/-	

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

We have practically no change to report in our market which ruled quiet but steady throughout the week with good demand for ready Sugars and prices are unaltered. There is no fresh business doing and small parcels changing hands in White Javas January February at Rs. 8/13 to Rs. 8/14 and March at Rs. 9/1/6 to Rs. 9/2/6 and July September at Rs. 9/6 all Free Bombay Harbour terms Importers were buyers of their own contracts for July/Sept at Rs. 9/6.

Karachi and Calcutta reported a steadier market with better demand and prices are two annas higher than last week with very little business doing.

Java reported a steady but quiet market during the week with no fluctuation and small business passing.

American Terminals reported highest on the 13th inst., quoting 2.5d., 2.6d. and 2.76 for May, July and September and reported lowest on the 16th inst. quoting 2.45, 2.54 and 2.63 for same position.

London Terminals reported highest on the 13th inst., quoting s15/7-1/2d., s15/10-1/2d. and s16/1-1/2 for March May and August and reported lowest on the 16th inst., quoting s15/4-1/4d ; s15/7-1/2d. and s15/9-3/4d. for same position.

The following are the Bazar rates and stocks.—

T M O Rs. 14/1—s13/6d. F. B. Harbour stocks 150,000 Bags

T M O Jan. Feb. Rs. 8/13/6 F. B. Harbour.

T M O March Rs. 9/2—s13/10 F. B. Harbour.

T M O. July/Sept Rs. 9/6—s14/2 F. B. Harbour.

Arrivals:—

S. S. "Pundit" with 38000 Bags Java Sugar.

CEYLON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund, have received the following quotations by special telegram from their Agents in Colombo, to-day:—

Name of the Company.	Latest prices. Rs.
Bukit Darah Rubber	20
Cavunal Rub. & Tea	15
Ceylon Planters	40
Ceylon Rubber	46
Clunes Estates	29
Cochin Rubber	53
Eila Tea	225
Estates Co. of Uva	37/8
Fairlawn Estate	35
Frocester Estates	55
Hathawe Rubber	13/8
Honiton Rubber	9/8
Horawala Rubber	50
Indo-Malay Estates	23
Jambulande T. & Rub.	15
Jebong Rubber	19
Kalutara Company	41
Kalutara Rubber	24
Kolani Valley Rub.	35
Langat River	27
Lanka Rubber	85
Lansdowne Rubber	190
Maha Uva Estates	57
Matale Valley Rub.	35
Meall Mor Estates	29
Mirishena Rubber	48
Narangoda Rubber	35
Neucatel Estates	52
North-Western Rub.	23/8
Polmadulla T. & Rub.	30
Rubber Growers'	39
Saffragam T. & Rub.	194-3/4
Talgaswella Tea	65
Torrington Tea	21/8
Udabage Tea	27/8
Udapolla Rubber	17
Ullswater Rubber	54
Vogan Tea	
Remarks:—Market—Steady.	84 Cents.
Rubber:—Spot Colombo—Re. 0.	

MILL STORES.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

Quotations are:—			
Healds—15/40-32 to 56s.	7	10	0
Healds—15/40-28s.	5	2	1
Reeds steel—32 to 56s.	5	3	1
Reeds steel—28s.	7	4	0
Elastic Healds	½	10	0
Wire Healds	7	8	0
Cloth Roller—16 oz. Kenion		8	0
Cloth Roller—18 oz. ,,	3	6	0
Flannel Sizing-Plain-66 ,,		8	0
Flannel Sizing-Twill-66 ,,	3	10	0
Flannel Sizing-Plain-72 ,,	3	14	0
Flannel Sizing-Twill-72 ,,	3	6	0
Flannel, Endless	0	12	3
Bandings—card rim—scroll	1	8	6
Bandings—Tubular No. 2s.	1	6	0
Bandings Tubular No. 3s.	1	0	0
Banding Spindle 3 ply.	1	5	6
Rope Lambeth 1-1/2 and 1-3/4	1	7	0
Rope Kenion—1-1/2 and 1	55	0	0
Pickers—No. 4, (English			
Picking Nands hairy	2	6	0
chrome)	5	8	0
Picging Sticks	30	0	0
Bobbins Slubbings Ja	2	0	0
Bobbins—Rovings Jap	7	0	0
Bobbins—Conical 5"	3	0	0
Robbins—Ring-5" J		8	0
Bobbins—R g-6" J		10	0
Bobbins—Weft 5 3		0	0
Bobbins—Weft-6"		0	0
Bobbins—Slub. Sl		8	0
Robbins—Rowings		2	9
Fillet—Emery		0	9
Fillets—Cylinder			

STOCKS AND SHARES

STEADY BUYING IN MILL SHARES.

DEMAND FOR SCINDIA.

MILL SHARES.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

To-day Coton Mill Shares opened unchanged and improved on steady buying. There was good demand for Fazal Groups and rumour of good profits of Indian Bleaching, induced keen demand. The market showed a good rise with a firm undertone.

MISCELLANEOUS

There was scattered buying in Cement Shares. Tata Iron Shares ruled steady on general buying. Deferreds opened at Rs. 298-2 improved to Rs. 302-8, but relapsed Rs. 4. Later on steady demand hardened price to Rs. 301-4. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 83-2 and hardened to Rs. 83-12. Hydros were quiet, but steady with a small business. Alcock, Burmah and Tramway ruled steady. Steamer opened at Rs. 285 and improved to Rs. 289. At this level long liquidation depressed prices to Rs. 283, but again recovered to Rs. 287-8. Scindia Shares were in good demand and after declining to Rs. 18-14 hardened to Rs. 19-8. There was some liquidation of Imperial Bank Shares. Tata Iron first Preference improved slightly.

SECURITIES.

Government Papers ruled rather steady to-day.

COTTON MILLS.

Paid up.	Feb. 17, 1928. Closing rates.
100 Ahmed. Advance	400
100 Alliance	30
50 Apollo	6
500 Bombay Cotton	317|8
200 Bombay Dyeing	955
250 Bradbury	270
100 Century	463-12
100 Colaba Land	145
500 Central India Pr.	485
100 Colaba Land	146|4
100 Coorla	172/8
100 Crescent	190
250 Currim	260
500 David	270
250 Dawn	660
200 Edward Sassoon	112|8
10 S. D. Sassoon	0/14/0
100 Elphinstone	17
250 Fazulbhoy	893-12
50 Finlay	160
1000 F. Petit	500
100 Globe	30
100 Gokak	131|4
100 Indian Bleaching	300
100 Indore Malwa	362|8
100 Jamshed Mfg.	47/8
50 Kastoorchand	25/4
100 Khatau	95
100 Kohinoor	296/4
1000 Luxmi Cotton	6750
100 Madhavrao Sed.	4
100 Madhowji	115
500 Mathradas	50
1000 Maneckji Petit	1460
100 Mever Sassoon	86/4
1000 Morarji	2030
200 New Great	316-4
10 New City	115
250 Pabaney	287-8
200 Pearl	603-12
100 Phoenix	420
10 Premier	12|12
1000 Sholapur	7800
250 Simplex	207|8
50 Swan	160
100 Swadeshi	532/8
500 Tata Mill	82/8
500 Vishnu Cotton	3050

BANKS.

300 Imperial	1465
125 Indian	358-12
50 India	92-8
2 Baroda	91-8
25 Central	25/14
25 Eastern	92
£12 1/2 National Bank	£50

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahr. Prantji	915
Amritsar Patti	143
1/ Cen. Prov. Rly.	100/8
100 Dhond Baramati	102
100 Guzerat Rly.	93|8
100 Hoshiarpur	99
100 Khulna Baghirhaut Rly.	95
90 Mandura Bhoa	77 x.d.
100 Sara Sirajgunj	99
100 Sialkote	105
100 Sindh Lt. Rly	140
100 Upper Sindh	90
500 Tapty Valley	722/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

100 Ahmedabad Electric	112
100 Andhra Valley	775
100 Alcock	397-8
125 B. Burma	857/8
10 B Burma No. 1	305
10 Br. India Insurance	8/8
8sh. Bt. Burma Pet.	4/14
50 B.Tramway	156/14
50 B Tramway Pref.	69
200 Bombay Steam	287-8
50 Bombay Telephone	52
10 Bundi Cement	23/10
250 Indian Cement	318/12
10 Central Indian Mining	23|
£ 1 Eastern Chemical ordy.	1|-
he 2 Do. Defd.	1
100 Katni Ordinary	252-8
10 Katni Deferred	820
50 Oriental Life Ass.	1950

SECURITIES.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 76.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 94-2.

4 per cent Loan due 1934/37 Rs. 93/8.

4 per cent Loan due 1960-70 Rs. 87-14.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 100.

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 101/4.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 Rs. 102-6.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 106-9-6.

5-1|2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1928 Rs. 105|5.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 103-4.

6 per cent Bonds (Free Tax) due 1931 Rs. 104-12

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 106/1.

6-1/2 per cent. Bombay Development loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 111-9.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 85-4

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs. 84/4.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 84-8.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 110-12.

6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 102.

Forward Rates.—2nd March Sett. 3-1|2 per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 76/0/6 1945/55 Rs. 106-10-6.

Tone of Market:—Steady.

25 New India Insur.		21-6
10 Punjab P. Cement		14-14
10	Pref.	15/2
10 Shivrajpur		45/12
75 Tata Iron Ordinary		93-12
20 Tata Iron 1st Defd.		301-4
150 Tata Iron 1st Pref.		138
100 Tata Iron 2nd Pref.		95-8
1000 Tata Hydro		1122-8
100 Tata Oil		43
1000 Tata Power Ord.		565
100 Tata Power Pref.		900
215 Scindia Steam		19-6
PREFERENCE SHARES.		
10 7-1/2 p. c. Punjab Portland Cement		14/12
100 7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 1st pref.		138
100 7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd pref.		95/4
1000 7 p.c. Hydro Pref.		1035
1000 7 p.c. Hydri Pref.		1035
1000 1 p.c. Andhra Valley Pref.		997/8
500 1 p.c. Vishnu Pref.		625
150 6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref.		135
500 5.1/2 p.c. Tata Mill Pref.		110
600 5 p. c. Nagpur Pref.		487

KARACHI WEEKLY SHARE MARKET

(Messrs. Gulab and Co.)

KARACHI, Feb. 14.

A fairly large volume of business has been transacted in Railway shares. Big blocks of Larkhanas were offered and readily absorbed. The Upper Sinds have been wanting, while there has been some enquiry for the Sind Lights and the demand appears to have been fulfilled.

The Electric section has been buyers, but the business is difficult owing to the shortage of the scrip.

The Sind lighterage has buyers on the rumours of a favourable working and may be held for higher prices.

The Flour Mill shares have been wanting.

The Karachi Port Trust Debentures have a sagging tendency and many lots have been dealt in buyers' favour.

Name of the Company.	Paid up Value.	Present Value.
Sind Lights	100	140
Sind Lighterage	150	135
Larkhana Jacobabad	100	88
Upper Sinds	100	88
Electrics:—		
Karachi Electrics	100	110
Hyderabad Electrics	100	110
Debentures:—		
6 p.c. Karachi Port Trust	100	110
Flour Mills:—		
Karachi Flour Mills	80	125
India Flour Mills	60	115
Century Flour Mills	100	100

BOMBAY CITY & SUBURBS.

TO-DAY.

5H Week Fete, Cooperage, 5 p.m.

The s.s. "Razmak" with the English mails sails at 1 p.m. connecting s.s. "Malwa" at Aden.

Bombay Races: Fourth Day of Big Meeting.

Maharashtra Youth Conference at Marwadi Vidyalaya Hall, at 5 p.m.

SUNDAY, Feb. 19.

H. H. the Aga Khan distributes prizes to the best exhibitors of Agricultural Cattle, Akurli Gowshala, 5 p.m.

MONDAY, Feb. 20.

Bombay Legislative Council meets at the Town Hall, 2 p.m.

The Vice-Chancellor and Lady Setalvad will be "At Home" to H. E. the Chancellor and Lady Wilson, University Convocation Hall 5-30 p.m.

IN MEMORIAM.

BHATTACHARJEE—In fond and never-ending memory of my beloved father N. R. Bhattacharjee (Atropos) who passed away in Bombay on 18th February, 1922.

"Gone but not forgotten."

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails from Australia via Dhanushkodi, for Bombay are due here on Sunday and Monday, the 19th and 20th instant respectively.

B.P.C.C. EXHIBITION COMMITTEE.

A meeting of the Exhibition Committee of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Congress House.

UCCASSAIM PARISH UNION.

A social gathering organized by the above Union, will be held at the Instituto Luso Indiano Hall to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail Steamer "Ranchi" arrived London on Thursday, the 16th inst.

The Clan line s.s. "Macbridge" arrived at Suez on the evening of the 15th instant.

VEENA PERFORMANCE AT MAHIM.

There will be a veena performance at Abdul Sattar Building, Block No. 8, Mahim to-day (Saturday) by Deesamangalam Subramania Bhagavatar. All South Indians and other lovers of music are cordially invited to grace the occasion and contribute their mite to its success.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar,, will conduct a public class on Bhagavat Geeta in English at 953, Cadell Road, Bhandarwada, Dadar, on Sunday morning at 9 a.m. (S.T.),

The Swami will also conduct a public class on Bhagavat Geeta at Dr. Chhottalal's Bungalow, Borivli, the same evening at 7 p.m. (S.T.)

YOUNG THEISTS' UNION.

Under the auspices of the Young Theists' Union Miss Sulabhabai Panandikar, M.A., will read a Paper based on the Thesis on "Personality of God," which won for her the Chancellor's Gold Medal last year, to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the Prarthana Samaj Hall. Mr. V. G. Bhandarkar will preside. All are cordially invited to attend.

CITY'S MORTALITY.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of Thursday to 6 a.m. of Friday:—

Small-pox attacks 3, death 1; Cholera attack nil, death nil; Plague attacks 2 (1 imported from Santa Cruz), death 1; Influenza attack nil, death nil.

Total mortality (exclusive of the still-born) 72. Total mortality this day last year was 85.

PUBLIC LECTURE ON TELUGU LITERATURE.

Under the auspices of the Bombay Andhra Association a public meeting of the Andhras (Telugus) of Bombay will be held at 6 p.m. in the Telugu Hall Kamatipura Bazar Road, to-day) (Saturday) when Mr. N. G. Narsimha Acharya will speak on "A Study of Telugu Literature, poetry and music." Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai will preside. All are cordially invited to attend.

BOMBAY MAHARASHTRIYA YOUTH CONFERENCE.

At a meeting of the Reception Committee, held on the 14th, Mr. B. G. Kher, Solicitor, was elected President of the Conference.

The Conference will be held in the Marwadi Vidyalay a Hall on the 18th and 19th instant and following is the programme:—

To-day (Saturday): 5 p.m. to 7-30 p.m.: Address of the Chairman of the Reception Committee and the President and the electon of the Subjects Committee.

Sunday (19th): 12-30 p.m. to 4-30 p.m.: Resolutions, vote of thanks and President's concluding speech.

PURSE TO MR NARIMAN.

EX-MINISTER RECOMMENDS PRESENTATION.

MOTION IN LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Among the non-official resolutions that will come up for discussion during the budget session of the Bombay Legislative Council commencing on Monday afternoon, is one given notice by Mr. B. V. Jadhav recommending to Government to take into consideration the great public service done by Mr. K. F. Nariman, M.L.C., in exposing the misdeeds of the Development Department and to sanction a substantial amount to be paid to him to enable him to meet the heavy cost he had to incur in defending himself.

The session will be formally opened by His Excellency the Governor who will drive in State to the Town Hall at 2-30 p.m.

When the Council reassembles after tea, Sir Chunilal Mehta will present the financial statement for the year 1928-29.

SIR S. B. BILLIMORIA

TRIBUTE TO HIS SERVICES

In honour of the Knighthood conferred on Sir Shapurji B. Billimoria, the shareholders and staff of Messrs. S. B. Billimoria and Co., Bombay, met together at Dadyseth Fire-temple, Girgaon Road, on Thursday, under the presidency of Mr. N. M. Raeji, to present him with an address.

In the address mention was made of the public services rendered by Sir Billimoria especially in connection with the Meyer's Committee for enquiring into the Back Bay bungle. Reference was also made to the great services rendered by Sir Billimoria in the capacity of a liquidator or joint-liquidator in exposing the affairs of the Specie Bank and several Bank branches and companies in the Punjab, and also to the great honour given to him by the mercantile community of Bombay by electing him President of the Indian Chamber of Commerce for the current year.

The address was given in a beautiful silver casket. The President, in presenting the address, spoke eulogistically of Sir Billimoria's services and his independent nature.

Sir Billimoria thanked them all for the honour done to him, and referred to the hardships that he underwent and the temptations that were put in his way and were spurned, in his career as auditor and liquidator. He had spurned once a bribe of rupees two lakhs. Neither had he cared for threats. He exhorted all to follow the path of rectitude and to act according to the dictates of their conscience.

Sir and Lady Billimoria were then garlanded.

LIGHTNING STRIKE OF TELEPHONE CO'S WORKMEN.

DEMAND FOR INCREASE IN PAY.

The Bombay Telephone Co. Ld. was under the spell of a lightning strike on Thursday when about a hundred Linemen struck work demanding an increase in their pay. They did not specify the increase but stated that they were entitled to an increase and a bonus in view of their long and loyal services. The Chief Engineer on hearing of the strike asked them to go to their work and promised to consider their demand. The strikers, therefore, resumed work on Friday morning and the strike came to an end.

NAVJOT CEREMONY OF MASTER MISTRI

PRESENCE OF DISTINGUISHED GATHERING

A large number of distinguished guests of different communities of Bombay responded the invitation of Dr. and Mrs. R. M. Mistry, (member of the Bombay Municipal Corporation) to witness the "Navjot" (Thread ceremony) of his son Master Maneck on Friday evening at the Allbless Baug. Among those present were also Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim, Mr. L. R. Tairsee, Mr. R. H. A. Dolves, Rao Bahadur A. K. Pai, Rao Bahadur B. N. Athavle, Mr. R. M. Chinoy, Mr. H. M. Ghotani, Mr. S. K. Bole, Mr. S. A. Mantri, Mrs. A. Mackenzie, Mrs. Avantikabai Gokhlay, Miss Bachubai Lotwalla and others. The guests enjoyed the music for about an hour and then adjourned to partake of the refreshment which was sumptuously provided. The Parsi guests who numbered more than a thousand celebrated the occasion with a hearty dinner which was provided in a spacious shamiana erected in the compound adjoining the Kemp and Co.

PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE

CANADA'S EVENTUAL ENTRANCE PREDICTED

LONDON, Feb. 17.

Washington.—Canada's eventual entrance into the Pan-American Union, is predicted by Mr. John Barrett, former Director of the Pan-American Union, in a telegram to the Chairman of the Pan-American Conference at Havana, declaring that as the result of canvassing public opinion in Canada and the United States, he has been convinced that the Dominion Government would be represented at the next Pan-American Conference.—Reuter.

COMPULSORY STUDY OF VERNACULARS

SENATE'S DECISION.

Should the vernaculars be made a compulsory subject for the Matriculation examination or not was the subject of a very interesting and instructive debate at the adjourned meeting of the Senate of the Bombay University held on Friday evening. The interest was roused on a motion by Principal Kanitkar revising in lights of their experiences, the decision arrived at by the Senate three years ago to make vernaculars on optional subject for the Matriculation examination and make them now a compulsory subject. Several prominent members of the Senate took up the brief of the students who, they said, were already overburdened and insisted on the rejection of the motion. Several amendments were given notice of but only two of them could be moved as the debate continued for a pretty long time and almost every member took part in it—the last one deleting the first clause of the resolution. Both the amendments were carried simplifying the resolution to a great extent and once again deciding to let the vernaculars remain an optional subject as now.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, the Vice-Chancellor of the University who presided, made it very clear in the course of his introductory remarks that the resolution of Principal Kanitkar if carried, would ultimately necessitate a change in the curriculu of the Matriculation examination.

After a good deal of debate on the amendment, it was put to the vote and was carried by a narrow majority on the show of hands. A poll was demanded and it resulted in 40 votes for the amendment of Principal Murzban and 36 against it. The amendment was declared carried.

The Senate then adjourned till Saturday at 4 p.m.

PROHIBITION OF POLITICAL MEETING IN C. J. HALL

BOMBAY TRADE UNION'S PROTEST

The following resolution was passed by the united opinion of the Trade Unions of Bombay:—

The Trade Unions of Bombay protest against the arbitrary action of the authorities of the C. J. Hall in not permitting meetings to be held in the Hall, which, according to Government lights and knowledge, might appear to be political in nature. Such action is tantamount to ruthless suppression of public opinion on matters of general importance, which might as well pertain to the political conditions of the country. If the Hall has a right to be called a public Hall it should be open to the public to answer all its needs without any distinctions whatsoever as to its utility. The Unions note with great apprehension Government attitude in this direction.

BEDI BUNDER.

SALE UNTHINKABLE

An Associated Press message the other day stated that the Government of India were understood to have made an offer of Rs. 60 lakhs to His Highness the Jam Saheb for the purchase of Bedi Bunder port, and that a settlement on these lines would be followed by the removal of the Viramagm Custom line. The report, it is understood, is unauthorised as no negotiations whatsover have been entered into between the Government of India and His Highness the Jam Saheb of Nawangar State regarding the sale of the Port, which is regarded as "unthinkable".

DEATH OF HAJI ABDUL KARIM SHUSHTARY

AN OLD PERSIAN RESIDENT OF BOMBAY

The Fateha ceremony was held on Monday of 90 of Haji Abdulkarim Shushtary who from one side was related to the late Aga Mohammed Baker Khan Shirazi, the Premier Persian Merchant of Bombay in the last century and on the other side the deceased was the maternal uncle of the well-known Bombay merchant Mr. M. J. Shushtary. The late Haji Saheb was domiciled in Bombay for 72 years, but owing to the loss of his eye-sight he left Bombay for Najaf about 8 months ago to spend the rest of his life at the Holy Shrine of Imam Ali.

The Fateha ceremony was held on Monday last by the deceased's only son Mr. M. A. Shushtary at the Persian Mosque where almost all prominent Persians and others including H. E. the Persian Consul-ur, were present.

MAHARASHTRA YOUTH CONFERENCE

(BY A BOMBAY YOUTH).

Closely after the Bombay Presidency Youth Conference, comes the gathering of the Marathi-speaking youths of Bombay. The organisers of this Conference have wisely decided to restrict this Conference to those who claim Marathi as their tongue, as they have equally wisely decided to exclude no community from participation in the Conference. If the plan of this gathering has succeeded in being noticed by Marathi-speaking young Muslims, Christians, Jews, Brahmins, non-Brahmins, Untouchables and girls belonging to all these denominations, this evening's sight will be a delightful and an encouraging one to all Indian Nationalists.

It has been stated that for the presidentship of this gathering, three names were originally approved, viz., Prof. S. V. Puntambekar, whose choice was unanimous, Dr. Ambedkar and Mr. Khurshed F. Nariman. For the chairmanship, there were two names, viz., Veer Vaman Rao Joshi and Dr. Chitnis of "Subodha Patrika," an Anglo-Marathi weekly conducted under the auspices of the Prarthana-Samaj. The choice of the members of the Reception Committee fell on Dr. Chitnis. Mr. B. G. Kher has shown admirable tact in agreeing to help the organisers of the Conference, even when he was approached at the eleventh hour. Till it was announced in Thursday's papers, it was not certain who would preside over the Conference but it appears that Mr. Kher generously withdrew his condition of a unanimous election and has rightly preferred to be dutiful, instead of opinianative.

Now, there is no doubt that with Dr. Chitnis and Mr. Kher to guide them, the Maharashtra youths of Bombay, who are an intelligent and plucky section in this City will acquit themselves in a manner worthy of them. It may be pointed out here, that the new enthusiasm generated in the youth of the country is in a great measure due to Shapurji Saklatvala's advocacy of forming a Young Comrades' League last year, though of course the happenings of the last few months have stimulated the desire to organise and extend activities. Mr. Meher Ali assured Mr. Saklatvala in more than one meetings that they will have a youths' organisation and he and his friends have fairly kept that assurance. Let Maharashtra's youth to whose nationality a man of Dr. Pattabhi's discerning analytic eye pays the deserving compliment of being 'practical' and balanced and subtle,' do their part of the common duty before India's youth.

ESSENTIALLY A HOUSE OF COMMONS MAN.

MORE TRIBUTES FROM COMMONERS AND LORDS

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Rugby.—In associating himself with the tribute paid to the memory of Lord Oxford by the Premier in the House of Commons, Mr. Ramsay MacDonald said:

Lord Oxford was a party leader who in his most stressful moments never used weapons that were not honourable or made appeals which were cheap or base. His death snapped the link that bound this generation to the past. He was a cultured gentleman and man of the world looking upon men with humour, toleration and stoicism.

A HOUSE OF COMMONS MAN.

Mr. Lloyd George said, while Lord Oxford during the last three years had been a member of the Upper Chamber he would always be remembered as Mr. Asquith. He was essentially a House of Commons man. It was generally recognised that no more perfect or finished debator had ever taken part in the discussions of the House of Commons. He always gave the impression not of an advocate pleading a case with earnestness and passion but of a judge summing up facts and delivering judgment. Temperamentally as far as equipment was concerned he was essentially a judge. Mr. Lloyd George concluded: "He died on the banks of the Thames. His spirit was akin to a river—placid, calm, moving with the steady flow, never boisterous or turbulent, even in the very worst weather. He has passed into history and will fill his place there with impressive distinction."

TRIBUTES IN THE LORDS.

In the House of Lords Marquess of Salisbury, the Conservative Leader, said, Lord Oxford as a great party leader, statesman and administration, would hold a tremendous position in the English history. As the Premier in 1914 he had the moral courage to accept the arbitrament of war though no man was more opposed to war.

...r Party) and Lord Grey (Liberal Party) joined in the tribute. Lord Grey who was Foreign Secretary at the outbreak of the War in 1914, declared that the fact that this country came into war as it did with practical unanimity was due, he believed, to the effect of the qualities displayed by Lord Asquith.

Both the Houses after these speeches adjourned as a mark of respect to the deceased.—B.O.W

WESTERN INDIA TENNIS.

MEDIOCRE MATCHES

On Friday afternoon, fifteen matches in the Western India Tennis Tournament were played off. The matches were of a mediocre order, only a few being contested but they were far from being exhilarating exhibitions.

INTER-COLLEGIATE HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

ST. XAVIER'S WIN THE SHIELDS

St. Xavier's College has won the shield. They played every College twice and won every single match. Five Colleges took part in the tournament.

Results:—St. Xaviers' vs. Elphinstone. 1st match, 6—0; 2nd, 9—0, S.X. vs. Grant Medical, 1st match 5—1; 2nd 5—1. S.X. vs. Wilson: 1st match, 6—0; 2nd 14—0; S. X. vs. Gordhandas Medical. 1st match, 4—0; 2nd 1—0. Total St. Xavier's scored 50 goals against 2.

St. Xavier's have also annexed this year the Inter-College Athletic Sports Cup; the Inter-College Tennis Cup; the Inter-College Cricket Cup, and now lastly the Inter-College Hockey Shield. A goodly record.

St. Xaviers' Team:—P. Rodrigues; W. Green, E. Pereira; R. Coutts, J. D'Souza, T. Saldanha; L. D'Souza, J. S. Parekh, A. Lobo, J. Fialho, P. D'Mello.

A SADHU ARRESTED

ALLEGATION OF THEFT OF ANOTHER SADHU'S PROPERTY

Harinarayandas Ghadarvasidasji Gungaprasad, a Sadhu, was arrested by the Bombay City Police in connection with the theft of jewellery and other properties valued at Rs. 3,000 from the Sirchatranjee Muth at Tirupati. It was alleged that a Sadhu named Jagannathdas committed the theft and made away with the property. Harinarayandas also left Tirupatti about the same time. Some time after he was seen at the Harpet railway station where he admitted that he knew the whereabouts of the accused. He had also a list of the property stolen and a bundle in his possession. He now said that he had lost the bundle.

Harinarayandas was placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Friday and an application was made by the police to remand him in custody as it was suspected that he was concerned in the theft.

The Magistrate ordered the accused to be remanded in custody till the 27th instant.

PREMIER'S TRIBUTE IN COMMONS

"UNRIVALLED IN HIS GENERATION"

LONDON, Feb. 16.

The House of Commons adjourned at four this afternoon as a tribute of respect to late Lord Oxford. Mr. S. Baldwin Prime Minister, moving adjournment, paid a tribute to Lord Oxford as "perhaps one of the greatest Parliamentarians of the last century" with a fine intellect, a scholar and speaker unrivalled in his own generation with unassailable integrity, unwavering loyalty, and magnanimity." Messrs. Ramsay MacDonald, Lloyd George and T. P. O'Connor also paid tributes.

Lord Oxford will be buried at the All Saints' Church, Sutton Courtney on the 20th February. Only relations and friends will be present.—Reuter.

INDIAN SETTLERS IN AUSTRALIA.

TOURIST'S TRIBUTE TO THEIR HONESTY AND INDUSTRY

MADRAS, Feb. 17.

Mr J. R. MacDonald, J. P., a prominent member of the Australian Labour Party who arrived in Madras this morning on a tour in India for studying forest development interviewed struck an optimistic note regarding the status of the Indian settlers in Australia and expressed the opinion that he would rather see Indians who were members of the same Empire admitted into Australia than Greeks and Sicilians who were now admitted.

TRIBUTE TO INDIANS.

Answering the charge that Indians, if admitted, would lower the standard of living, Mr. MacDonald said that the Minimum Wage Law and the Arbitration Boards were adequate safeguards against such contingency. Concluding he characterised the Indian settlers in Australia as honest, hardworking sober and industrious people.—A. P.

The committee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, for the current year, has been formed The President is Mr. D. P. Khaitan. Senior Vice-president Mr. Faizullabhai Gangji, and Vice-president Mr. Sheokisan Bhatter.—Free Press

BOMBAY RACES

FOURTH DAY

SELECTIONS BY "SENEX."

1ST RACE.
- KADOOR BEG 1
- SHEEMA 2
- ZEEBAR 3

2ND RACE.
- AVAR 1
- ROBERT 2
- GHAZUWAN 3

3RD RACE.
- TALES OF ESSEX 1
- JUBILANT 2
- BRITOMART 3

4TH RACE.
- AHYID 1
- AMAR 2
- NOMAN 3

5TH RACE.
- GAPENCAIS 1
- TRES FACILE 2
- CHAPATTI 3

6TH RACE.
- LOWBORN 1
- FLYING STEVE 2
- POOR SCATS 3

7TH RACE.
- GIFT O'THE GLEN 1
- POLYCHROME 2
- FRENCH BRIAR 3

8TH RACE.
- MOSS 1
- ABORIGINE 2
- CAP-A-PIE 3

9TH RACE.
- SARSAM 1
- BUCKNELL 2
- MOZAN 3

BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL

BUDGET TO BE INTRODUCED ON MONDAY

The year's first session of the Bombay Legislative Council will be held in the Town Hall on Monday when the Budget for the year 1928-29 will be introduced.

MR. R. D. BELL NOMINATED TO COUNCIL

A Bombay Govt. Gazette extraordinary dated Friday the 17th instant states:—

His Excellency the Governor is pleased to accept the resignation by Mr. H. Dow, of his office of member of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bombay and to nominate Mr. R. D. Bell, being an official, to be a member of the Legislative Council.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET

JUTE SHARES FIRM

(From Our Own Correspondent)

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17.

In the Share Market to-day Jute shares were firm, Howrahs, Clives, Bally, Dalhousie, Union, Reliance and Budge Budge doing at higher rates. Cottons remained unaltered. Coals had only a limited doing. Miscellaneous were without any special feature. Teas were unchanged. Government Securities were quiet.

Government Securities: 3 1/2 per cent; G. P. 76/3; 4 per cent Loan (1960/70) 88/5; 5 per cent Loan (1945/55) 106/14.

Railways:—Katakhal Lalbazar 78.

Jutes:—Albion 549; Auckland 403/8; Belvedere 699; Bally 335, 340; Budge Budge 350; Barnagore 305; Caledonian 783; Champdany 200; Clive 52/14; 53, 52/-14, Dalhousie 617, Gourepore 1000; Howrah 67/8. Hukumchand 24/11; Kamarhatty 851; Lansdowne 357; Orient 322; Nuddea 70/8; National 36; Northbrook 77/12; Reliance 92; Presidency 13/8. Union 900

Miscellaneous:—Bengal Iron 18/4. Indian Iron and Steel 19/1; 19/5; 19/4; Burn and Co. (Ordy.) 412/8; Hessian 18/1; Jute 63.

LATEST COTTON QUOTATIONS

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, 375, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.)

NEW YORK.

JULY.

	Feb. 17.
Previous Closing Rate	18.11
To-day's Opening Rate	18.25
Difference	plus .14
To-day's Closing Rate	18.06
Difference	—.05

LIVERPOOL.

	Feb. 17.
Previous Closing Rate	9.66
To-day's Opening Rate	9.58
Difference	—.08
To-day's Closing Rate	9.65
Difference	—.01
Broach Expectation	357

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The Bombay Chronicle.
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1928.

BOYCOTT TELLS ON BIRKENHEAD

We reviewed yesterday two main speeches in the Assembly on the boycott resolution, that of Lala Lajpat Rai, the mover of the resolution, and of Mr. Crerar, the official spokesman. Some of the other speeches may be noticed here as they reveal the thought currents in the Assembly. After Lala Lajpat Rai had spoken, Sir Zulfiqar Ali Khan moved an amendment to the effect that "the procedure put forward by the Indian Statutory Commission merits favourable consideration of this Assembly." The burden of his song was that Indians were too divided and too mindful of their communal interests to be fit to work on the Commission. From this outrageous assumption which he has borrowed from Lord Birkenhead and which is repudiated by his own community, he jumped to the conclusion that the British were the best guardians of national interests and the interests of minorities. Our apology for even noticing this opinion is only that such reasoning reveals the mentality of those—happily few—who, in the words of Sir Abdur Rahim, "with the brand of Mir Jafar on their foreheads are too happy to say 'amumna wa saddaqua' (I believe! I acknowledge!) to whatever the powers-that-be may propose." Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar referring to Government's solicitude for the minorities put it plainly, if bluntly, when he pointed out that "this solicitude was not for their welfare but for the British commercial and official minority in India whom the Government wanted to give every possible protection." He had evidently in mind the Ratio Bill, Government's refusal to protect Indian textile industry and the attempt, happily frustrated, to impose a fraudulent Reserve Bank on the country. Sir Darcy Lindsay came to closer grips with the question and laboured to make out that "the Joint Committee would have far greater powers than Mr. Jayakar, in his modesty of thought had asked for." What Sir Darcy meant was greater opportunities to petition. This he made clear in his concluding remark that "instead of splitting straws over the composition and powers of the Committees, they would be on sounder ground in claiming a full and equal share in the deliberations of the Joint Committee." Here is the right issue candidly stated, though not fairly. Indians are to be content with an equal share in the deliberations, that is in talk, but should not split straws over the "powers" of the Committees. Let us agree to differ here. It is precisely the powers that Indians demand, for which no amount of deliberation or representation is a substitute. Government and their spokesmen will do well to accept the following suggestion of Mr. Jinnah: "If you want petitioners, I wish you luck, but be frank and honest. Do not tell us that we have got equal status and equal powers, and do not mislead the rest."

Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Jayakar exposed the myth of equality of status assigned to the Indian Committees. Mr. Jayakar, who is not over-fond of strong words, observed that Sir John Simon's scheme of the Joint Free Conference "was a complete travesty of equality of status." He specially objected to the provision now made in respect of the recording of secret evidence and in regard to appending the Indian Committee's report to the Commission's report "without any procedure for securing an unanimous report signed by both the Indian Committee and the Commission." "We reject the statement of Sir John", he said, "because it is not a 'bona fide' statement." Mr. Jayakar reiterated the claim made by the Responsivists of Maharashtra that "India desired her accredited representatives to occupy the position of judges and architects of India with co-ordinate powers and to sit with the representatives of the British people; and unless this was agreed to, it would not be possible for India to co-operate and assist in the work of the Commission." Mr. Jayakar's indictment of the present Commission is as clear as it is emphatic and there should be no more room for any misunderstanding about the position of the Responsivists with regard to the boycott. Sir Darcy must now admit that Mr. Jayakar's demands are not quite so modest as he thought them to be. Mr. Jinnah was no less emphatic. While demanding genuine equality of powers for Indians, he made out a good point by stating that no concessions in the gift of Sir John could give that equality, as equal status "could be given by no other authority than that which appointed the Simon Commission." We have always held the same view and it is surprising that there are still some persons who think that Sir John can give equal status to the Indian Committees. So far as the present scheme is concerned, Mr. Jinnah doubted if any man "possessing even the meanest intelligence could declare that equality of status and powers had been granted to Indians." Even as regards what is called the "unprecedented" privilege given to Indians to sit at Westminster "to develop criticism and objections" with the Parliamentary Committee, Mr. Jinnah asked how the Indian Committee is thus "in a better position than a Committee of the Anglo-Indian Association." Once again Mr. Jinnah warned his community against the machinations of those who seek to exploit Muslim loyalty. "You have been fooled", he said, "and you want to be fooled again, but I refuse to be fooled." We trust his warning will not go unheeded.

We shall not speculate about the chances of the boycott resolution in the Assembly. The country is prepared for all contingencies. But if there was any doubt about the decision of the Legislative Assembly, it will be removed by the speech of the Secretary of State. Lord Birkenhead, in his latest speech, repeats the official threat that "with or without" the assistance of the Legislature the Commission will carry its task to a conclusion. The fact that he has chosen to break his self-imposed vow of silence which he so ostentatiously advertised on the eve of the Simon Commission's departure from England, shows clearly that the boycott which was once pooh-poohed by him has now begun to tell. For that very reason it is now proof against threats. In his characteristically supercilious way Lord Birkenhead adds: "I wholly misread the temper and sophisticated political intelligence of my countrymen if they (boycotters) succeed in proving that India is already ripe for an extension of the existing constitution by refusing in the first place to work it and by declining—in an organised boycott—to examine its present working." Threats like these have the matchless benefit of showing up the tests of fitness for Swaraj as adopted and to be adopted by those who constitute themselves the "sole judges" of India's fitness. According to Lord Birkenhead India can prove her fitness only by accepting the dictation of England at every stage. But because India is fit for Swaraj, she spurns such a test and the Secretary of State's threats only justify and strengthen India's determination to boycott the Commission. The "Evening News of India" considers Lord Birkenhead's speech as ill-timed and provocative, but it crudely betrays its real motive in condemning the utterance by contending that the sentiments he has expressed are true. The Indian public know what value to attach to Lord Birkenhead's utterances. They are not unfamiliar with his antecedents. His blatant insolence and his arrogant claim of trusteeship for "the millions of Muslims and millions of Depressed Classes" would be ignored by India as beneath contempt were it not for the fact that, as the "Evening News of India" confesses, Lord Birkenhead merely gives utterance in his own provocative manner to the real attitude of Britain towards India, namely, her determination to hold India in subjection as long as she can and to cloak that subjection in a camouflage of cant. India and those who are entitled to speak for her have had no doubt about the true character of the scheme of the Simon Commission,—that it is an affront to their self-respect and a travesty of equality of status. Lord Birkenhead's speech makes it as clear as crystal. After his speech only those who are dead to all sense of patriotism will have anything to do with the Commission at any stage and in any form.

SCATHING EXPOSURE.

Even the very brief cabled summary of Lord Olivier's articles on the achievements of British Imperialism in Africa which he is contributing to the "Manchester Guardian," indicates how thoroughly he is at one with those critics of the policy of exploitation of the African Native who see in it disaster to the indigenous population now under White "trusteeship" in Africa and a lowering of the morale of those who are allowed to exploit them. His views will be cordially endorsed by the present Governor of Tanganyika who, in a recent speech to the Legislative Council of that territory, declared himself against the idea of a Federation of East African territories. There is an intelligent and honest attempt in Tanganyika to build up Government so that the Chiefs will not lose the power they now exercise over their following. But in Kenya and the other African territories, the Native is regarded as not being fit for any Government of his own. He is just a unit, whether chief or commoner, for easy and undisturbed exploitation by the Whites. Such exploitation is called by the White settlers and their friends in Britain "trusteeship" and as Lord Olivier bitterly remarks the trusteeship is exercised "through the simple method of inducing the Native to work on the White man's estates." In Rodesia, "the inducement" by whipping is legally recognised. It is not difficult to see how loathsome this kind of "trusteeship" is to the Natives. There is another section of inhabitants in East Africa, the Indian community, who protest against it and they are, therefore, the 'betes noires' of the White settlers. The most disquieting feature of the whole question of Native "trusteeship" is General Hertzog's recently expressed annoyance that reformist spirits in Britain should presume to critieize it.

THE DIFFERENCE.

If foreign visitors to India are willing to be chaperoned by officialdom, are content to see India and her problems through official eyes, their passage through this country is made smooth and delightful. If they declare, however, that they are visiting India to see the land through Indian eyes, that they will be staying with Indians, they will be made to realise promptly the difference between official smiles and official frowns. The difference is great and unpleasant as Miss Freda Selbar, a recent guest from America to this country, found the moment she landed in Bombay. A special correspondent of the "Sunday Times," Lahore, gives a graphic description of the very particular anxiety the Custom officials are said to have displayed in searching her luggage. The hunt after Red propaganda ended, however, in a fiasco. The Home Member to the Government of India has it is understood, promised to investigate into this special treatment accorded to Miss Selbar. It will be useful if the American Government interests itself in the case and ascertains from Whitehall whether Miss Selbar's treatment as a political suspect was due to her crime of going to stay with Indians.

GOPAL KRISHNA GOKHALE

A LIFE DEDICATED TO INDIA

(BY V. N. NAIK.)

On Sunday 19th falls the thirteen anniversary day of the death of Gopal Krishna Gokhale. Gokhale died young in years, his hands full of work and with many plans revolving in his active and fertile mind for the political uplift of his countrymen. He was only forty-nine when, one morning, thirteen years ago, India heard, all of a sudden, of his death from cardiac asthma in his home at the Servants of India, Poona. Like his master Ranade, Gokhale died working.

During the week that his life hovered between this world and the next, he was busy drafting the post-war scheme of reforms which he confided to his two friends Sir P. M. Mehta and H. H. the Aga Khan. His brain had been almost exhausted and his body wasted by the arduous work he had put in as member of the Islington Commission on Public Services in India. The racial feeling that manifested itself in the evidence given before the Commission was a cause of great annoyance to his spirit. He was striving his hardest to compose the bitterness and differences exposed during the sittings of the Commission and it was his ambition, if life and health had been spared him, to bring the Commission round to submit a unanimous report. As it happened, the minute of dissent appended to the majority report by Sir Abdur Rahim embodied the considered view-point of Mr. Gokhale.

Then there was the question of the rapprochment between the two wings of the Congress organisation that had split at Surat in 1907. The question was about the inclusion of the two in the same body at the end of 1914. And the controversy over the matter as also the failure of the effort towards unity in that year had taxed to the utmost the composure of Gokhale. It had been a source of much misunderstanding, misrepresentation and heartburning. Preceding these last years, had come the agitation in India over the treatment of Indians in South Africa, in which Gokhale played a very conspicuous part. The responsibility was laid upon him to finance Mahatma Gandhi's passive resistance movement in South Africa. History bears ample testimony to the splendid and unselfish manner in which he discharged that responsibility with the co-operation, and support of friends and public workers all over India, and to the sympathetic response to India's demand in that respect from the Government of Lord Hardinge. The Gandhi-Smuts settlement of the Indian question in South Africa was brought about no less by the efforts of Mr. Gokhale than by the struggle of Mahatma Gandhi himself. Gokhale's visit to South Africa was an event of great political importance.

POLITICS—LIFE'S MISSION.

From the day that Gokhale entered the Supreme Legislative Council in 1902 to the very last moment of his life, he had hardly known what it was to give rest to his jaded mind and body. The hastening cause of his sudden death, among other inevitable factors, such as a damage to his heart during his first voyage to England and the general lack of home life and the consequent, systematic neglect of proper food and exercise, was that Gokhale refused to take rest when rest was so imperative for the recoupment of his shattered health. A year before, doctors had warned him but the warning remained unheeded. In his passion for hard work, in his intense, concentrated and strenuous efforts for the political awakening and regeneration of India, Gokhale burnt his life's candle too fast and departed at a time when the country needed his services very badly.

A DEDICATED LIFE.

Gokhale's public life began soon after he had completed his University education and sworn himself, after the example of Agarkar and Tilak, as the Life Member of the Deccan Education Society. It ended only with his death in February 1915. Next to Dadabhai Naoroji, his is the only life that may be mentioned as an example of a completely dedicated life. To both politics was a mission of their lives. Dadabhai toiled in England and Gokhale did similar work in India to the exclusion of everything else. They established a new tradition of public life in India. Like Dadabhai, Gokhale devoted to public work all his time, all his thought and the full resources of his trained mind and will.

In Gokhale's life-work we have a remarkable illustration of Emerson's advice to a true and fruitful worker, "not to enlarge his destiny" Gokhale fulfilled himself because he took care in his public life not to have too many irons in the fire at one and the same time. The success, that crowned his efforts in the intellectual and moral enrichment of his own personality and in the deep influence of that personality upon the life around him, was due, apart from great natural endownment, to Gokhale's clear visualisation of the goal he had in view and to his will and capacity to take infinite pains towards the attainment of that goal. Concentration and a stern refusal to be sidetracked were the master elements in the status to which he attained as one of the leaders of politically-minded India.

A PRACTICAL MYSTIC.

As we review his life-work from landmark to landmark, beginning with his evidence in England before the Welby Commission in 1897, through his activities in connection with Council and Congress work, his starting of the Servants of India Society, his visits to England in connection with the Minto-Morley reforms, right up to the time when, during the crowning years of his short and meteoric career, he had come to be regarded throughout the British Empire as a leader of great eminence, held in high esteem all over the country for his deep knowledge of the Indian problem, for his great insight and his unimpeachable sincerity and courage of conviction, we notice two principal strands in his intellectual and moral temperament. One was the strain of the idealist and mystic with a deep kinship of spirit, in this respect, with Mahatma Gandhi, the cause, perhaps, of the latter's regarding Gokhale as his Guru. The other element was that of the matter-of-fact man of large affairs. This blend in his nature may very well be hit off by the term, practical mystic. As we read Gokhale's speeches and writings we find this double strand working out in the texture of his mind. Sometime the two strands blend into one another to form a potent argument for the enfranchisement of his country into a nation of equal rights and status with the other dominions of the Empire. On other occasions they are kept severely apart as, for instance, in his discussion of financial and economic questions. The visionary in him, not in the disparaging sense of the term, projects himself, not unoften, in the closing perorations of his memorable utterances. As when, in one such utterance, he draws the attention of the powers-that-be to "The moving finger that writes and having writ passes on." This writing on the wall, in inscrutable and mystic letters, Gokhale read to the rulers of the land many a time during the stirring days of unrest following the huge blunder of the Partition of Bengal. His Congress Address of 1904 at Benares is a remark-

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Notes of The Day.

Consistent Policy.

The peculiar quality of the consistency of British policy came out in the reply of Lord Cushenden during a debate on the House of Lords. He declared on behalf of Government that "in the immediate future" there was no hope that Great Britain would change her policy "which had been consistent since 1820". The Government would not agree in conformity with this consistency to sign the optional clause accepting the jurisdiction of the Permanent Court of International Justice in judiciable disputes. According to Lord Cushenden it was not wise "to go beyond the customary system of arbitration." This is a bad pill for Lord Cecil and others in Great Britain who have vainly tried to make the British Tories realise that in Europe there is considerable distrust about this "customary system" which Britain loves in regard to arbitration. To them it appears that the custom is all in favour of Britain.

Deliberate Misrepresentation.

Foiled in their assiduous attempts to make the country believe that the boycott of the Simon Commission is crumbling down, Anglo-Indian journals are busy now in closely analysing the utterances of individual nationalist politicians with the hope of finding in them some little indication that the boycott will be taken off if certain conditions are fulfilled. The Delhi correspondent of the "Times of India" scrutinizes the speech of Mr. Jayakar on Lala Lajpat Rai's resolution in the Assembly and discovers from it that Mr. Jayakar was "willing, willing with his friends, to discuss this question (of equality) with the Statutory Commission." The "Times of India" carries the misrepresentation of Mr. Jayakar's ideas much further in the headlines it gives to the effusions of its Delhi correspondent. Mr. Jayakar, its readers are informed, wanted "a different kind of equality of opportuntiy" and they are told in glaring type that "Mr. Jayakar is willing to meet the Commission." This is a deliberate misrepresentation of Mr. Jayakar's essential argument that what he wanted was "complete equality."

Emphatic Attitude.

Mr. Jayakar's speech shows that his attitude on the subject of the boycott is unequivocal and emphatic. His argument differs in no wise from the one put forth by other Nationalist leaders. "I shall not be content" he says, "with a membership of the Commission unless there is complete equality." He observes further: "There is no equality now" and he asks Sir John Simon "if he is convinced that what we say is not wrong then he must go back and get that equality from Parliament or the King." The efforts of the Commission boosters to read in Mr. Jayakar's attitude a sign of co-operation with the Commission are ridiculous. The student community of Bombay should feel elated, by the way, that Mr. Jayakar gave Sir John Simon just the same advice as they did—"Simon Go Back."

Radically Wrong.

Mr. C. Raja, the nominated "representative" of the so-called Depressed Classes in the Legislative Assembly, evidently entertains a radically wrong conception of what a Statutory Commission can achieve or will be inclined to achieve. In his speech in the Assembly during the debate on Lala Lajpat Rai's resolution, he said: "They welcomed the Commission as there was a possibility of its proving a boon to the Depressed Classes. They would also urge the Commission to remove untouchability." The Commission may recommend that a few more jobs be made available to Mr. Raja's community, but this will hardly prove the boon he anxiously awaits. As for the eradication of this great curse of untouchability, previous experience of official efforts in the direction of hastening social reform through legislation should disillusion Mr. Raja and make him sceptical of the Commission's efforts. It is the Nationalist elements in the country that have pressed for such legislation and the bureaucracy has always stood in the way on behalf of the orthodox interests.

Those Awful Missionaries!

The Premier of Southern Rhodesia in a speech at a municipal function at Bulawayo gave a piece of his mind to busy-bodies in the British Parliament who ask questions about Rhodesia and to those awful missionaries who poke into other people's affairs in that colony and supply information about elementary necessities of Imperialism like whipping and child labour. Mr. Moffat, the Premier, was simply astonished at the effrontery of such people. What do they know of Rhodesia who do not know that the whipping clause had been on the Statute book for 30 years? To all who respect tradition that should be a sufficient answer, we presume, for the continuance of its existence on the Rhodesian Statute book. As regards child slavery in Rhodesia or enforced child labour, as it is called in euphemistic language, the Premier asserted that the very word "idenure" appeared "nowhere in the Native Control Act." Only Little Englanders can now complain that a golden age does not exist in Rhodesia.

Joint Efforts.

With the amalgamation of the "Westminster Gazette" with the "Daily News," frim the first of this month, a definite attempt is to be made by the combined group of Liberal politicians and financiers to strive for the propagation of Liberal principles, as understood in their broadest and noblest aspect. The Chairman of the "Daily News" remarked at a recent occasion that "Liberalism really believes that progress will come through a civic freedom, reinforced by a sound education and fostered by a belief in the forward march of humanity." The first issue of the "Daily News and Westminster Gazette" announces in its leading article that its creed lies "in the propagation of this doctrine of securing a civic freedom." It is a noble ideal to live up to, so different from the one which the Rothermere Press advocates through its many voices.

TO-DAY'S VOTE ON COMMISSION.

PROSPECTS OF POPULAR VICTORY.

LATEST ARRIVALS AND STRENGTH OF PARTIES.

SOLUTION OF COMMUNAL PROBLEM.

(By Telephone).

Our Special Representative in New Delhi in a telephonic message late last night states that the historic verdict that will be made in the Legislative Assembly to-day will result in a great victory for the popular side. The position according to his latest information is that the popular side is 67 strong to vote for the resolution of Lala Lajpat Rai on the Somon Commission, while the Government command only 65.

In spite of this re-assuring position, the situation is considered to be uncertain. Messrs. Fazal Rahimtoolah and Farooqui and Sir Hari Singh Gour are still reported to be sitting on the fence, uncertain as to which way they should vote. However whips of the popular parties are extraordinarily busy and their endeavours, according to latest advices, are meeting with hopeful results.

The exact position at the time of the receipt of this telephonic message is that the 67 votes of the popular side are made up of 36 Swarajists, 17 Nationalists, 9 Independents and 5 non-party men including Mr. N. M. Joshi, nominated non-official.

(From Our Special Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17.

"Will there be a tie to-morrow?" This query sums up the fears entertained on both sides regarding the final vote on the issue whether the Assembly shall boycott the Commission or co-operate with it. Of course it must be understood that this vote will include 52 members who are not Indian elected representatives, but either Government officials, or nominated Indian non-officials, or European non-officials. The Indian elected element will in any case be overwhelmingly for the boycott. But constituted as the Assembly is its vote will be signalled to the world as the vote of the House. That is why the whips are straining every nerve to win the necessary margin of even the narrowest majority. It is true that since yesterday Mr. Birla and Mr. Phookan have arrived; but there is the counter-balancing factor that Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas is no more and that Mr. Kikabhai Premchand has just come up from Bombay to vote with the Government. The whole vote may turn then on whichever side Mr. Farooki and Mr. Fazal Rahimtoolah will take. Mr. Farooki's recent statement had encouraged the hopes of his siding with the popular side, but rumour is busy stating that the Government is trying to get him to their side at any price. And that Mr. Fazal Rahimtoolah, the son of Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoolah, should have been so adrift is the most painful part of the lobby situation.

WILL HISTORY BE MADE?

However, to-morrow we will know how history is made. The House will go to vote in the afternoon and about eight more speeches may be made on the whole.

SOLUTION OF COMMUNAL PROBLEM.

To-day's holiday from the Assembly work was utilized by members in continuing their conversations at the All-Parties' Conference. I am told that the formulas in the field hold out a good prospect of the solution on the basis of the resolution of the All-India Muslim League passed at Calcutta early in January. Sir John Simon is reported to have called a number of press men to a Conference, but from talks that they had it transpires that nothing material came out of the interview. Information on the points such as the difficulty in their way of coming and watching the proceedings of the Assembly does not seem to have given, nor any statement made regarding what they have been seeing in the various villages they have been visiting. However, it is something that the Commission is beginning to realize after press criticisms that its secret movements have been furthering the distrust about their intentions and it is hoped that they will go a step further and make no secret of their movements and will take the public into the fullest confidence regarding them.

HINDU-MUSLIM SETTLEMENT IN SIGHT

PROVINCES ON LINGUISTIC BASIS

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17.

The All-Parties' Conference held this evening at Dr. Ansari's place, adopted as the basis of discussion of the Hindu-Muslim problem three draft proposals of Pundit Malaviya, Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru. After reiterating the need for the readjustment of the provinces on a linguistic basis, effect being given first of all in cases of Andhra, Utkal, Sind and the Karnatak, provided separated provinces shall be financially self-supporting, Pundit Malaviya states that the system of Responsible Government in the separated provinces should be similar to the former. Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar wants in addition to Pundit Malaviya's conditions, a sufficient guarantee for the protection of the minorities in each province and any amendment in the Constitution to be made by the Central Legislature only. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's draft pleads for a joint electorate with a reservation of seats for the minorities, subject to effective safeguards for the interests of the minorities, the North-Western Province and Baluchistan getting the same administration as the other provinces. There should be no separate electorates and no minority community should demand it. Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru's condition of the re-distribution of the provinces are the same as in the other proposals. These drafts will be discussed with Mr. Jinnah and other leaders and it is expected a solution of the Hindu-Muslim problem will be reached at to-morrow's meeting of the Conference.—Free Press.

A LADY'S SPLENDID ACHIEVEMENT

FIRST FLIGHT FROM MOMBASA TO NAIROBI

LONDON, Feb. 17.

The first flight from Mombasa to Nairobi and also the first flight undertaken in East Africa by a lady, was accomplished when Mrs. Carberry flying in the Moth aeroplane, arrived at Nairobi yesterday. Large crowds gave her a very enthusiastic send-off from Mombasa and she was accorded an enthusiastic reception at Nairobi. Throughout the journey, she was unaccompanied except by a non-technical passenger, Mr. Konearly, a member of the Legislature. Mrs. Carberry received very warm congratulations from Sir Alan Cobham, who is at present at Nairobi.—Reuter.

DINNER PARTY TO SIR JOHN

MADRAS, Feb. 17.

Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Law Member and Sir Murray Coutts Trotter, Chief Justice Madras High Court are giving a dinner party to Sir John Simon on the 24th instant.—A. P.

THE AFGHAN ROYALTIES

DETAILS OF STAY IN ENGLAND

LONDON, Feb. 17.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Francis Humphreys, British Minister at the Court of Afghanistan, has returned to London after seeing H. M. King Amanullah at Rome to arrange the details of the stay of Their Majestics the King and Queen of Afghanistan in England. He was received in audience by His Majesty King George at Buckingham Palace.—Reuter.

TREATY OF FRIENDSHIP

KING AMANULLAH TO VISIT RIGA

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Riga.—A Treaty of Friendship has been signed between Latvia and Afghanistan. King Amanullah will probably visit Riga in April.—Reuter.

MADRAS, Feb. 17.

The Masonic Deputation headed by Lord Cornwallis saided to-day for Rangoon.—A. P.

CAPT. HINKLER'S FLIGHT.

"QUITE UNEVENTFUL AND GOOD JOURNEY."

FROM ENGLAND TO AUSTRALIA IN 20 DAYS

RANGOON, Feb. 17.

Captain Bert Hinkler landed at Kyaiksan Race Course at 3-15 this afternoon. Interviewed by a representative of the Associated Press, Captain Hinkler said that leaving Calcutta this morning, he cut across the Bay of Bengal to Akyab, and flew straight on to Kyaukpyu and Sandoway, and then, passing over the Yomas at a height of 7,500 feet, he came to Henzada and to Rangoon. While passing over the Yomas, he noticed two distinct storms accompanied by considerable rain, and he passed between them over the bay. After Akyab, he had the wind behind him. His journey since he left England had so far been quite uneventful and good. He reckoned the distance from Calcutta to Rangoon by air to be 790 miles, and this he had covered in 7 3|4 hours, his average speed being ninety to hundred miles per hour. He said that at first he intended to fly direct to Tavoy without stopping at Rangoon and so he went down the river a little distance, but not being sure whether the daylight and his petrol-supply would last he changed his mind, returned and landed at the race course. He said that he was in the best of health, but needed sleep.

Captain Hinkler is the guest to-night of Mr. Mildenstein of Messrs. Graham Company. He intends to leave Rangoon tomorrow morning. His destination is not yet settled, but he desires to fly as far as possible. This is the eleventh day since he left Croydon, and he expects to reach Australia in a week's time.

Regarding the machine, Captain Hinkler said that it was quite alright, and in very good order.—A. P.

AMERICAN OIL TANKER BLOWN UP.

CAPTAIN AND 14 CREW KILLED.

LONDON, Feb. 17.

Tokio.—Terrible disaster at sea is disclosed by the arrival of a trawler carrying 21 survivors, several of them injured, of explosion, when the American oil-tanker "Chuky" suddenly blew up. Captain and 14 of the crew were killed.—Reuter.

LAW MEMBER'S PUBLIC SCHOOL SCHEME.

BENARES TEACHERS, OPPOSITION

BENARES, Feb. 16.

At a debate held last evening in connection with the Education Week which is being observed here under the auspices of the Teachers' Training College Association the following proposition was adopted by a majority:—"That in the opinion of this House India does not need the public school proposed by the Hon. Mr. S. R. Das, the Law Member of the Government of India."

Professor P. Seshadri presided and a large number of teachers, professors and other ladies and gentlemen were present on the occasion. Among those who took part in the debate were Principal Revd. Deane, Miss Veale, Dr. Yadunath Prasad and Professor Puntambekar.—A. P.

REV. UTTAMA TO VISIT FOREIGN COUNTRIES

RANGOON, Feb. 17.

It is understood that Rev. U. Uttama has obtained passport to visit the foreign countries. His programme is not known —Free Press.

ARABS DEMAND INDEPENDENCE.

"DEAD AGAINST ANGLO-IRAQ TREATY."

MUZAHIM BEY TO FOUND NATIONAL PARTY

LONDON, Feb. 17.

Muzahim Bey, Diplomatic Agent for Iraq in London, has been recalled to Iraq. Jafar Pasha, who resigned the Premiership of Iraq on January 9, following the resignations of the Ministers of Finance and Interior on publication of the terms of the Anglo-Iraq Treaty, being re-appointed Agent in London. The Iraq Parliament was dissolved on January 19.

"I am entirely in favour of the Anglo-Iraq alliance, but I am against the mandate and dead against the new Treaty", declared Muzahim Bey when interviewed by Reuter in connection with his recall to Iraq. Muzahim Bey said that the mandate ought to be revoked, capitulations abolished, and Treaty concluded, recognising Iraq's complete independence. He emphasised that conscription was necessary for Iraq which otherwise could not be defended. He also hoped that the lessons of past would ensure the advance of the Arab cause.

Muzahim Bey said that he expected to reach Baghdad towards the end of March where he would immediately found the National Party.—Reuter.

HARTAL DISTURBANCES

MADRAS ENQUIRY COMMITTEE

MADRAS, Feb. 17.

The Committee appointed by the Simon Commission Boycott Committee to enquiry into, take evidence and report on the happenings on February 3, will commence its sitting on Sunday next. The members of the Committee are Messrs. T. V. Venkatrama Iyer, Abdul Hameed Khan, B. Sambamurti, T. Adinarayana Chetty and B. Munuswami Naidu. The last named has not yet signified his assent to serve on the Committee.—A. P.

KARACHI IN MOURNING.

DEATH AT ALTAR OF DUTY

KARACHI, Feb. 16.

Karachi is deeply stirred by the news of Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas' death at Delhi. He had been seriously ill for two months, and was recuperating. It was his original intention to have been present at the opening of the Legislative Assembly, but the bitterly cold weather which Karachi has been experiencing during the past fortnight, coupled with reports that it was equally cold at Delhi, prevented him from leaving to attend the Assembly as Sind's representative. But when Lala Lajpat Rai sent him three successive telegrams, urging him to be present to record his vote on the Simon Commission issue, Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas resolved to brave the weather and in answer to the stern call of duty he left for Delhi on Tuesday. His father who is now at Hyderabad, Sind, is about eighty-four years of age.—A. P.

FUNERAL PROCESSION

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16.

The dead body of Mr. Harchandrai Vishindas was removed from the hospital to the house of his son in Kashmere Gate from which it was taken in a long procession to the funeral ghat where it was cremated.

Among those who followed the dead body were Sir Bhupendranath Mitra, Mr. L. Graham, Mr. Sams, Mr. V. J. Patel, Sir Walter Willson, Hr. Hyder, Sir Maneckjee Dadabhoy, Lala Lajpat Rai, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya and Sardar Gulabsingh.—A. P.

FUTURE PLANS OF SIMON SHOW

"TO KEEP AT ARMS LENGTH FROM GOVTS"

COMMISSION'S PROCEDURE IN ENQUIRY

SIR JOHN SIMON INTERVIEWED

NEW DELHI, Feb. 17.

Sir John Simon granted a joint interview to various press correspondents in New Delhi to-day, the subject of which was the future plans of the Commission. Sir John Simon and his colleagues have been working hard with a view to determining the line which their enquiry should take. Sir John said that the Commissioners felt that in view of the heavy work they would have to undertake when they returned in October, and in order that this might be satisfactorily handled, they should make early announcements as to the preparation of evidence well in advance. Sir John Simon explaining his view, said:

FUTURE PLANS.

"Our plans about all this are approaching completion, and we must not delay in making our announcement, because we want to give the fullest opportunity to all sides and all parties to prepare their material both for our own sake and in order that we may take full advantage of the methods of collaboration which we have suggested. When we return in October, all this material will, we hope, have been prepared and delivered, and then we can set to work. We shall have a definite itinerary and programme, and shall do our best to arrange to hear the necessary witnesses at the place and time most convenient. So I should be glad if it is made known that an announcement will shortly be made, and that in the interests of the efficiency of the enquiry, we shall expect that material will be collected in advance. Indeed, the sooner material is collected, the better. For example, there are many suggestions in the air for the future Constitution of India, and it is obvious that schemes of this sort, when they are thoroughly worked out, will be of very great interest and assistance not only to ourselves, but to all who study this problem and are deliberating on the future of India. We are not making any distinction in our own mind nor in our own intentions, between material from official sources and materila from non-official sources, and we already know that very important bodies of opinion in India are anxious to present their case to us in due course."

WRITTEN MATERIAL PREFERRED.

Sir John Simon's attention was drawn to the fact that some bodies, both official and non-official, were already collecting material for the Commission's review. Sir John replied that hitherto, his Commission had refused to receive any material. He was anxious to hear informally all those who wished to place their views before the Commission, in order to determine the main lines of the enquiry. He doubted whether they should proceed by issuing a formal questionnaire. They would probably set out the main subjects upon which information from various quarters would be invited. The idea underlying this was that the course of their enquiry and the main points for determination having been determined, the Commission would like to have light thrown on the subjects coming before them from all quarters, such as would serve to elucidate the points at issue. He thought that solid written material would in many cases do away with the need for the oral examination of witnesses.

"UNIFORM INVITATIONS."

Sir John Simon further made it plain that once their points for enquiry were determined, a uniform invitation would be extended to official as well as non-official bodies to express their views and this invitation would apply to party organizations, representative associations, the Government of India, Local Governments and other groups and individuals alike.

The next point raised was as to the time by which these statements should reach the Commission. Sir John explained that the Commission would be helped very materially if they were made available at the latest by the end of June. This would enable the Commissioners to have reasonable time to read them and classify them for the purpose of subsequent investigation. He added that if their invitation for co-operation from Indian Committees should be taken advantage of, it would be these memoranda which would be given to their Indian colleagues to enable them to examine them before such memoranda were discussed, or evidence taken on them by the Joint Conference.

COMMISSION AND GOVERNMENTS.

Sir John Simon was next questioned as to whether he would receive these memoranda direct, or through local Governments. He made it clear that the Commission was an independent body and would keep at an arm's length from the Governments in India, who were as much to submit their cases for examination as any public body. He would be leaving part of his Secretariat in India under suitable direction, so that these memoranda might be forwarded to the Commission's Office in India and duplicate copies of the same forwarded to the Commission in England.

WHAT HE SAW IN VILLAGES.

A suggestion was made that the movements of the Commission should be notified beforehand. Sir John gave an assurance that there was no desire whatever to keep them from the public, but said that their movements were determined at such short notice that it was apparently difficult to notify them regularly. But in order to take the Press into full confidence, he would always be prepared to explain to them, as he was doing to-day, as frequently as he could, their plans and intentions. He went and saw some villages round Delhi this morning, and was much interested in what he saw. The object of these visits was to see things for themselves and study conditions first-hand in the villages where the agricultural population of India was found. They could not learn everything by visiting the big towns only.

Finally, Sir John Simon took the opportunity publicly to express on behalf of his colleagues and himself how really grateful they were for all the kindness shown to them by so many people in New Delhi. "We came here as strangers, but have found that the traditions of Indian hospitality are very strong. We have been, in fact, treated with extreme personal kindness, and with very great regard."

The meeting terminated after Sir John had informed the Press correspondents that the Commission hope to finish their tour to Calcutta, Madras and Punjab by the third week of March.—A. P.

Courtesy: "News of the World."

RANGOON PEOPLE'S PARTY.

BOYCOTTS SIMON COMMISSION

RANGOON, Feb. 16.

At a meeting held last night, the People's Party decided to boycott the Simon Commission, and authorised the Executive Committee to draw up a constitution, if possible, in conjunction with other political parties in Burma, the draft Constitution to be submitted to the Party for final approval.—A. P.

SIMON'S HALT AT BENARES

BENARES, Feb. 16.

It is understood that the members of the Statutory Commission will halt at Benares on the 19th February for a few hours on their way to Calcutta.—A. P.

BIRKENHEAD'S THREAT TO INDIA

"BOYCOTT DOES NOT AFFECT PROGRAMME"

"UNFITNESS FOR EXTENSION OF CONSTITUTION"

PROTEST OF INNOCENCE OF SIMON'S LETTER

Speaking at Duncaster on Boycott Movement in India, Lord Birkenhead said that "With or Without" the assistance of the Legislatures, the Commission will carry its task to a conclusion.

After referring to the "Millions" of Muslims, "Depressed Classes", "business and Anglo-Indian community", who intend to put their case before the Commission", Lord Birkenhead hurls the threat: I wholly misread the temper and sophisticated political intelligence of my countrymen if they succeed in proving that India is already ripe for an extension of the existing constitution by refusing, in the first place to work it and by declining,—in an organised boycott,—to examine its present workings."

LONDON, Feb. 16.

"Plain" words were addressed to the people of India to-night with reference to their attitude towards the Simon Commission by Lord Birkenhead at Doncaster. He said "Those who delude themselves and India with the impression that by boycotting the Commission they can defeat its purpose are living in the world that has no contact with reality. We have attempted by every means in our power to make it plain that we shall welcome at every stage the contribution and assistance of Indian opinion officially represented and organised in the committees of the various assemblies. If we are denied the assistance which we have asked, does anyone really imagine that the Commission will desist from its activities or refuse to carry out its task? I can on the contrary, make it plain as any words at my command enable me to do, that, with the assistance of the legislatures or without them, this Commission will carry its task to a conclusion. Furthermore, whether on its return to Britain in March the Commission has met with such co-operation or not it will return to India in the following autumn and resume and complete its labours.

BRITAIN'S "TRUSTEESHIP."

"I would add this, that those who are organising boycott of this Commission, will, in my judgment, discover month by month how little representative they are of that vast and heterogenous community of which we are responsible trustees. They will discover millions of Muslims, millions of "Depressed Classes," millions of business and Anglo-Indian community who intend to put their case and argue their case before the Commission and that the Commission will ultimately report to Parliament. If the organised political opinion—a very small fringe of the whole of India—chooses to maintain itself in a silent boycotting aloofness, nevertheless the work of that Commission will be performed under this Government or under any Government of whatever political complexion that may succeed it. I would recommend this as a subject for reflection, not in any provocative spirit, to those who have ranged themselves in an organised premature hostility to our proposals.

THE THREAT.

"I would invite them to consider whether they think on the whole that the attitude which is being recommended by the extreme elements of Indian opinion is likely to persuade the very experienced electors of Britain that the political minded in India have proved themselves to be deserving and fit for the great extension of their present constitution. They might easily by co-operation, so prove it. They might prove it by sending the ablest of their members to sit with Sir John Simon and his colleagues. But I wholly misread the temper and sophisticated political intelligence of my countrymen if they succeed in proving that India is already ripe for an extension of the existing constitution by refusing in the first place to work it and by declining in an organised boycott. to examine its present workings with a view to its reform and possible extension."? (Cheers)—Reuter.

TRIBUTE TO LABOUR LEADERS

PROTEST OF INNOCENCE

LONDON, Feb. 17.

Prior to the above statement, Lord Birkenhead referred to the criticism at the non-inclusion of Indians on the Simon Commission and said that sixteen such would have had to be admitted in addition to the British to make it representative of major interests, even of India. He had gravely considered the position before recommending to his colleagues the present form of the Commission. They were satisfied that the only form of Commission that corresponded with the historical and constitutional facts of the situation and practical modern necessities of the case, was one which made it plain that this was and would remain a parliamentary responsibility of this country. He was of opinion that no more impartial or more efficiently-manned commission than the present, had ever left Britain. He then proceeded to pay tribute to Mr. Ramsay MacDonald who, as the principal Opposition Leader from the first had carried out what he conceived it his duty never hesitating for the moment. All responsible Labour leaders had taken the same course.

"SO LITTLE AWARE."

Lord Birkenhead said that he had never discussed with Sir John Simon the terms or substance of Sir John Simon's statement indicating the limits within which the Commission was prepared to admit and welcome Indian Committees' co-operation. He was so little aware of the precise terms that Sir John Simon intended to propose that he had read them—he would not say with little surprise but—as a new subject matter to which his mind had not been applied before it was proposed to the Indian Legislature.—Reuter.

BRITISH GOOD FAITH.

"APPOINTMENT OF COMMISSION—A GUARANTEE

LONDON, Feb. 16.

"The Daily News" thinks that Lala Lajpat Rai's speech in the Legislative Assembly has hardly improved matters even if India has a grievance in the constitution of the Simon Commission. Sir John Simon's letter to the Viceroy has made a suggestion which appears to give Indian aspirations all that can possibly be offered at this stage and deserved more than the summary rejection it received. The paper confutes Lala Lajpat Rai's argument that the British good faith could not be trusted and cites Mont-Ford reforms in this connection and the appointment of the Simon Commission in order to improve the scheme. The mere fact that Parliament has already agreed to transfer its powers to self-governing Dominions, is a proof of the advance intended and the conditions under which the Simon Commission has been appointed, are a further guarantee of the good faith. Whatever arrangements are finally concerted, they almost certainly will not be carried out by the present Government and it was for this reason that the main parties in the state were associated with the Commission in approval as well as in personnel.—Reuter.

WORLD'S SPEED RECORD

STRAIGHT FIGHT IN COMPETITION EXPECTED

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Daytona's White's American triplex fifteen hundred horse power car has been eliminated from the competition for the world's speed record owing to the absence of the clutch differential reverse gear. This means it will be a straight fight between Captain Malcolm Campbell driving Napier-Campbell "Blue Bird" and Frank Lokhard (Indianapolis) with a specially newbuilt car of four hundred horse power Stutz "Black Hawk".—Reuter's Special.

Later.—Captain Campbell narrowly escaped a serious injury when, while trying his "Blue Bird" at 175 miles hour he struck a rut and car was shot as from catapult thirty feet through air.—Reuter's Special.

The Queen of Afghanistan in Parisian La Mode whose magnificent furs and pearl ear-rings captivate the whole of Europe. She presided at the banquet given by her husband to the French President at the end of their French tour.

By Courtesy: The Illustrated London News.

SENSATION IN POONA.

MARRIAGE MUST COME OFF

ASTROLOGY TO MAHARAJA'S AID

WIDE SYMPATHY FOR MAHARANIS

POONA, Feb. 17.

The report that the two Maharanis of the ex-Maharaja of Indore visited Poona in order to try to persuade the Satya Samajists not to give their help in the wedding of the ex-Maharaja with Miss Miller has created quite a sensation in Poona. Persons interested in the Holkar family besieged the Jedhe Mansion, the Headquarters of the Maratha Mission, and Satya Samajists, and made persistent inquiries regarding the whereabouts of the two Maharanis and it was with great difficulty that they could be convinced by Mr. Jedhe, President of the Maratha Mission, that the rumour was unfounded.

PEOPLES' SYMPATHY FOR MAHARANIS.

Meanwhile the report having spread like wild fire in the neighbouring villages, even people from Jejuri, where the family deity of the Holkar dynasty is, and other villages of the Holkar State situated near Poona arrived in posthaste to Poona in large numbers to show their sympathies with the Maharanis and visited all the big houses in search of the Maharanis.

Another report received at the same time added to the sensation. This was from Colombo to the effect that a Hindu had gone to Colombo from Poona to convert Miss Miller. People were mystified as the message was not clear whether the Hindu was a Brahmin or a Mahratta, setting both the section speculating.

ASTROLOGY TO RESCUE.

Professor Banu, the well-known astrologer of Poona, has declared that Miss Miller and Tukojirao are under the influence of Venus and hence the marriage must come off within 90 days, the probable period being from 20th April to 24th May, on either a Tuesday, Thursday or Friday or on any day divisible by three. He also states that the name of the place where the marriage would take place begins with one of the letters E, N, W, G, P, Y, I, R, and that the ceremony will most probably be performed by the Poona Maratha Mission. According to this astrologer both the parties to the marriage are at present passing through the malefic influence of Saturn and Jupiter; hence he foreshadows troubles. After the 16th April, however, he says, the position of the planets will change for the better.—A.P.

EARTHQUAKE AT LAHORE

LAHORE, Feb. 17.

An earthquake shock of moderate intensity was felt at Lahore at 4-40 this morning. People were roused from their beds and buildings showed cracks at many places. The shock lasted a few seconds. —A. P.

LION OF THE PUNJAB ROARS.

"STUPID BUNGLE ALL ALONG THE LINE."

CONDEMNATION OF GOVT. ATTITUDE

MR. JAYAKAR WANTS COMPLETE EQUALITY

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Feb. 16.

It was a grim fight that was waged in the Legislative Assembly on the issue whether to boycott the Simon Commission or not. All the day long the noise of he battle rolled. The "big guns" of every party had had their say and there was a general understanding among non-officials that a verdict could be taken at six. The lobbies were humming with the talk that Government would be defeated by three votes.

REASONS FOR WELCOME.

Mr. M. C. Rajah (Madras Nominated) was reading aloud his manuscript speech taking Pandit Malaviya severely to task for his attitude against the Depressed Classes some fifteen years ago in order to find a reason for welcoming the Simon Commission and to co-operate with it. If the debate had continued an hour and division taken place, the popular side would have recorded a most momentous decision. But Sir Basil quietly stood up and broke the sad news of the sudden death of Mr. Harichandrai Vishandas in Delhi. The House suddenly shared in regret, and unmindful of the fate of the censure motion agreed to adjourn as a mark of respect to the memory of the Karachi Member. The late Mr. Vishandas was a prominent member of the Nationalist Party who had come up to Delhi in response to an urgent whip, for every vote tells on a critical occasion like this. He had been in indifferent health but his party mandate was there and he was slowly driving to the Assembly Chamber to be present at the voting time. On the way, he grew worse, and while he was being carried in an ambulance car back to the hospital he collapsed. The Assembly members did homage to the departed soul by attending the funeral in full numbers.

THE LION OF THE PUNJAB ROARS.

The result of the unexpectedly early adjournment is that the debate will be continued on Saturday and vote taken that evening. Mr. Vishandas's demise means one vote less but one or two more members may come up to swell the popular ranks that day. There is at the same time the risk of Government voting strength gaining accession. So much value is attached to the presence of members on each side that the temporary absence of Mr. Abdul Latif Farookhee (Madras) for a few minutes at the beginning the day's sitting led to many rumours. Some said in the lobbies that Mr. Farookhee had been "kidnapped" by Dr. Ziauddin of Aligarh. The presence of Maung Tok Kyi from Burma was equally welcomed, so also of the fresh arrivals like Mr. K. V. Rangaswami Iyengar and two Bengal Members. The war began with the Punjab Lion roaring for forty-five minutes with full of material, shattering the arguments of Lord Birkenhead and Lord Irwin for having appointed a purely Parliamentary Commission He would have finished his speech earlier but for the fact that there were incessant interruptions from every side particularly the Moslem Benches questioning his statements. Lala Lajpat Rai made an unassailable case for the boycott of the Commission at any stage in any from in trenchant language and biting sarcasm which had the effect of provoking cheers in un-official benches and countercheers in the Government benches. A gentle murmur by Mr. M.C. Rajah "representative" of the Depressed Classes" questioning Lala Lajpat Rai's sympathy with the Depressed Classes brought forth from the Leader of the Nationalist Party a catalogue of cases wherein the leaders of the people asked Government for redress of the grievances of the Depressed classes but were met with an emphatic "No." In an excellent peroration Lala Lajpat Rai specially addressed the Muslim groups, even at the risk of being pulled up by the Chair, and exhorted them to behave like men or die—and not to accept the crumbs that were being thrown at them by a Government who were specialists in the game of 'divide and rule.'

"A MISNAMED PARTY."

An antidote to Lalaji's motion came from the Punjab Muslim Member who has been closely associating with Sir Mohamed Shafi in the recent rival Muslim League activities and who during the last few days, managed to form a Muslim 'party' whose programe and strength of numbers are yet to be known. Moulvi Mohamed Yakub, President of the Jinnah Muslim League of Calcutta, more than once violently protested on the floor of the House against any one getting up to speak in the name of an un-recognizable and misnamed party. But Government benches egged Sir Zulfiqar Ali Khan to serve the anti-dote. He therefore moved the amendment for co-operating with the Commission. But neither the arguments he advanced, nor the method of handling the subject or persons, were convincing or inspiring, and amidst a shower of derisive cheers that he had invited upon himself, he sank in his seat. Official benches alone cheered him when he wanted the Assembly to believe that the Punjab was solidly for co-operating with the Simon Commission and no true Muslim could be seduced to vote on the side of the boycott of a Commission which is the only tribunal that can do justice to the minority communities.

GUILTY OF HIS OWN DICTUM.

That Sir Zulfiqar Ali Khan's amendment was really a collusive motion was admitted by Mr. Crerar when he supported on behalf of Government. The Assembly always expects a cogent convincing and clear case from a Home Member. But Mr. Crerar has neither the Parliamentary gait of Sir Malcolm Hailey nor the winning smiles of Sir Alexander Muddiman. Standing with a wry and never to be consoled face, Mr. Crerar inflicted a highly pedagogic manuscript oratory in which he quoted Lord Acton twice in order to justify the claim that minority interests require to be gone into. He made himself guilty of his own dictum not to make splendour of borrowed words but do duty for realities. No wonder the speech fell absolutely flat. But the cheers of official members made him believe that he had made a great performance.

GOVT'S VIEW OF MINORITIES.

That this was not the case in non-official benches was made abundantly clear by Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar who spoke on behalf of the Congress Party, Pandit Motilal being too ill to join in the debate. Mr. Iyengar gave a crushing reply to Mr. Crerar's point of protection of the minorities by telling that the minorities' Government wished to protect, were, not the depressed classes but European and European commercial and official minorities only.

Up rose Sir D'Arcy Lindsay representative of the European un-officials in the Assembly to say that the depressed classes and Muslims would greatly suffer if their claims were not pressed before the Simon Commission. The European Knight further wanted the Assembly believe that Mr. Jayakar and Mr. Jinnah should rest content now that Sir John Simon, by his offer of equality to the Indian wing of the enquiry given everything that they wanted.

BEST CONTRIBUTIONS TO DEBATE.

"Nonsense", interjected Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Jakar, both of whom made the best contributions to the debate, the latter excellin the former in point of substance and finish. Mr. Jayakar, who, since the interview he gave outlying his terms of co-operation with the Commission has been much in the official limelight until Lala Lajpat Rai later 'pulled him up' vindicated his own conduct to-day and condemned Government attitude as a stupid bungle all along the line. In a clear analysis of Sir John Simon's statement he exposed the complete travesty of alleged equality to Indians on the Commission. But as the Mahrashtra Leader of the Responsivist Party, he expressed his readiness to step into this stalemate and pull Government out of the difficulty if

(Continued on page 12.)

FIRST BATCH OF CIVIL RESISTERS

AWAITING MADRAS AND ANDHRA CONGRESS COMMITTEE'S DECISION.

MADRAS, Feb. 16.

The "Tamil Nadu," which is edited by Dr. Varadarajulu Naidu, says that in the event of the Madras and Andhra Provincial Congress Committee's decision to start civil disobedience against the Madras Government' gagging order the first batch of civil resisters will be Messrs. S. Srini vasa Iyengar, S. Satyamurti, Dr. Varadarajulu, Messrs. C. N. Muthuranga Mudaliar, T. Prakasam, B. Sambamurti, Shafi Mahomed, Dr. Kulandai, Messrs. Venkatrangam Naidu, V. L. Sastri, K. Nageswara Rao and Gadda Rangiah Naidu.—A.P.

A Message for Women.

From the dawn of actual womanhood until past middle-age, the physical changes to which all women are subject, impose a heavy strain upon the kidneys. Similarly, at critical periods, and during the months before and after childbirth, the kidneys have a great amount of additional work to do. It is little wonder, then, that women so frequently suffer with backache, bearing-down • pains, rheumatic twinges, dropsical swellings, dizzy sensations, faintness, depression, nervousness, and various irregularities of the urinary system.

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ENQUIRIES SOLICITED.

FARCE OF INDIAN COMMITTEE

INDIAN OBJECTIONS TO PROCEDURE

LONDON, Feb. 16.

The "New Leader" prints an "authoritative statement" from India giving the main objections to Sir John Simon's proposed procedure. First, an Indian Central Legislature Committee would be appointed by both the Houses of the Legislature including the undemocratic Council of State and this would destroy its representative character. Second, the restriction of membership to non-officials does not exclude the representatives of vested interests. Third, the procedure of the pro-Indian wing would lead continually to changing the personnel and would not give a permanent equal authority. Fourth, Indian representation on the Joint Parliamentary Committee would be selected in full by undemocratic legislature and not by the elected parties. The cable concludes, "the authentic voice of India would not be heard."

The "New Leader" declares that these weighty points should be strongly pressed both in India and here.—Reuter.

PRINCIPAL'S APOLOGY TO STUDENTS.

SEQUEL TO HARTAL.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17.

The trouble in the City College has ended and students attended their classes yesterday. This was mainly due to the tact of Mr. H. Maitra, the Principal who expressed regret for the remarks of the Professor which caused dissatisfaction.

The post-graduate classes of the Presidency College have opened to-day, and students of the College who were asked to vacate the College Hostel have rented a house in Bow Bazar.—Free Press.

BASANTI DEVI'S SUPPORT.

CALCUTTA, Feb. 17.

Basanti Devi (Mrs. C. R. Das) has lent the weight of her support to the appeal for launching the boycott on the 20th instant. —Free Press.

GOPAL KRISHNA GOKHALE

(Continued from page 8.)

able blend of the visionary and the man of affairs in him. His address to the Universal Races Congress in 1911 is another instance of vision, insight, penetration as well as a practical grasp of the central issue involved. But Gokhale appealing to his countrymen reveals himself pre-eminently as a wise counsellor ripe in political experience and wisdom. We would mention in this connection his speeches on the "Swadeshi Movement" and "The Work Before Us" delivered in 1907.

A WISE MEDIATOR.

The genius of a wise mediator between opposing factions was his gift in a remarkable degree. As witness his speeches in South Africa and the tone and temper that pervaded them. He never let fall a single word or even so much as a hint in them that had the remotest possibility of spoiling the cause that he had taken upon himself to serve. His utterances on the Hindu-Mahomedan question both in the Council and the public platform breathe the same spirit of caution and fairmindedness, and show a full realization of the difficulties of the situation. In his conversations on large matters of political change, we discover a desire to be quite fair to his opponent without a tendency to yield ground on the vital matter of principle. What little we know of his negotiations in England with Lord Morley and others on the matter of Minto-Morley reforms, as revealed in the biography of the late Mr. R. C. Dutt and elsewhere, leaves no doubt of this admirable trait in his character.

This discipline and self-restraint, this measure, this capacity to weigh his words seem all the more remarkable in a person who was, by nature, extremely sensitive, passionate and irascible. It was all a result of training and of a power to efface himself in the service of his country. There was with him no question of self. It was all a question as to how and when his country could come into her own. Add to this an essential trait of humility and reverence which characterised his bearing towards intellectual elders and leaders of thought and action.

GAVE HIS BEST.

Gokhale was extremely touchy on matters that reflected even a shadow of a shade of dishonour on his country or on the causes to which he had dedicated his life. A student of past politics may well call to mind how he pulled up, on one occasion, the Hon. Mr. Jenkins, "the strong man from Bombay," as he was styled, for a disparaging remark he had made on the oratorical display of non-official members in the supreme Legislative Council. One may also recall how he stood up for the honour of India when he set out to South Africa on board a steamer from England, when the colour-bar had almost disallowed him to travel first-class. These two are among the numerous instances that may be quoted to show how keenly sensitive Gokhale was regarding every matter that affected the self-respect of India or the national honour of his own countrymen. He strove for excellence in every matter, great and small, because he believd that anything short of the very best that he could give would mean the lowering of India in the eyes of the world. The tribute that he paid to Mahatma Gandhi at a memorable meeting in Bombay breathes the same spirit. The Indian that has the privilege given him of serving his Motherland, must serve her, not only unselfishly but with the very best that he has in him of brain, body and heart to give. A flaw in his work may mean a slur on the country. This was the idealistic strain in him which was practical in so far as it put him on his mettle to work strenuously for every element of the complex whole that we know as national politics in India. No equipment, no preparation, for the tense and day-to-day struggle that had to be carried on for making each forward step firm and secure, was, in his opinion, either too much or too elaborate. Seeing further off than most of his contemporaries, he still laboured in the spirit of the poet that had prayed that one step was enough for him and that he did not desire to know the distant scene. That is the deeper meaning of the phrase constantly on the lips of Mr. Gokhale that men of his generation had to rest content with serving India by their failures.

FOLLOW HIS EXAMPLE.

The questions that Gokhale tackled, the solutions he offered, the methods that he proposed may become, as the scene of his labours for his country recedes into the background, perhaps antiquated, "dead issues as politics always are" to quote a sentence of Mr. Winston Churchill's from his biography of his father Lord Randolph Churchill. But Gokhale's example as a patriot, statesman, leader and dedicated servant of India will always remain to inspire and guide succeeding generations. It will teach them to place their country before themselves, and to place its honour and freedom above all blandishments of pelf, power, political triumph or gain. The question before the country at the present hour, the supreme question of all questions, is one of national honour and freedom. At such a time the example of Gokhale needs special uncalling in its impressive lesson that at all times and on all occasons the country and her interests must rank before party, sect, creed and colour; and that the conviction that one is right ought to stiffen one's resolve to pursue the right at all costs. Gokhale's life reminds us, on the eve of the great impending changes in the destiny of India, of the saying of Abraham Lincoln that in moments of the deepest crisis it is God and one that constitute the majority and no other. Whether we succeed or fail, we have no choice here other than that of "reverencing our conscience as our king," and of uniting on a matter of principle, sinking our petty quarrels and differences for its full and complete vindication.

AMERICAN BAN ON INDIANS.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—An Associated Press message from Madras dated the 13th instant brings us the news that the honest conscience of the American Missionaries in India has been pricked, though rather very late, at the arbitrary and unjust manner in which the Indians, who once enjoyed the rights of U. S. A. citizenship have been deprived of it. These good Missionaries have addressed a letter to Secretary Kellogg, and the United States Congress asking them to right the wrong, but it is feared that like the protests and representations that have been sent in the past the present one will also fall on deaf ears.

Half of the Christians in U. S. A. worship a Jew and the other half worship a Jewess, but when it comes to practising the sublime teachings of this Most Noble Jew about justice and fairplay we see them discriminating between themselves and the Asiatics, continuing at the same time to erect mighty churches to the worship of a great Asiatic.

There are several remedies with which the wrong can be righted, but the quickest of them, Sir, is a heavy import duty on all American goods coming into India. America values her trade more than anything else and the surest way to touch the conscience of the U. S. A. legislators is by touching the pockets of the U. S. A. manufacturers. There is the possibility of America putting a countervailing heavy duty on goods from India, but our exports to America compared to our imports from that country are so small that the pinch, if at all felt in some quarters, will be very tiny and soft. There is no fear of the American tourists not coming to India in consequence of this just remedy employed against their legislators, because without visiting India they cannot, when they go home, talk of having "seen the world", and besides if they spend any money in this country it is for their own pleasure and not to oblige a people whom, in their own land, they treat so unjustly.—Yours, etc.,

"M. R. K."

Bombay, Feb. 14.

WHAT IS YOUR BIRTHDAY

TO-DAY'S FORECAST.

(By KAM, Chela of Himalayan Joshimaharaj Joothabhai Labaddas.)

SIGN OF ZODIAC. ACQUARIUS.

If to-day is your birthday, there will be many happy returns of the day, but your returns for this year, if your statement of accounts and Profit and Loss Account is critically examined by the aid of Shamdasanian spectacles, will be very poor. One more year, indeed, of your trade depression and also of mental depression and suppression. But the hardships will sharpen your blunt edges and wits, and from the state almost of a "dewanah" (madman) you will soar to giddy heights ("hop off" to use the new aviation term) and become even a "Dewan" of a no mean Indian State. According to the advice of a wise man (of course not half so wise as Mian Mahomed Shaft) a man should sometimes be blind if he is a master, and to be sometimes deaf if he is a servant. Your great stumbling block is that as an employee you try to thrust your snout into the private dealings of your master, like the sleuth hound of the C.I.D. ascertain where, with whom and how long he rambles pricking your ears and evesdropping after removing the wax by the aid of itinerant aural artists. This will result in your being packed off and you will be rambling everywhere to seek fresh friends and pesters new. You would often like to live separately from your wife, at a certain stage, but your experience and outspokenness will be exactly like that of the post Majd Hamgar who was informed, one day, at Isfahan where he meant to stay (like the Britishers when they first came down to India), by his pupil "I bring you good news, your wife has come down to your house", when he retorted: "Oh, had the 'house' come down on her head that would have been good tidings indeed."

London, Feb. 17.—Death is announced of Andrew Bigoe Barnard ex-Deputy Director of Criminal Intelligence Department of the Government of India.—Reuter's Special.

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Senior Line

Quality at Moderate Cost

Quality distinguishes every particular of Senior construction and equipment.

In the rugged frame, in the sturdy axles and steering gear—in the heavy fenders—there is conclusive evidence of the quality of construction which features all Dodge Brothers Motor Cars.

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"THE WORST MAN IN INDIA."

HOW PANDIT MOTILAL WAS TO AN AMERICAN MILLIONAIRESS

A special correspondent of the "Sunday Times" (Lahore) writes:—

The curious distinction made by the Customs and Port authorties between foreign tourists in this country is evidenced by the treatment accorded to Miss Freda Selbar at Bombay last week. Miss Selbar is a country-woman of Miss Mayo The distinction between Miss Selbar and Miss Mayo is that Miss Mayo came as the guest of the India Office, to do the propaganda of the Tory Party and Miss Selbar did not. Miss Mayo was received and escorted by officials, was handsomely lodged and offered every facility. Miss Selbar is also American. But she does not depend for her livelihood on writing drain and dungheap reports. She has independent means, a very high status in American society and commands more dollars than most people can count. When this lady was on board the "Cracovia" on her way to the "wonderland" of the East, she was warned, no doubt by interested parties, to avoid Indians and particularly Pandit Motilal Nehru who was also on board and was described to her as "the worst man in India". On her arrival at Bombay she was questioned as to where she proposed to reside and when she stated, with Indian friends, the police Inspector wrote on her customs declaration "To be Searched." The luggage was thereupon ransacked by the customs officials for a whole hour, who examined every box, bag and tray. The officials evinced great interest in a book lying at the bottom of a large box. "What is this?" asked the customs worker eagerly turning its pages for Red propaganda. "That" answered Miss Selbar quickly, "is a book that tells one how to behave—I will make a present of it to you." The scandalous treatment accorded to Miss Selbar was privately brought to the notice of Hon. Mr. Crerar, the Home Member who has promised to investigate. Great indignation was expressed by Assembly members, especially in view of the treatment accorded to Katherine Mayo. Mr. T. C. Goswami interds to ask, 'What is a cad?" Miss Selbar is now in Lahore and is staying with Mr. and Mrs. Diwan Chamanlal.

SIR JOHN SIMON'S SEAT

CONSERVATIVES AGREE TO TRUCE.

BUT LABOUR TO FIGHT

At a special meeting of the Spen Valley Conservative Association held at Cleckheaton, after long discussion, a resolution was passed concurring with the wishes of the Prime Minister, and agreeing not to contest the next election if it should take place while Sir John Simon the sitting member, is chairman of the Indian Statutory Commission.

An interesting supplementary resolution adopted was the confirmation of Mr. Maxwell Fyfe, barrister, of Liverpool, as prospective Conservative candidate to contest the division at the first available opportunity.

It is understood that the local Labour party maintains its intention to pursue the prospective candidature of Mr. Tom Myers, who represented the division from 1919 to 1922.

There is undoubtedly serious personal disappointment amongst the Conservative rank and file as Mr. Fyfe is already very popular, though it is recognised that Sir John's sacrifice and the feeling at party headquarters have called for the present temporary sacrifice. This decision, in the general local estimation, will leave the seat a perfectly safe one for Sir John until present circumstances alter.

(This is the first announcement of a response to the Government suggestion that an electoral truce should be observed in the five constituencies whose members are serving on the Simon Commission in India. The other constituencies with the majorities at the last election are: Finchley (Mr. E. C. G. Cadogan) Conservative majority 4,335; Barkston Ash (Colonel Lane-Fox) Conservative majority 4,923; Ogmore (Mr. Hartshorn) Labour unopposed. Limehouse (Major Attlee) Labour majority 6,021.)

BUTLER COMMITTEE AT BARODA

BARODA, Feb. 17.

The Butler Committee appointed by the Government of India to report on the relations of the Indian States with the paramount power is expected to arrive here on March 11, and is likely to stay here for four days.—Free Press.

VICTIMS OF GAS POISONING

TRAGEDY IN A CLOSED ROOM

The closing of the doors and windows before retiring to bed thus making the room air tight, a practice in vogue among many Indians, caused two deaths while two are lying in a precarious condition in the K. E. M. Hospital. The victims are Mariambi (30) and Kulsambi (3), mother and daughter respectively, on whose death an inquest was held by the Coroner on Friday morning. It appeared from the evidence that Abbas Hussein (45), a fitter employed in the Jacob Sassoon Mill, lived with his wife and daughter (the deceased) and his uncle Adam Mistry in a room at Poibavdi. They were all in good health on Wednesday night, but on Thursday morning as the door of the room was not opened, the neighbours shouted from without, but getting no response broke it open when they found all the four occupants in an unconscious condition. Kulsumbi, the three-year old girl, seemed to be already dead while others were in a precarious condition. They were removed to the K. E. M. Hospital where Kulsumbi was pronounced as dead and her mother Mariambi died subsequently. The police have seized all the pots and eatables and sent them to the Chemical Analyser. The doors and windows were all closed and there was no passage for air ventilation. A lamp was also found burning in the room and it is suspected that deaths were due to gas poisoning. The Coroner sent the vicera of the deceased to the Chemical Analyser and postponed further hearing.

WESTERN INDIA COFFEE MARKET.

RAPID ADVANCE IN PRICES

MANGALORE, Feb. 16.

A remarkable change for the better has occurred in the coffee market of Western India. Owing chiefly to inland and Arabian demand, prices have rapidly advanced in course of the last two or three weeks. Plantation crop has soared to Rs. 82 per cwt. and cherry and pounded coffees are now selling at Rs. 357 and Rs. 352-8 per candy respectively.—A. P.

Man Proposes but God Disposes

See here, before your eyes, a clear and bright example of one unscrupulous minister, who tried his utmost to kill the prince, but the Fate dld not wish that evil should succeed ?

HOW ? IN WHAT WAY! COME & SEE TO-NIGHT

Krishna Film Company's New Production

"CHANDRAHAS"

Also STAGE DANCE by Miss SALMA

Beautiful Artistic Dance and a dance with sweet Hindustani Song.

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COMING SHORTLY Aryan Production "TRAITOR"

Gujarat's II Production Mr. Indulal 'Advocate' COMIC PICTURE.

SHIPPING

ARRIVALS.

February 17.

S S Clan Urquhart, Baker, Maugalore.
S S Tsurushima Maru, Kawahami, Kobe.
S S Morocco, Marshall, Hull.
S S Nirpura, Warrington, Melbourne.
S S Chinkoa, Keyness, Calcutta.
S S Gazana, Born, Calcutta.
S S Razmak, Browning, Aden.

DEPARTURES.

February 18.

S S Hatruna, Shillinglaw, Rangoon.
S S Agra, Olsson, Rangoon.
S S Razmak, Browning, Aden.

LOADING.

February 17.

Steamer Malacca Maru for Kobe.
Steamer Chinkoa for Malabr Coast Ports.
Steamer Khuzistan for Abadan.
Steamer Varsova for Persian Gulf.
Steamer Sikh for Rangoon.

S S Clan Urquhart:—The J F Co.'s steamer Clan Urquhart arrived in harbour yesterday from Mangalore with a general cargo.

S S Tsurushima Maru:—The O S K steamer Tsurushima Maru arrived in harbour yesterday from Kobe, with a general cargo.

S S Morocco: The J F Co.'s steamer Morocco arrived in harbour yesterday from Hull with a general cargo.

S S Nirpura:—The B I S N Co.'s steamer Nirpura, arrived in harbour yesterday from Melbourne with a general cargo.

S S Chinkoa:—The B I S N Co.'s steamer Chinkoa arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta with a general cargo.

S S Gazana:—The B I S N Co.'s steamer Gazana arrived in harbour yesterday from Calcutta with a general cargo.

S S Hatruna:—The B I S N Co.'s steamer Hatruna will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Rangoon with ballast

S S Agra.—The L Edward Ltd. steamer Agra will sail to-day from Bombay harbour for Rangoon with a general and same bottom cargo.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S S Razmak:—The P. and O. S N Co.'s English Mail steamer Razmak, 4937 tons, Captain J. B. Browning arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden, with the outward mails of the 2nd instant, a general cargo and 66 passengers, and is sailing hence to Aden on Saturday at about 1-30 p.m. with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

AFRICAN MAIL REPORT.

S S Khandalla:—The B I S N Co.'s mail steamer Khandalla is expected to arrive here to-day from Durban at about 8 a.m. with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

WONDERS OF PSYCHIC POWER.

and miracles of Astrology by the Unrivalled Astrologer of the East. Bharati Bhushan Prof. PRAKASARAO, Premier Astrologer of India who has nearly 100000 clients living in India, Americe, Europe and Africa, etc. and author of several books on Astrology.

Full Annual Life Reading of amazing accuracy with a wonderful delineation of life and character Re. 1. Five years' Life Reading Rs. 2-8-0. Postage extra. State time and date of birth or note the time of writing the letter.

Mr. Bhimji K. Chotai, Sub-Engineer, P. W. D. Sub-Divisional Officer, (Kathiawar) Una, writes on 20-10-1926:—"I have tried many Astrologers both native and Europeans but I have found your work as the best of all." Apply to:—

KALLINGA ASTROLOGICAL BUREAU, Vizianagram City.

MONEY MARKET.

Bombay, Feb. 17.

B. C. RATE—
T T 1/5 29/32 D D 1/5 15/16.
LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1/5 15/16 Feb.
Banks Selling D D 1/5 31/32.
Banks Selling T T 1/5 29/32 March.
Banks Selling T T 1/5-7/8 April.
Banks Buying T T 1/6
Banks Buying D D 1/3 1/32.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6-1/4 Feb.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 1/6 7/32 March.
NEW YORK—
Banks Selling T T 275.
Banks Buying T T 273-1/2.
Banks Buying D D 272-1/2.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 268-1/2.
PARIS—
Banks Selling D D 915.
Banks Buying D D 940.
Banks Buying 3 Mos. 955.
JAPAN—
Banks Selling T T 129.
Banks Buying 60 Days 126.
HONGKONG—
Banks Selling D D 137-3/4.
SHANGHAI—
Banks Selling D D 174-3/4.
SINGAPORE—
Banks Selling D D 157.
JAVA—
Banks Selling D D 90-1/4.
CROSS RATE—
New York—London 4.87 7/16 16th inst.
Shanghai—London 2/7 1/16 17th. inst.
London—Japan 1/11-1/8 16th inst.
London—Paris 124.00 16th inst.
London—Belgium 35.00 16th inst.
London—Switzerland 25.34 16th inst.
London—Italy 92.05. 16th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange.—Quiet.
Gold £4-4-11-1/4 16th instant; £4-4-11 15th instant.
Silver London Ready 26 3/16 16th instant. 26-1/4 15th instant.
Silver London Forward 26 3/16 16th. instant; 26-1/4 15th instant.
Silver New York Ready 57 9/16 16th instant; 57 5/16 15th instant
Londin Discounts 3 Mos. 4 3/16 per cent 16th instant; 4 3/16 per cent 15th instant.
London Discounts 3 Mos. 4 3/16 per cent. 16th instant; 4 3/16 per cent 15th instant.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 4-1/2 per cent.
Money:—Inter Bank Call 6-1/4 per cent
3 months 5-1/2 per cent.
6 months 5 per cent.
12 months 4-1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Steady.

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Feb. 16.

T T Berlin on London	20.43
T T Amsterdam on London	12.11-1/4
T T Brussels on London	35.02
T T Madrid on London	28.70
T T Milan on London	92.02
T T Berne on London	25.35
T T Paris on London	124.02
T T London on Prague	164.43

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Feb 16.

Cotton seed, Bombay.—
Shipment buyers Feb/Mar. £8/15/0
Castorseed, Bombay.—
Shipment paid Feb/Mar. £17/1/2-6
Rapeseed, Toria, ton.—
Shipment buyers Feb/Mar. £18/5/0

LONDON METALS.

London, Feb. 16.

Copper, English Best Selected	£65-7/8
Copper, Braziers	£75
Yellow Metal	£65
Spelter, Hard Inidan Brands	£22-1/4
Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge	£13-3/8
Tin, English Ingots	£230-1/2

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London, Feb. 15.

Total Bullion	£158,000,000
Public Deposits	£13,000,000
Other Deposits	£101,100,000
Government Securities	£36,300,000
Notes and Coin	£43,500,000
Currency Notes Outstanding	£262,800,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	38.09 p. c.

LINSEED.

London, Feb 16.

Linseed, Calcutta, ton.—
Shipment sellers Feb/Mar. £17/5/0
Linseed, Calcutta, ton.—
Shipment sellers Apl/May £17/2/6
Linseed, La Plata, c.i.f., ton.—
Shipment hull paid Jan/Feb. £15/0/0
Linseed, Bombay.—
Shipment sellers Feb-Mar. £17/17/6

LION OF THE PUNJAB ROARS.

(Continued from page 10.)

only Sir John Simon would invite him and a few other leaders to listen and appreciate their points of view, so as to obtain equality and he added "The door is left open even now if you care to take it." There was a flutter in the Swarajist benches over this attitude. But they welcomed it as showing how there was none among the Nationalists who were prepared to vote for the humiliation.

MR. JINNAH'S APPEAL.

Mr. Jinnah's speech was clearly directed to the back benchers behind him, I mean those of the Muslim members who are waveing, and whose votes are uncertain. In spite of the lobby pressure, how many of the doubting Thomases will act to his exhortation and enter the popular lobbies, will be seen on Saturday evening.

SIR ZULFIQUAR ALI'S SPEECH

In the Legislative Assembly on Thursday Sir Zulfiqar Ali Khan moved an amendment to the resolution of Lala Lajpat Rai's resolution on the Simon Commission.

The speech of Sir Zulfiqarali Khan was considerably interrupted by derisive cheers from the Opposition so that the Chair had to extend his time for five or six minutes. Sir Zulfiqarali said that he was not swayed by any frowns or favours but he spoke his innermost conviction. (A voice—"Yes, I know it.").

Sir Zulfiqar—"If you know it you better go out." (Laughter).

Continuing, he said: "The main point of difference is as regards the composition of the Commission, but we must remember that India has different communities, each community having its own politics, its own ambition and lacking trust in each other. In such a situation, how could we expect the British Government to constitute a Commission with Indian representatives on it? Whom will those Indians represent?—only their particular politics. I say Britain would not have been justified in putting on the Commission such persons. How can we forget that there are in India Hindus, Mahomedans, Maharattas, Brahmans and untouchables? Are British Government to appoint Indians from among the major communities only? That would be wrong. The minorities cannot be ignored. They are a dynamic force with a historic background and the trouble of the minorities is that they don't get due recognition at the hands of the majority. We have tried them (cries of when).

"CONFIDENCE OF MINORITIES."

Sir Zulfiqar—In Simla, in Benares and now we are trying them in Delhi and we know. So I say, sir, that the Statutory Commission which has no Indians on it has the confidence of minorities, because they feel that here is a tribunal which will do justice to their interests. The Commission was appointed and immediately on its arrival in Delhi Sir John Simon issued a statement asking for co-operation to discuss the question of betterment of the condition of the Indian people. But the Party leaders met in a hurry and within half an hour gave their "No."

An opposition voice—"Because it was such a clear case."

Mr. Srecnivasa Iyengar—"Not half an hour, but three hours."

Sir Zulfiqarali.—"The hurry with which they put their signatures to the rejection motion of Sir John Simon's offer shows that there is bankruptcy of statesmanship in India (derisive cheers from the Opposition benches). If I had been in their position I would have said since the President of the Commission has extended a friendly hand and is prepared to facilitate the task of considering further reforms, we are willing to discuss the matter. But there was bankruptcy of statesmanship."

Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed—"Yes, just like the Bengal National Bank."

Sir Zulfiqar—"However, sir, there are some names among the signatories to that resolution who command my respect, for they are persons who are a force in politics. But there are others who do not represent the popular opinion."

Moulvi Mahomed Yakub—"More than you in any case." (Laughter).

Sir Zulfiqar—"You were only an improvised president of the Muslim League in Calcutta". (Laughter).

Moulvi Mahomed Yakub—"Let us have election on this issue. Arre You prepared?"

Sir Zulfiqarali—"Sir, my friends know that I am speaking the truth and they try to drown my voice.

Proceeding, Sir Zulfiqar said that the Punjab was solidly on the side of the Commission (ironical cheers).

Mr. Goswami—"Please do not libel the Punjab."

REASONS FOR SUPPORTING COMMISSION.

Sir Zulfiqar said that his reasons for supporting the Commission were two-fold, firstly intercommunal tension with riots and bloodshed and secondly the refusal of the majority community to concede the rights of minorities. Regarding the latter Sir Zulfiqar quoted extensively the resolutions passed recently by the All-India Hindu Mahasabha against separate representation and against communal representation in the Service.

Mr. Jinnah asked Sir Zulfiqar.—Did you not accept the Delhi Muslim proposals for joint representation?

Sir Zulfiqar—I did accept but I am an elected member and when I went back to my constituency they refused to accept it.

Mr. Chamanlal.—What is your personal view?

Sir Zulfiqar—Personal views have no place in the present debate. Regarding the Hindu Sabha resolution that there should be no communal representation in the Services, he asked if there was any Mahomedan who would abide by that condition—(feeble voice of "Yes").

Concluding, Sir Zulfiqar said that no country remained under subjection unless there were defects in its national character. (Loud cheers).

AN APOLOGIA

Mr. Mohammad Shah Niwas pointed out that Indians had got what they wanted, namely, equality of status and explained at length the procedure outlined in Sir John Simon's letter to the Viceroy. The plan suggested by Sir John Simon was a most complete representation of Indian interests in every stage of the enquiry (Government cheers). It was a great pity that Indian leaders had not accepted Sir John Simon's statement. It was not possible to argue with them. Were they going to drive the British out? They must consider facts as they stood. India wanted Swaraj within the British Empire but on condition that the interests of the minority communities were adequately safeguarded. The British brought peace and prosperity to the country. (Cries of No.)

Shah Niwaz: I should like to see Lala Lajpat Rai acting as Governor of the Punjab for four months (Laughter). Can you manage the affairs of this country? (Cries of Yes). It is easier to say than to do. You cannot. India would not gain by non-co-operating with the Commission. The British would not leave India if they could and they could not if they would.

MR. JAYAKAR'S SPEECH

The following is an amplified version of the speech delivered by Mr. M. R. Jayakar in supporting Lala Lajpat Rai's motion expressing the want of confidence in the Simon Commission of the Indian Legislative Council:—

Mr. Jayakar made an impressive speech at the conclusion of which he was loudly cheered. He accepted the Home Member's invitation to lay aside all passion and examine the position in the cold light of reason and argument. Lala Lajpat Rai with thirtyfive years of political service in India and Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar on behalf of the Congress Party had spoken from broad points of self-respect and patriotism. He would confine himself to a narrow issue, namely to show whether the statements made before the country by Sir John Simon, the speeches made in Parliament and the responsible utterance of the Viceroy offered terms on which India could co-operate with this Commission. As one who had taken the odium and risk of unpopularity for having as a member of the Maharashtra party declared himself to co-operate with the Commission on certain terms he had been looking forward to this day when he could vindicate his position which had been assailed both by Indians and Europeans. Sir Darcy Lindsay had said that he never made any constructive proposals. His constructive proposals were made on November 16, in Poona but the Britishers did not listen and set the whole country in agitation and so men like Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru, Sir Chimanlal Setalvad had joined in this boycott movement. Government sat tight and dumb and relied on a petty constitutional propriety that Sir John Simon must himself come to this country and speak as if in these days there were no wires and wireless. This petty Government relying on constitutional propriety asked the country to wait as if the honour and self-respect of a country would ever wait. What would have satisfied the country three months ago would not satisfy now. (Cries of why, why, from Col. Gidney and a few others). He himself had stepped in when there was a stalemate and taking the odium in order to relieve that stalemate had made a gesture of co-operation in an interview. What followed? Nothing but, the cold and unconvincing speech of Lord Irwin. We were then asked to wait for the arrival that Messiah. That Messiah came delivered his message. It had been alleged that the leaders took only ten minutes to express their opinion. This was absolutely wrong.

ABLE INDIANS' "DOG SENSE".

Mr. Jayakar, continued: "Let me tell Sir John Simon that there are very able men on our side who with dog sense could easily find out whether there was anything "bona fide" and anything real that was meant in the document. I say it is a complete travesty of equality for which I and those who agree with me asked for. As the manifesto of the Responsivists of Maharashtra said India desired her accredited representatives to occupy the position of judges and the architects of India with co-ordinate powers and to sit with the representatives of the British people and unless this was agreed to it would not be possible for India to co-operate and assist in the work of the Commission but this was not given and insult was added to injury when we were told that the preamble of the Government of India Act had stated that Britain would be the judge of the time and measure of each advance. Assuming that India accepted that position was there not in the next line of the Government of India Act that parliament must be guided in this by the co-operation of the Indian people. I shall not be content with a membership of the Commission unless there is complete equality. If Sir John Simon will agree to six or seven Indian politicians on our side to sit across a round-table and appoint an umpire who is to regulate what he should give, then I am sure that I can bring my friends to co-operate with the Commission. Is Sir John Simon prepared to meet us on equal terms discuss freely not in the tone of his letter especially the second letter but as one genuinely anxious to come out of a difficulty which has been created by his Government?

"NO EQUALITY NOW."

I know what I want. I do not know the elasticity of the terms of reference. I do not know the complexion of the Parliamentary Commission and I am prepared to tell Sir John Simon and his friends word for word and line by line that there is no equality now and if he is convinced that what we say is not wrong then he must go back and get that equality from Parliament or the King." (Loud Cheers). That that equality was not now given was made clear by Sir John Simon's statement. This was so in regard to the taking of evidence where the Commission would take evidence in camera and Sir John Simon would choose to tell the Indian wing as he called it what best it should know and that they must be content to trust him. Everywhere there was question of evidence unilateral not bilateral. As regards the report stage also British Commissioners were responsible for their report to Parliament not the Indian wing whose report would be printed without any delay and even published simultaneously (what a concession!). It would even go to England as an annexure to the report, as a record of opinion of Indians but there was no attempt to show that any effort would be made to arrive at a united report. Sir Chimanlal Setalvad and Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru had said that the present constitution and the present scheme as announced did not offer terms of equality. He added "I say that the door is left open even now but Government must not imagine that the door will be kept open for long. What is possible to-day is not possible to-morrow. Recently the "Times of India" said of me that Jayakar's sagacity had outrun his courage. It is because that my patriotism has outrun my political sagacity. It is because Government have not played up that I throw in my lot with my countrymen. We reject the statement of Sir John because it is not a bona fide statement." (Loud Applause).

"BOON TO "DEPRESSED" CLASSES"

After Mr. M. A. Jinnah had delivered his speech in support of Lala Lajpat Rai's resolution, Mr. M. C. Raja addressed the Assembly in support of the Commission. Mr. C. Raja (Depressed Class) recalled references in speeches before him that Government had done nothing for the depressed classes and said that Government would have done everything had not the higher classes stood in their way. He referred to the speech of Pundit Madan Mohan Malaviya in the old Imperial Legislative Council on the motion of Mr. Manekji Dadabhai regarding the amelioration of the depressed classes when the Pundit said that Government would rightly abstain from interfering with social and religious affairs. Proceeding Raja said that the present reforms gave them some power. Before 1919 they had no voice in Government. Then the Congressmen wanted to do away with the nomination system in the Madras Legislative Council. This distinctly showed that they stood in the way of nomination of representatives of the depressed classes (Cries of "No" from Swarajist benches). (A voice: You could come by election).

Continuing Raja said that they welcomed the Commission as there was a possibility of its proving a boon to the depressed classes. They would also urge the Commission to remove untouchability. Congress and other similar bodies passed pious resolutions but did nothing beyond that.

At this stage Sir Basil Blackett intervening broke the sad news that Harachendrai Vishendas had breathed his last. He suggested that to show their respect to the deceased they should not continue to-day's sitting.

HOUSE ADJOURNED.

The President announced the adjournment of the House as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased till Saturday next.—A. P.

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or white patches due to lose of pigmentation or colouring matter in the blood or other causes cured by specifics, internal and external at Rs. 10 per set. Mr. J. L. Proctor, Bombay:—Cured my white patches entirely. Mr. B. Singh, Port Blair:—My son got complete cure. Capt. A. T. Shaikh, Shikarpur, Sind.—Leucoderma specific very useful. Booklet Free BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, Shree Gauranga Bhavan, Bhagalpur. Branch:—Mihijam, Tele. Add "Chemists", Bhagalpur. Agents:—Thomson and Taylor Ltd.; Bombay.

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MEMORIAL FOR HAKIMJI.

"AJMAL WEEK" CELEBRATIONS IN DELHI.

HINDU LEADERS' TRIBUTES

DELHI, Feb. 13.

A large and representative gathering of the All-India leaders and the elite of the city was held at Delhi on Monday evening when the citizens mustered strong in their hundreds to pay homage to the sacred memory of their departed leader Messihulmulk Hakim Mohamed Ajmal Khan It was the first meeting in connection with the "Ajmal Week" Delhi is celebrating now, and the huge gathering bore testimony to the fact how the Hindus and Muslims of Delhi loved Hanimji while he lived and how they cherished his memory after his death.

Besides Dr. Ansari; Pundit Malaviya, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Pundit Motilal Nehru, Maulana Mahomed Ali, Sjt. Srinivas Iyengar Mr. T. Prakasam; Mrs. Naidu, the Maharaja Sahib of Mahmudabad, Sjt. C. Vijayaraghavachariar, several other M.L.A.'s and prominent Indians who are now in Delhi in connection with the All-Parties' Conference attended the meeting.

OUR RELIGION WAS THE SAME.

Pundit Motilal Nehru in his opening speech said if there was any man who was grieved most by the sudden death of Hakimji it was he himself. Though the Hakim Sahib was a Muslim and the speaker a Hindu in fact their religion was one and the same. There was not a single point of difference between them and they regarded each other as brothers.

It was needless to describe at length the various qualities of Hakim Sahib before the audience Hakimji did not belong to Delhi alone. He belonged equally to every other place in India. It was not Hakimji's medical talent that captivated the heart of the speaker. It was his love for the country. There were few such men whose yearning for Hindu-Muslim Unity would equal to that of Hakimji He was the strongest pillar of Hindu-Muslim Unity. The gap caused by his death was sure to remain unfilled for a long time.

A FITTING MEMORIAL.

Continuning his speech Pundit Motilal said that the most fitting memorial to Hakimji would be to place the Jamia Millia on a firm financial footing because Hakimji loved that institution above everything. He felt sure that his countrymen would respond generously to the appeal for Rs. 8 lakhs issued by Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Ansari. He wanted the Hindus to contribute even more than the Muslims. He also wanted the ruling princes in India to raise a separate Memorial Fund for this work because it were they who owe the greatest debt to Hakimji.

IDEALS OF JAMIA MILLIA ISLAMIA.

Dr. Ansari who next addressed the meeting discussed at length the aims and ideals of the Jamia Millia Islamia. He could bring home to the audience four points on which the Jamia differed from other educational institutions in the country. Firstly, the medium of instruction in the Jamia was Hindustani, secondly, the course of studies was different to a great extent from the one prevalent in Government intituitons. Thirdly the ideal that the Jamia placed before itself was "education for the sake of education" and lastly it prepared its students to lead a simple life.

Referring to the financial condition of the Jamia Dr. Ansari said that if they compared the income of the Jamia to the expenses, they would find that they have to provide for two or three thousand rupees every month. While Hakimji lived he provided the funds. Now it was their duty who were left behind to continue this work

EQUALLY LOVED BY ALL.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya who followed Dr. Ansari delivered a short but very impressive speech. He said, "We have met to day to mourn Hakimji's loss. But we have also to do our duty by him. I am sure you will do the needful in this matter and raise a fitting memorial to Hakimji. It is not necessary to say much about Hakimji. It is the greatest misfortune of our country that he died at a time when his services were most needed. He passed every moment of his eventful life in thinking out how India would progress and come in a line with other nations of the world. He was equally loved and honoured by every section of our people. The large number of Hindus who participated in his funeral procession bore testimony to this fact.

After some more speakers had addressed the audience the meeting came to a close. --(From Delhi edition of "Chronicle".)

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Mr. C. H. Bristow, on completion of his special duty, is to act as Political Agent, Akalkot, vice Mr. H. R. Gould proceeding on leave, pending further orders.

Mr. C. P. Parekh, Acting Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Jalgaon, is to act as Joint First Class Subordinate Judge, Poona, pending further orders.

Mr. I. A. Shaikh, Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Yawal, on probation, is to be Additional Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge, Jalgaon, on probation.

Mr. C. P. Parekh to inspect and supervise, subject to the control of the District Judge, Poona, the proceedings of all Subordinate Judges and of all Village Munsiffs in the Poona District.

Mr. Shiavakshah Manekji Talati is to act as City Magistrate, Karachi, vice Mr. W. N. Richardson proceeding on leave. He is also to be an Additional District Magistrate in the district of Karachi and is invested with all the powers of a District Magistrate.

Mr. D. S. Gupte, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Alibag, is invested with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits cognizable by such courts up to the amount of Rs. 150 within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court at Alibag.

The services of Mr. R. S. Broomfield, I.C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India for employment as Judicial Commissioner in the Western India States Agency vice Mr. S. J. Murphy being transferred.

Mr. Dinshah Fardunji Mulla is to act as Advocate-General, Bombay, vice Mr. J. B. Kanga proceeding on leave.

Mr. J. A. Madan is to be Collector with effect from 10th October, 1927, vice Mr. J. C. Ker confirmed as Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor.

Mr. K. L. Panjabi, I.C.S., on completion of his settlement duty, is to be Superintendent of Land Records, Central Division, vice Mr. D. S. Modak.

Mr. Divakar Sumitrarao Modak, on relief, is to be District Deputy Collector, Poona, and to do duty as Personal Assistant to the Collector, vice Mr. W. Dillon.

Mr. W. Dillon, on relief, is to act as Collector of Bombay and Superintendent of Stamps, vice Mr. G. A. Thomas.

Mr. G. A. Thomas, on relief, is to act as Commissioner in Sind, vice Mr. W. F. Hudson proceeding on leave.

Mr. A. R. Dalal, I.C.S., is to be a member of the Civil and Military Examination Committee for Kanarese from the date of his reversion to the Government of Bombay.

Mr. J. F. B. Hartshorne, I.C.S., to be a member of the Committee for Gujarati.

Dr. D. D. Variava is appointed as Officiating Civil Surgeon, Panch Mahals, vice Major R. G. Ives, deceased.

On return from leave, Major B. F. Eminson is to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Dharwar, with attached duties.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. L. Lunham is to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Karachi, with attached duties, vice Lieutenant-Colonel I. D. Jones proceeding on leave.

On return from leave Major C. M. Plumptre to officiate as Civil Surgeon and Superintendent, B. J. Medical School, Poona, vice Lieutenant-Colonel R. F. Steel proceeding on leave.

Dr. Mahomed Ibrahim Shaikh is to be Honorary Physician in charge of the Venereal Department at the Civil Hospital, Hyderabad, for a period up to the 30th September, 1928.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. W. Anthony, Officiating Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the 10th January, 1928.

Mr. W. X. Mascarenhas (formerly known as Mr. W. X. M. Catchpole), who appointed to the Indian Service of Engineers as an Assistant Executive Engineer on probation, is confirmed in his appointment.

PLACE OF PHYSICAL CULTURE IN SCHOOLS

KOLABA COLLECTORS SPEECH

(From A Correspondent).

ALIBAG, Feb. 15.

Mr. H. K. Kirplani, I.C.S., Collector, Colaba laid the foundation stone of the Bartakke Gymnasium of the K. E. S. Mehmadali High School at Roda, before an influential and representative gathering.

Mr. Kirplani declared amidst cheers that Mrs. Sinkar had given a donation of Rs. 751 as a first instalment for founding a library in memory of her late husband. Similarly a donation of Rs. 500/- was announced from Mrs. Ganga in memory of her departed son Parashuram who was an old boy of the school.

In his address Mr. Kirplani laid stress on the necessity of attending to the physical training of the students and compared the facilities offered in foreign countries for developing the body, side by side with the mind. He hoped that Mr. Bartakke's donation would enable the managers to offer better facilities for developing this side in the school. He urged the audience to help the cause of the Society and wished every success to the promoters in their efforts.

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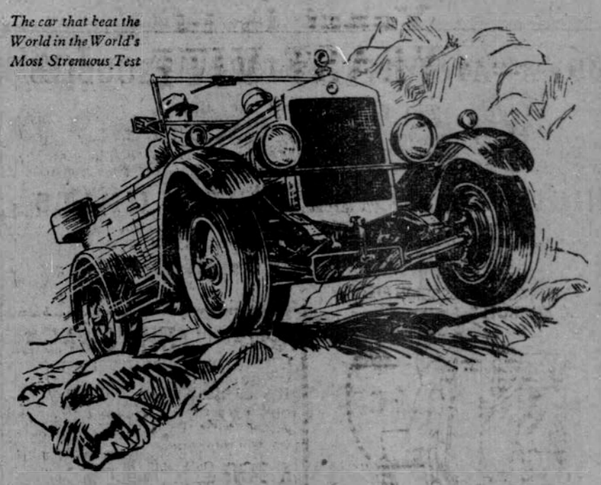

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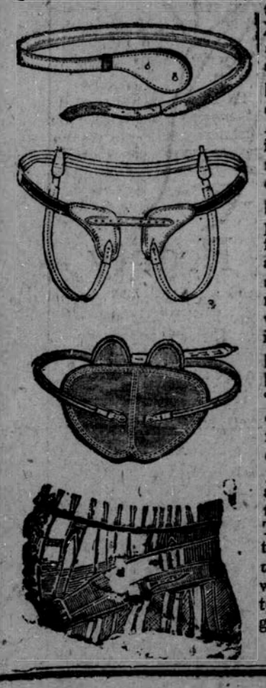

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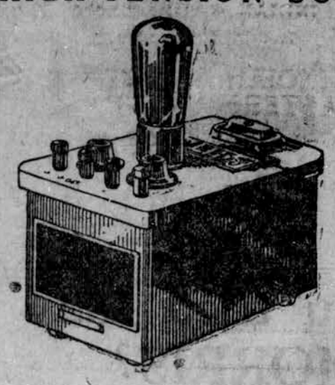

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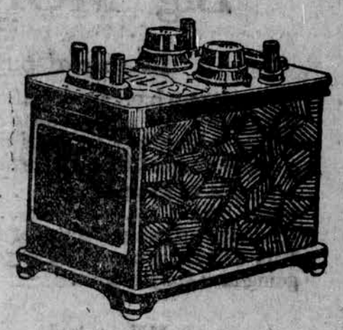

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You'll be surprised at the difference even one night will make. Keep up the treatment for a few days and you will realise how needless are artificial aids if you only keep the skin clear in this simple, natural way. Just ask any chemist for a small jar of ordinary, pure Mercolized Wax. It is usually sold in two sizes.

MERCOLIZED WAX
DOES NOT contain Mercury or anything injurious to the complexion, and is guaranteed not to encourage the growth of hair.

SLUM AREAS IN BOMBAY

SCENES OF FILTH AND STINK

"SANITATION ROUND" PARTY'S DISCOVERIES

Under the auspices of the Social Service League, Bombay, a Sanitation Round was arranged in the E Ward of the city on Sunday the 12th instant.

The party visited the following places:

Dorabji Davar's Chawl, Tardeo Bridge:—At both ends of the chawls heaps of refuse and night soil were seen. The party thought that the sanitation of the place would be improved if the proprietors of the chawl were requested to put up boards in Marathi prohibiting such insanitary practices. It was also suggested that the Health Department of the Municipaliy should be requested to remove the heaps. Some of the urinals in the privies were found choked up. It was highly desirable that the privies in such chawls overcrowded with workmen should be on a flushing system.

SCENES OF FILTH.

Ganjawala's Chawls:—(Bellasis Low Level Road):—The privies were stinking and it seems they have not been whitewashed for a long time. The east side of the chawls is used as a regular place for throwing all kinds of rubbish, castaway things, and ashes. The road in front of these fourteen chawls is used as a urinal and at several places heaps of rubbish are seen.

Gulab Mahal, Arthur Road:—Owing to leakage in the underground water pipe stagnant water was noticed in front of the building. The tap requires immediate repairs.

NEED OF A URINAL.

Jamsetji's chawl.—The whole place in front of the chawl is used for urinating purpose. A urinal somewhere here would serve to allay the nuisance and improve sanitation. Heaps of refuse have been accumulated near the firewood depot.

Shiva Lakdivala's place, Arthur Road:—Small patches of ground have been used by the poor depressed class people for living where they have erected huts of corrugated iron sheets. On the back side of these huts is a buffalo stable. They are also two firewood depots and some petty shops on the front side. These poor people are living in very filthy surroundings. There are no latrines at all for these huts, and there is only one water tap at the north end side of the place.

Juriwalla's New Chawl:—At the entrance to the chawl a heap of rubbish was seen. It was brought to the notice of the Bhaiyya of the chawl who promised to get the place cleared.

Memon's Chawl:—In the house gully between this chawl and the Bohra's chawl the waste water pipes were seen overflowing on account of being choked up; and consequently lot of water was accumulated in the sweeper's passage.

Jivraj Baloo's Hirvi Chawl:—The heap of rubbish and mud on the foot-path near this hawl seemed to have been there for day's together.

SIR ALFRED MOND LEAVES FOR PALESTINE

OFFICIAL AND NON-OFFICIAL VERSIONS OF DEMONSTRATIONS

BAGHDAD, Feb. 15.

Sir Alfred Mond left by air this morning for Palestine. Interviewed he was reluctant to express his views as regards the progress of Palestine pending the completion of three week's further tour in that country and the exchange of views with the High Commissioner of Palestine.

Referring to a recent incident, a vernacular journal declares that Iraqui students have learnt the value of peaceful and patriotic demonstrations from the civilized world adding: "Students made a peaceful and honourable demonstration in protest against the Zionist Policy. Iraq welcomes Sir Alfred Mond as a capitalist but students used the occasion of his arrival at the Capital for a demonstration against Zionism because Mond is also a Zionist".

OFFICIAL POLICE REPORT.

Replying to this, the "Baghdad Times" quotes the official police report stating that revolvers were carried by some among the crowd which were displayed threateningly. Many cars unconnected with Sir Alfred were stopped and wilfully damaged, drivers and passengers being abused, molested and assaulted. The car containing the British Inspector General of Police was stopped by a steel wire fixed across the road, stones and mud thrown, and tyres and hood slashed by knives. The Armenian manager of one of the royal estates was among those beaten by the mob.—Reuter.

MAHARASTRA PROVINCIAL SEVA DAL BOARD

The following members form the Maharashtra Provincial Seva Dal Board for 1928:

(1) Mr. Narayanrao Gunjal, M.L.C., (2) Mr. Gulabchand Doshi, Sholapur, (3) Mr. V. A. Survey, M.L.C., Elected by Maharastra Provincial Congress Committee, (4) Mr Jaisukhlal Mehta, M.A., (5) Mr. D. V. Gokhale, Editor, Mahratta, (6) Mr. V. V. Bochate, Jamner, Khandesh, (7) Mr. R. G. Soman, Satara, (8) Dr. V. V. Athalye, Satara

Appointed on behalf of the All-India Board of the Hindustani Seva Dal.

Dr. V. V. Athalye will convene the Board's meeting at an early date at some convenient place for the election of Office-bearers of the Board and for drafting a programme of work during the year and other matters.

London, Feb. 16.—His Majesty the King has approved of the appointment of Major-General Sir George V. Kemball to be Colonel-Commandant of Royal Artillery in succession to late Lieut.-General Arthur Holland.—Reuter's Special.

UNIVERSITY RE-ORGANISATION

POST-GRADUATE STUDIES AND RESEARCH

SENATE COMMITTEE'S RECOMMENDATIONS

The committee appointed by the Senate of the Bombay University have submitted their report in regard to the reorganisation of the University Post-Graduate studies and research. The Committee recommend to the Senate to found lecture-ships and scholarships as under:

Three University Lectures in Mathematics in Bombay for whose services a provision at the rate of Rs. 1,200 a year should be made and six Scholarships of Rs. 50 a month each.

A similar arrangement in Poona with six Scholarships of Rs. 35 a month each.

Five Scholarships of Rs. 50 a month each in the Royal Institute of Science, Bmbay.

Three Sholarships for students of Chemistry of Rs. 35 each at each of the three Colleges,—Fergusson College, Gujarat College and Baroda College.

Two Lectures in Chemistry at the Fergusson College for whose services a provision at the rate of Rs. 1,200 a year each should be made.

Two studentships of the monthly value of Rs. 150 each, at each of the two Medical Colleges—Grant Medical and Seth Gordhandas Sunderdas.

(This provision was specially made on the representation of Dr. R. Row and Dr. Jivraj Mehta that there were Medical graduates willing to forego for some years after their graduation, all thought of setting up as medical practitioners and to engage in the investigation of problems in medical science).

Lectureships and Scholarships in Bombay and in Poona at the Bhandarkar Oriental Institute, of the same numbers and on the same scales as Lectureships and Scholarships in Mathematics.

Three studentships of the value of Rs. 100 per month each, one in each of the three subjects—physics of soil-working implements, the mosaic disease of the chilly crop and the genetics of poultry—and Rs. 1,400 for implements, materials, etc., at the College of Agriculture, Poona.

(This provision was made as the Committee understood from Dr. Burns that investigations in these subjects were possible at the College of Agriculture and would prove of great value to Agriculture).

The Colleges which supply the services of such University Lecturers should be given grants at the rates provided for above and students may be encouraged by the award of scholarships and studentships recognized by the University for postgraduate instruction and research.

POST-GRADUATE STUDIES.

When the Committee was agreed on the two main questions as to where post-graduate teaching and research work were to be fostered and how money was to be distributed for the purpose, it considered the further question as to how publicity could be given to the researches made under the auspices of the University. It resolved to recommend that a sum of Rs. 10,000 be set apart for the publication of important results arrived at in the course of investigations conducted under the patronage of the University or even elsewhere.

The Committee also felt that the search for higher knowledge which was the chief aim of this organisation for postgraduate teaching and research work should not be confined within the circumscribed limits of the University and it, therefore, considered it desirable that a recommendation should be made to the Senate to empower the Postgraduate Board to invite distinguished scholars to deliver lectures on their subjects in this University.

The Committee recommends to the Senate that the admission of students to the M.A. and M.Sc. Examinations in all subjects be made conditional on their formally registering themselves as postgraduate students and producing a certificate that they had worked for two years under a 'recognized teacher.' Without a provision of this kind the chief aim of the proposed organisation would be frustrated.

The Committee begs to draw the attention of the Senate to one of its most important recommendations which is that teachers recognized by the university for postgraduate instruction and research should be 'ex-officio' members of the Boards of Studies in their respective subjects.

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ADVANCE NARGOL

HON. MR. RIEU'S VISIT

PROGRESS OF PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS

(From Our Representative.)

NARGOL, Feb. 15.

Nargol has been astir with intense enthusiasm. Never has the townpeople evinced so great an interest in the visit of any official or non-official since His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson visited it about three years ago. It is all due to the visit of Hon. Mr. J. L. Rieu, Revenue Member of the Executive Council of Bombay, to-day.

Hon. Mr. Rieu and the guests from Bombay left Grant Road Station in specially reserved coaches by the passenger train at 10-5 p.m. amidst the cries of "hooray" raised by Mr. Shapurji "Congresswala." On reaching Sanjan Station the coaches were detached and taken to a cosy corner (in the "siding.")

The first item of business in the morning, after partaking of "chhota hazri" was the inspection of the Parsi Monument at Sanjam. Mr. Rieu. accompanied by Messrs. Manchersha M. Karbhari and Dinsha S. Davierwala went round the extensive grounds surrounding the Monument, and ater the names of the donors, who had given Rs. 1,000 or over for the Monument Fund, had been read out to Mr. Rieu, he carefully inspected the Column and read the tablet which showed that the Column which was opened by Sir Jamsetji Jeejibhoy on 15th February 1920, that is exactly eight years ago, to a day, made special mention of the protection afforded to the ancestors of the present-day Parsis by the good King Jadi-Rana. who then ruled Sanjan.

A start was then made for Nargol. Halts were made at two places on the way where Mr. Rieu was garlanded.

On arrival at Nargol at about 9-30 a.m. Mr. Rieu and the guests went to the pandal erected on the grounds facing the Science Hall. An address on behalf of the townsppeopl ewas read by Mr. Dinsha S. Davierwala, the text of which is as under:—

TEXT OF ADDRESS.

To the Hon'ble Mr. J. L. Rieu, C.S.I., I.C.S., J.P., Member of Council, Bombay.

Sir,—We, the inhabitants of Nargol and the surrounding country, desire to extend to you our most cordial welcome on your visit to the scenes of your former labours as Collector of the Thana District. Your presence here to-day recalls to us happy memories of your beneficient work as head of the district, and of the personal interest and sympathy which the late Mrs. Rieu and you yourself always extended to us in common with all the people in other parts under your charge. Our pleasure to-day is marred by the thought that death has cut short the very useful life of your noble consort—the amiable good-hearted Mrs. Rieu.

We have, however, the melancholy satisfaction of preserving in her portrait, opened at this spot by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay two years ago, a token of our gratitude and esteem for her. We trust, Sir, that you will find some consolation in the knowledge that she had endeared herself, by her work in her own sphere, to the people of this district.

The events which have led to the establishment of the existing public institutions in Nargol had their origin during your regime; and the more important ones, as you are aware, had been founded before you left the district. It must gladden your heart, Sir, to know that they are all making continuous and steady progress. They, however, still lack the essential element of a permanent future, namely adequate endowments. We are unable to provide necessary funds for this purpose, except to a limited extent, by local effort; and it is humbly and fervently hoped that the School and the Hospital, which are most in need of funds, and which serve all communities without distinction of race or religion, will receive generous help both from Government and from wealthy citizens of Bombay. The full development of the Nargol foreshore as a health resort for the citizens of Bombay will, we trust, bring the latter in direct touch with the wants and interests of our ancient but steadily progressing town, and may induce in them a desire to give us a helping hand. It may also be in your power, Sir, in your high position as a member of the Government, to give sympathetic consideration to any appeal for the support from public funds which may be submitted on our behalf.—We have etc.,

MR. RIEU'S REPLY.

Mr. Rieu, in reply, in the course of his speech, said that it afforded him great pleasure to pay to the town a visit after 18 years. He had the most pleasant recollection of the days during the three years when he was in charge of Thana District; and it afforded him great pleasure to review the connections that day. He thanked Nargol for its kind and cordial welcome and for their kind reference, to the work of Mrs. Rieu, in the address. He was glad to note that like Nargl, Karachi also had preserved the memory of his late wife in the founding of the School for the Blind. He was glad to note that the institutions dating from the time when he was Collector of Thana District were progressing.

He then paid a well-deserved tribute to Mr. Rustom P. J. Taleyarkhan. It was only, he said, due to his activities and enthusiasm that those institutions had been started, and the people of Nargol owed him a deep debt of gratitude.

Referring to the appeal for Government support Mr. Rieu said he did not know what Government could help, but (he added humourously) he would enquire in the matter, and added that these were hard times both for Government and the public. "But he hoped the good work the institutions are doing would find good support from the public, especially from the Parsi community, whose ancestors lived at Sanjan (near Nargol) after they had landed on the shores of India. He concluded by assuring the townspeople that he would continue to do what he can for Nargoal in so far as it lay in his power.

DEVELOPMENT OF NARGOL FORESHORE.

Referring to the development of the Nargol foreshore, he said it depended on the question of communication. He had no doubt that if communications between Bombay and Nargol could be improved, not only Parsis but members of all communities would avail themselves of the opportunities this most beautiful place near Bombay afforded.

TRIBUTE TO M. TALEYARKHAN.

Mr. Pestonji M. Kanga, then said:—

"The Hon. Mr. Rieu, Ladies and Gentlemen, I have the honour to be entrusted by the Committee with the pleasing duty of proposing a hearty vote of thanks to our distinguished visitor the Hon. Mr. Rieu, the Revenue Member of the Executive Council of Bombay.

The Bombay public may not be aware, but you the citizens of Nargol are fully aware of the meritorious services rendered by him for your welfare and advancement, ever since, 20 years ago, his duties brought him to the Thana District as its Collector; and ever since then you the Citizens of Nargol, with his sympathy and support and wise guidance, have been enabled to drag Nargol out of darkness into lime-light and to make it what it now is.

Your schools and your hospital, and your library all of which are doing excellent work are a monument to his activities in this out-of-the-way place.

Wherever Mr. Rieu has had the honour to serve the British Government, he has left a mark and particularly in Sind where both he and his late lamented and popular wife laboured for the public welfare.

As a fitting appreciation of the regard and affection in which both Mr. and Mrs. Rieu are held by the Nargol people, they came forward spontaneously to raise a fund for the protrait of the late Mrs. Rieu, which was unveiled only two years ago by His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson, when most of us present this morning were present.

Nargol has been fortunate enough in being favoured by the visits first of His Excellency Sir Leslie Wilson and then of Sir Thomas Bennett and now of the Hon. Mr. Rieu.

It will be not out of place and indeed we shall be wanting in our duty if I did not mention, in this connection, the name of the philonthropic gentleman who is the life and soul of this place also for the last 20 years and but for whom, Nargol would have been to-day but a mere village. He is a reserviour in himself of extraordinary energy at his age and is so indissobls wedded to Nargol that he has to be here also constantly at great sacrifice of the home and family comforts and Bombay surroundings. This is no less a personage than Mr. Rustom Talyarkhan to whom Mr. Rieu just paid an excellent tribute. It is therefore not undeservedly that he is dubbed by the citizens of Nargol as the "uncrowned King of Nargol." You will thus observe that Mr. Rieu and he have worked together hand in hand during the last 20 years for the welfare and advadcement of Nargol.

Mr. Rustom Taleyarkhan then in requesting Mr. Rieu to declare open the Science Hall said the people of Nargol owed a deep debt of gratitudde to the House of Tatas. Nargol had got thousands of rupees from them. For the construction of the Science Hall they had got Rs. 15,000, which he had no doubt was second to none in the Presidency.

The Hall is erected above the Hirabai J. N. Tata Middle School, and will well serve the purpose of a town like Nargol.

READING ROOM AND LIBRARY.

After this the Kikabhoy Karbhari Reading Room and Library erected in memory of late Mr. Kikabhoy Karbhari was declared open.

Then visits were paid to several institutions of the town viz. N. R. Tata Hospital, the High School. Mr. Rieu, and the guests then partook of the sumptuous breakfast, in the compound of Mr. Taleyarkhan, the catering of which was entrusted to Mr. P. Maneckji, late protributed by Mrs. Taleyarkhan.

In the afternoon the reports of local charitable institutions were read followed by recitations by boys and girls of the local High School, and prizes were distributed by Mrs. Talyarkhan.

Referring to the progress of the Hirabai J. N. Tata Middle School and the N. M. Wadia High School, Hon. Mr. Rieu, was glad to note that judging from the list of the prizes the instruction imparted in the institutions was extremely high. On revisiting Nargol after 18 years he was glad to see the progress of the Schools so much so that he found difficulty in recognising them. That was a proof of the continuation of the strenuousness and efficiency of the work of Mr. Taleyarkhan. He was also glad to have been asked to open the Kikabhoy Karbhari Library and Reading Room.

Mr. Taleyarkhan thanked Mr. Rieu for visiting the place. He felt delighted to see that he (Mr. Rieu) was satisfied with the progress, and trusted that before he left the shores of India he would come back amid them.

AT-HOME AND DINNER.

Then followed an At Home by the members of the Board of Management of the Nargol Charities, after which a drive round the town was enjoyed. After dinner, the day's functions came to a successful close.

Among those present at the presentation of address were Messrs. Sorabji Pochkhanawala, Dr. Parekh, Mrs. Taleyarkhan, Miss Nawajbai Contractor, Dr. Kavasji Mehta, Mr. Shaik (Collector of Thana), Nawab Syed Amiruddin, Assistant Collector of Thana and others.

The bag-pipe "Band of Paspetton" (of the Pekmager Pipe Co.) played delicious music and regaled the audience with several choice pieces which were much admired.

Mr. Taleyarkhan deserves credit for labouring incessantly for the welfare of the institutions and making the day's functions a complete success.

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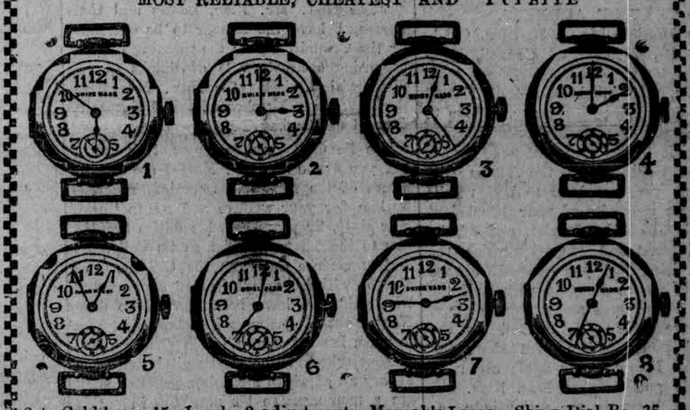

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